

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

Instructional Performance Evaluation and Growth System

IPEGS

Procedural Handbook 2011-2012

Curriculum and Instruction Professional Development

The School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida

Ms. Perla Tabares Hantman, Chair

Dr. Lawrence S. Feldman, Vice Chair

Dr. Dorothy Bendross-Mindingall

Mr. Carlos L. Curbelo

Mr. Renier Diaz de la Portilla

Dr. Wilbert "Tee" Holloway

Dr. Martin Karp

Dr. Marta Pérez

Ms. Raquel A. Regalado

Mr. Alberto M. Carvalho Superintendent of Schools

Ms. Milagros R. Fornell, Associate Superintendent Curriculum and Instruction

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I PROCESS INTRODUCTION

I-A: The IPEGS Process	6
Introduction	6
Purposes	6
Characteristics	6
Role of Instructional Personnel	7
Role of Site Administrators/Assessors	
The Foundation of IPEGS:	
Using the Goals and Roles Model [©]	8
Key Features of the Goals and Roles Model	
Steps in the Goals and Roles Model [©]	11
Identifying Instructional Professional Performance Standards	13
Performance Standards for Teachers	13
Performance Standards for Instructional Support Personnel	14
Performance Standards for Student Services Personnel	15
Alignment of the Performance Standards to the	
Florida Educator Accomplished Practices (FEAPs)	16
Performance Indicators	17
Documenting Performance	18
Learner Progress	18
Observations	19
Required Documentation	20
Parental Input	21
Integration of Data	22
Modifications for Unique Teaching Conditions	22
Documentation for Instructional Support Personnel and	
Student Services Personnel	22
Instructional Personnel New to M-DCPS	22
Documentation Records	22
IPEGS Work Plan	24
Making Summative Decisions	25
Definitions of Ratings	26
Rating Performance	27
Steps for the Summative Performance Evaluation Process	28

Improving Professional Performance	
Evaluation and Support Guidelines	
Support Dialogue (SD)	
Improvement Plan (IP) 90-Calendar Day Probation	32
I-B: Peer Review and Assistance Plan (PRAP) Pilot	38
Milestone and Non-Milestone Years	38
Purposes	38
Characteristics	38
PART II	
PERFORMANCE STANDA	ARDS
II A: Teacher	
Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress	39
Performance Standard 2: Knowledge of Learners	
Performance Standard 3: Instructional Planning	
Performance Standard 4: Instructional Delivery and Engagement	43
Performance Standard 5: Assessment	44
Performance Standard 6: Communication	45
Performance Standard 7: Professionalism	46
Performance Standard 8: Learning Environment	
II B: Instructional Support Personnel	
Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress	
Performance Standard 2: Knowledge of Learners	
Performance Standard 3: Program Management	
Performance Standard 4: Program Delivery	
Performance Standard 5: Assessment	
Performance Standard 6: Communication	
Performance Standard 7: Professionalism	54
II C: Student Services Personnel	
Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress	
Performance Standard 2: Knowledge of Learners	
Performance Standard 3: Program Management	
Performance Standard 4: Program Delivery	
Performance Standard 5: Assessment	
Performance Standard 6: Communication	
Performance Standard 7: Professionalism	64
II D: Student Performance Measures for Teacher Evaluation: Perf	ormance Standard 1 65

PART III

The Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP)

The individual Professional Development Plan	
Guidelines	
IPDP Procedures	
IPDP Template	70
PART IV	
EVALUATION FORMS	
E ville it it of the	
Introduction	71
Observation of Standards Form-Teacher	72
Observation of Standards Form-Instructional Support Personnel	73
Observation of Standards Form-Student Services Personnel	
Required Documentation Description and Form	75
Formative Performance Evaluation - Probationary Teacher	
Formative Performance Evaluation - Probationary Instructional Support Personnel	
Formative Performance Evaluation - Probationary Student Services Personnel	
Summative Performance Evaluation - Teacher	88
Summative Performance Evaluation - Instructional Support Personnel	93
Summative Performance Evaluation - Student Services Personnel	98
Support Dialogue (SD) Meeting Notification Form	103
Improvement Plan	104
APPENDICES	
	100
Appendix A: The Student Success Act	
Appendix B: Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(d)	
Appendix C: Parental Input/Climate Survey Information	
Appendix D: Florida Statute §1003.4156	
Appendix E: Florida Statute §1008.22.	
Appendix F: RTTT Memorandum of Understanding	
Appendix G: Student Performance Measures for 50% of the Teacher Evaluation	143
Appendix H: RTTT M-DCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group Summary of	4.46
Recommendations	
Peer Review and Assistance Plan (PRAP)	154
References	157
Endnotes	
T T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

PART I

PROCESS INTRODUCTION

I-A: The IPEGS Process

Miami-Dade County Public Schools' (M-DCPS) evaluation of all instructional personnel utilizes the Goals and Roles Assessment and Evaluation Model[©] (short title: Goals and Roles Model[©]) of evaluation developed by Dr. James Stronge, for collecting and presenting data to document performance that is based on well-defined performance standards.

The M-DCPS *Instructional Performance Evaluation and Growth System* (IPEGS) provides a balance between structure and flexibility. That is, it defines expectations and guides effective practice, thereby allowing for creativity and individual initiative. The goal is to support the continuous growth and development of each professional by monitoring, analyzing, and applying pertinent data compiled within a system of meaningful feedback.

All full-time instructional personnel are evaluated annually using the IPEGS process.

The primary purposes of IPEGS are to:

PURPOSES

- improve the quality of instruction by ensuring accountability for classroom/program performance
- increase student learning growth by improving the quality of instructional services
- contribute to successful achievement of the goals and objectives defined in the vision, mission, and goals of M-DCPS
- provide a basis for instructional improvement through productive instructional personnel appraisal and professional growth
- provide a collaborative process that promotes self-growth, instructional effectiveness, and improvement of overall job performance

CHARACTERISTICS

IPEGS includes the following distinguishing characteristics:

- a focus on the relationship between professional performance and improved learner academic achievement
- performance standards specific to major instructional job categories
- sample indicators for each of the performance standards
- a system for documenting instructional personnel performance based on multiple data sources including evidence of improved student performance on the state and local achievement tests as required by Florida Statute §1012.34
- a procedure for conducting performance reviews that stresses accountability, promotes professional improvement, and increases the involvement of instructional personnel in the evaluation process
- a support system for providing assistance when needed

ROLE OF INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL

Throughout this handbook, the term "instructional personnnel" is used interchangeably with other terms (see table below). IPEGS is designed to facilitate instructional personnel in identifying, designing, and reflecting upon their professional performance. The foundation of the system is the Goals and Roles Model[©]. Using the model, a series of performance standards was defined as well as documentation sources to use for assessing performance. Instructional personnel are responsible for submitting data (see Pg. 18 "Documenting Performance") to their administrators throughout the evaluation process.

For most instructional personnel, the administrator who will review the data sources is their site administrator; however, a site administrator can designate another administrator to review the data and make summative ratings recommendations. Instructional personnel are active participants in the evaluation process through collaborative meetings, input, and reflection.

ROLE OF SITE ADMINISTRATORS/ ASSESSORS Site administrators are responsible for facilitating the IPEGS process. Two terms are commonly used in the handbook to refer to administrators; they are "site administrator" and "assessor" (see table below). The term "site administrator" is used when the function described may only be conducted by the site administrator (e.g., principal). The term "assessor" is used when the function described may be conducted by either the site administrator or the site administrator's designee (e.g., assistant principal). For professionals assigned to more than one location, the payroll location site administrator has the overall evaluation responsibilities; however, the regional center or district may designate another administrator to collect documentation, make summative ratings recommendations, and meet with instructional personnel assigned to them.

The site administrator is responsible for informing the professional if the evaluation documentation should be given to another administrator. For example, in a school, the principal is responsible for the evaluation process and may assign assistant principals to conduct observations and make recommendations for summative ratings.

Although the site administrator has the overall responsibility for maintaining documentation, selected responsibilities can be delegated to a designee: scheduling evaluation-related meetings; providing feedback on performance throughout the year; making summative ratings; and submitting documentation to the appropriate district office. However, the principal/site administrator makes the final determination of the ratings and recommendation for continued employment.

Table 1: Interchangeable Terms Used Throughout the Handbook

Professional	Site Administrator	Assessor
 Instructional personnel 	Principals	Site administrator
• Teacher	Regional center/district	Site administrators'
Instructional support personnel	administrators responsible for the supervision of instructional personnel	administrative designee(e.g., assistant principals)
Student services personnel	Payroll location supervisor	

THE FOUNDATION OF IPEGS: USING THE GOALS AND ROLES MODEL®

A meaningful and productive personnel evaluation system, such as that used for teachers and other instructional personnel in the M-DCPS, addresses the unique contributions of each employee to the achievement of the district's vision, mission, and core values. Additionally, the evaluation system focuses on opportunities for professional growth by employees within the system so that each can grow professionally and contribute in a productive fashion to school improvement plans and goals. The Goals and Roles Model[©] offers a practical, contemporary research-based model of personnel evaluation developed specifically to balance the unique role demands and professional growth needs of teachers and other instructional personnel (Stronge, 1997, 2005).

The following sections describe the conceptual framework of Goals and Roles[©] — the model upon which the instructional personnel evaluation system is built. This description merely reflects a conceptual framework; the details for the design and implementation of the performance evaluation system were developed in collaboration with the M-DCPS/UTD evaluation design committees and the administration to reflect the unique needs of the M-DCPS and its instructional personnel.

The realization that an organization's goals are met through the collective performance of all personnel is the basis of the Goals and Roles Model[©] developed by Dr. James Stronge. This model is based on more than two (2) decades of work with school systems and other educational organizations. The underlying assumptions are as follows:

- Effective evaluation promotes the growth and development of the individual and the school.
- A well-defined evaluation system:
 - o provides a basis for a more objective evaluation based on observable, job-related results, and its purposes are clearly established for the individual professional (Tucker & Stronge, 2005a).
 - o makes the school more accountable to its public and is legally defensible in its treatment of all employees (Beckham, 1985).
- Instructional personnel have a legal and ethical right to understand the criteria used to evaluate their performance [Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(d)2.b].
- A unified evaluation process for all teachers and other instructional personnel across M-DCPS is a more efficient use of school resources and administrative and staff time than multiple evaluation systems.
- All instructional personnel deserve well-defined job descriptions, systematic performance feedback, and appropriate opportunities for improvement.

8 Revised 2011-2012

¹The Goals and Roles Model[©] was developed by and copyrighted to James H. Stronge. M-DCPS has been granted the right to use, revise, and/or modify the evaluation model and associated instrumentation as needed.

KEY
FEATURES OF
THE GOALS
AND ROLES
MODEL®

The key features that are incorporated in Goals and $Roles^{\odot}$ and that are emphasized in the design of IPEGS include:

Adaptability

The Goals and Roles Model[©] is both comprehensive and adaptable for use with a variety of educational positions. The Goals and Roles Model[©] has been adapted for use with three (3) main groups of M-DCPS instructional personnel: instructional support personnel¹, student services personnel², and teachers. Throughout the M-DCPS project, the three (3) design teams built on this key feature of adaptability by:

- accentuating the use of a uniform design for evaluating all instructional professionals;
- designing the performance assessment system for non-classroom instructional personnel (Stronge & Helm, 1990, 1991, 1992; Stronge & Tucker, 1995, 2003b); and
- designing evaluation strategies and processes that account for an educator's different levels of professional growth (e.g., beginning/novice professional, advanced professional).

Systematic Approach to Evaluation

It is not feasible for school principals or other assessors to implement multiple evaluation systems with different requirements, guidelines, and methods. The six-step evaluation cycle of the Goals and Roles Model[©] provides an efficient, standardized method for implementing evaluation. While assessment forms and processes are differentiated for the various instructional positions, the evaluation model and protocol are standardized. This combination of standardizing the evaluation framework and customizing its application to fit specific position needs allows for a more valid and easy-to-use evaluation system while, at the same time, accounting for important distinctions in roles and responsibilities of various instructional personnel.

Emphasis on Communication Throughout the Evaluation Process

Performance appraisal systems should reflect the fundamental role that effective communication plays in every aspect of the evaluation process (Helms, 2005; McGrath, 1993). Since the goal of any evaluation is to continue successful job performance or improve less successful ones, assessor-professional communication is essential. Thus, opportunities for systematic communication between assessors and instructional personnel are built into IPEGS.

Technically Sound Evaluation Systems

While a conceptually sound and technically valid evaluation system does not guarantee effective evaluation, one that is flawed and irrational will guarantee failure. The Goals and

¹Sample instructional support personnel job titles include, but are not limited to: activities directors, athletic directors, business managers, curriculum support specialists, educational specialists, instructional coaches, lead teachers, library/media specialists, special education program specialists, teacher trainers, teachers on special assignment.

²Sample student services personnel job titles include, but are not limited to: art therapists, career specialists, counselors, occupational therapists, physical therapists, school psychologists, school social workers, speech/language pathologists, staffing specialists, TRUST specialists.

Roles Model[©] is designed as an evaluation system that is conceptually and technically sound, and promotes the likelihood of achieving such desirable outcomes as those described in the guiding assumptions of the national Joint Committee on Standards for Educational Evaluation (2005) to:

- provide effective service to learners and society;
- establish personnel evaluation practices that are constructive and free of unnecessary threatening or demoralizing characteristics; and
- facilitate planning for sound professional development experiences.

Use of Multiple Data Sources

The design of the Goals and Roles Model[®] emphasizes multifaceted assessment techniques for documentation of job performance. The use of multiple sources of information:

- increases the validity of an evaluation for any professional educator;
- allows for differing documentation needs based on job responsibilities of particular positions (e.g., classroom teacher vs. school counselor); and
- provides for differentiation of performance for personnel at different points in their careers; for example, beginning and accomplished teachers (Stronge & Tucker, 2003a).

While formal observation can provide a significant data source, too frequently it has represented the sole source of data collection under clinical supervision evaluation models. Multiple data sources are needed as no single source can adequately capture the complexities of instructional personnel's work (Peterson, 2005). The use of multiple sources of information is a key feature incorporated into the M-DCPS performance evaluation system for instructional personnel.

The proper use of multiple data sources in performance evaluation can dramatically improve the utility of the evaluation system for instructional personnel (e.g., through better performance feedback). Additionally, the use of multiple data sources can enhance the validity and reliability of the process, and offer a more defensible basis for evaluation decisions.

GOALS AND $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Roles} \\ \textbf{Model}^{\odot} \end{array}$

STEPS IN THE The instructional personnel performance evaluation process is based on the Goals and Roles Model[©] (Stronge, 1997, 2005), a six-step approach to performance assessment. A graphic representation of the model is provided in Figure 1; Table 2 provides a brief description of each step.

Figure 1: Goals and Roles Model®

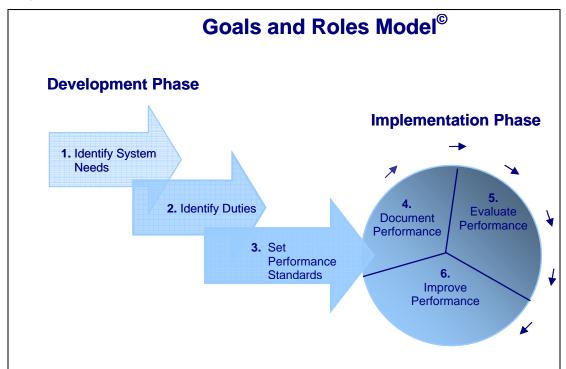


Table 2: Steps in the Goals and Roles Model®

Development Phase	dodis and Roles Model
Step 1: Identify System Needs	Determine the mission and goals of the school and school system as a prerequisite for the evaluation system to be relevant and responsive to public demands for accountability. REFERENCES: Castletter, 1996; Connellan, 1978; Danielson & McGreal, 2000; Goodale, 1992; Locke, 1968; Phi Delta Kappa National Study Committee on Evaluation, 1971; Seyfarth, 2002; Stronge, 1995
Step 2: Develop Roles	Translate the goals into professional roles and responsibilities - performance standards - for individual staff members. REFERENCES: Educational Review Office, 1998; Redfern, 1980; Scriven, 1988a, 1988b, 1991; Weiss & Weiss, 1998 Select sample performance indicators that are both measurable and indicative of the job's roles. REFERENCES: Bolton, 1980; Cascio, 1998; Redfern, 1980; Sawyer, 2001; Stronge, 2005; Stronge & Tucker, 2003a; Valentine, 1992
Step 3: Set Performance Standards	Determine level(s) of performance within each job responsibility to be recognized by the assessor. REFERENCES: Cambron-McCabe, McCarthy, & Thomas, 2004; Joint Committee on Standards for Educational Evaluation, 1988; Manatt, 1988; Phi Delta Kappan National Study on Evaluation, 1971
Implementation Pha	se
Step 4: Document Performance	Using multiple data sources, record sufficient information about the individual's performance to support ongoing professional development and to justify personnel decisions. REFERENCES: Conley, 1987; Peterson, 2000; Stronge & Tucker, 2003; Tucker & Stronge, 2005a; Wilkerson, Manatt, Rogers, & Maughan, 2000
Step 5: Evaluate Performance	Compare the individual's job performance with acceptable performance standards. REFERENCES: Castletter, 1996; Danielson & McGreal, 2000; Frels & Horton, 1994; Medley, Coker, & Soar, 1984; Scriven, 1973, 1995; Tucker & Stronge, 2005b; Valentine, 1992
Step 6: Improve and Maintain Performance & Professional Service	Emphasize program improvement through accountability and professional development. This step brings the performance assessment process full cycle. REFERENCES: Colby, Bradshaw, & Joyner, 2002; Hunter, 1988; Iwanicki, 1990; Johnson, 1997; McGreal, 1988; Stronge, 2005; Stufflebeam, & Sanders, 1990

IDENTIFYING INSTRUCTIONAL PROFESSIONAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Clearly defined performance standards for personnel constitute the foundation for the instructional personnel evaluation system. A fair and comprehensive evaluation system provides sufficient detail and accuracy so that both professionals and assessors reasonably understand the standards.

The expectations for professional performance are defined using a two-tiered approach.



PERFORMANCE SIANDARDS

Performance standards refer to the major duties performed and vary based on the role of the professional: teacher, instructional support personnel or student services personnel.

Performance Standards for Teachers

For teachers, there are eight performance standards which are described below.

The performance standards address various Florida Statutes such as:

- The "rigorous reading requirement" for middle grades teachers in Performance Standard 3 Florida Statute §1003,415
- The use of technology in the classroom in Performance Standard 4 Florida Statute §1012.34(3) (a)(4)
- The use of state assessment data in Performance Standards 1 and 5 Florida Statute §1008.22
- The collaboration with students' families in Performance Standard 6 Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)6

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS

The work of the teacher results in acceptable and measurable learner progress as specified in F.S. §1012.34.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS

The teacher identifies and addresses the needs of learners by demonstrating respect for individual differences, cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING

The teacher uses appropriate curricula (including state reading requirements, if applicable), instructional strategies, and resources to develop lesson plans that include goals and/or objectives, learning activities, assessment of student learning, and home learning in order to address the diverse needs of students.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY AND ENGAGEMENT

The teacher promotes learning by demonstrating accurate content knowledge and by addressing academic needs through a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies that engage learners.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT

The teacher gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, as applicable) to measure learner progress, guide instruction, and provide timely feedback.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION

The teacher communicates effectively with students, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM

The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

The teacher creates and maintains a safe learning environment while encouraging fairness, respect, and enthusiasm.

Performance Standards for Instructional Support Personnel

For instructional support personnel, there are seven performance standards which are described below.

The performance standards address various Florida Statutes such as:

- The use of technology in the classroom in Performance Standard 4 Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)(4)
- The use of state assessment data in Performance Standards 1 and 5
 - Florida Statute §1008.22
- The collaboration with students' families in Performance Standard 6 Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)(6)

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS

The work of the instructional support professional results in acceptable and measurable learner or program progress as specified in F.S. §1012.34.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS

The instructional support professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The instructional support professional plans, organizes, promotes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY

The instructional support professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY

The instructional support professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/ technology to implement services for the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT

The instructional support professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION

The instructional support professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM

The instructional support professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

Performance Standards for Student Services Personnel

For all student services personnel, there are seven performance standards which are described below.

The performance standards address various Florida Statutes such as:

- The use of technology in the classroom in Performance Standard 4 Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)(4)
- The use of state assessment data in Performance Standards 1 and 5

Florida Statute §1008.22

 The collaboration with students' families in Performance Standard 6 Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)(6)

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS

The work of the student services professional results in acceptable and measurable learner or program progress as specified in F.S. §1012.34.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS

The student services professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The student services professional plans, organizes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY

The student services professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for learners and the learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.

STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT

The student services professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION

The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community and advocates for learners.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM

The student services professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

Alignment of the Performance Standards to the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices

The Miami-Dade County Public Schools instructional professional performance standards are aligned with the six (6) Florida Educator Accomplished Practices (FEAPs). The FEAPS interdependent, and therefore aligned to performance standards. The roles and responsibilities of the classroom teacher, instructional support personnel, and student services personnel differ in some critical ways. Therefore, the performance standards and indicators applicable to each position also differ. Please refer to Tables 3A, 3B, and 3C below for information regarding the alignment between the FEAPs and IPEGS Performance Standards applicable to each position.

A Florida State Board Rule identifies 6 "essential practices of effective teaching." They are called *The Educator Accomplished Practices*.

6A-5.065
Florida State Board Rule

The Florida Educator Accomplished Practices are incorporated into the Performance Standards for classroom teachers, instructional support personnel, and student services personnel, as appropriate for each job assignment, with corresponding sample performance indicators to inform the observation and evaluation process.

Table 3A: Alignment of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and the IPEGS Performance Standards for Teachers:

Florida Educator's Accomplished Practices	Eight IPEGS Performance Standards							
	Learner Progress	Knowledge of Learners	Instructional Planning	Instructional Delivery and Engagement	Assessment	Communication	Professionalism	Learning Environment
Instructional Design and Lesson Planning	Х	Х	Х		Х			
2. The Learning Environment		Х		Х		Х		Χ
3. Instructional Delivery and Facilitation	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х			
4. Assessment	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
5. Continuous Professional Improvement	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	
6. Professional Responsibility and Ethical Conduct							Χ	

Table 3B: Alignment of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and the IPEGS Performance Standards for Instructional Support Professionals:

Florida Educator's Accomplished Practices	Seven IPEGS Performance Standards			ls			
	Learner Progress	Knowledge of Learners	Program Management	Program Delivery	Assessment	Communication	Professionalism
1. Instructional Design and Lesson Planning	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2. The Learning Environment		Х		Χ		Χ	Χ
3. Instructional Delivery and Facilitation	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
4. Assessment		Х			Х	Х	Х
5. Continuous Professional Improvement	Χ	Х	Х	Х		Х	Χ
6. Professional Responsibility and Ethical Conduct		Χ	Χ				Χ

Table 3C: Alignment of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and the IPEGS Performance Standards for Student Services Professionals:

Florida Educator's Accomplished Practices	Seven IPEGS Performance Standards		ds				
	Learner Progress	Knowledge of Learners	Program Management	Program Delivery	Assessment	Communication	Professionalism
Instructional Design and Lesson Planning	Х	Х	Χ		Χ	Х	Х
2. The Learning Environment		Х				Х	Х
3. Instructional Delivery and Facilitation		Х			Χ	Х	Χ
4. Assessment			Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Х
5. Continuous Professional Improvement		Χ	Х			Χ	Х
6. Professional Responsibility and Ethical Conduct		Х	Х			Χ	Х

INDICATORS

PERFORMANCE Performance indicators have been developed (see Part II) to provide examples of observable, tangible behaviors. That is, the performance indicators are examples of the types of performance that may occur if a standard is being successfully met. Part II of the handbook contains a section called "Contemporary Effective Teacher Research" that highlights the research base for the performance standards and accompanying performance indicators. The list of performance indicators is not exhaustive. Further, all professionals are not expected to demonstrate each performance indicator.

Both assessors and professionals may consult the sample performance indicators for clarification of what constitutes a specific performance standard. The performance indicators are provided to help professionals and their assessors clarify job expectations. As mentioned, all performance indicators may not be applicable to a particular work assignment. Ratings are NOT made at the performance indicator level but at the performance standard level (see Pg. 26 "Definitions of Terms Used in Rating Scale").

DOCUMENTING PERFORMANCE

A fair and equitable performance evaluation system for the role of a professional acknowledges the complexities of the job. Thus, multiple data sources are necessary to provide for a comprehensive and authentic "performance portrait" of the instructional professional's work. The sources of information briefly described in Table 4 include performance measures defined in state statute for learner progress, observable performance indicators of effective instructional practice and additional valuable data sources regarding teaching and learning which were selected as a means of providing accurate feedback on instructional professional performance.

Table 4: Data Sources for Instructional Professionals

Table 4. Data .	Table 4: Data Sources for Instructional Professionals				
Data Source	Definition				
Learner Progress	Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22 (8).				
Observations	Pursuant to state statute, up to 50% of the final performance evaluation must include indicators based upon each of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices. For instructional personnel who are not classroom teachers, evaluation criteria must be based upon indicators of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices as defined in s. 1012.01 (2)(a).				
	Observations for teachers are centered around the seven performance standards, with direct focus on Performance Standards 2, 3, 4, and 8. For instructional support personnel and student services personnel, observations are centered around six performance standards, with direct focus on Performance Standards 2, 3, and 4. Observations may be conducted in either instructional or non-instructional settings, and may be scheduled or unscheduled visits.				
Required Documentation	The Required Documentation includes specific required artifacts that provide evidence of meeting selected performance standards.				
Parental Input	Parental input is gathered through the use of the <i>School Climate Survey</i> , the Educational Excellence School Advisory Council (EESAC) participation and the Open House Parent Academy Survey in schools, as applicable. Professionals show examples of communication with parents as reflected on their communication evidence.				

Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22(8).

OBSERVATIONS

The Observation of Standards Forms for Teacher, Instructional Support Personnel, and Student Services Personnel (see Pg. 71 Part IV) are used to provide targeted feedback on professionals' work relating to the performance standards. Given the complexity of the job responsibilities of the professionals, it is likely that an assessor will be able to observe multiple standards in a

formal observation, particularly evidence of performance standards 2, 3, 4, and 8 for classroom teachers and performance standards 2, 3 and 4 for instructional support personnel and student services personnel. An assessor may make notes (evidence may be positive or negative) regarding all performance standards on the form; however, the assessor may choose to defer notes to the *Summative Performance Evaluation* form and/or *Documentation Cover Sheet* on some of the performance standards. For those performance standards where notes are made, the notes must be descriptive and detailed as related to the standard(s) observed. During the post-observation meeting, the professional and the assessor will discuss the observation. No ratings are given during the post-observation meeting as assessors use multiple data sources collected throughout the year to determine ratings at the end of the school year (see Pg. 25 "Making Summative Decisions").

Assessors are to assess the performance standards by observing instruction, performance of students, and other applicable indicators at various times throughout the evaluation cycle. The standards that are not directly observed during the formal observation may be discussed during the post-observation meeting. Additionally, the professional's Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) can be discussed and, if necessary, modified as a result of the post-observation meeting.

Observations may be scheduled or unscheduled but must be consistent within the school. No formal observation/evaluation shall be conducted during an employee's first ten (10) days of student attendance.

Observation Schedule

The minimum number of required observations varies by contract status (see Table 5). Language regarding contract status has been modified in alignment with the Student Success Act of 2011, a copy of which is provided in Appendix A (see Pg. 96).

Table 5: Observation by Contract Status

Contract Status	Required Number of Observations a Year	Timeframe*
Probationary Contract	2	1 per semester, concluding by the end of the third grading period
Annual Contract	1	By the end of the third grading period
Professional Service Contract	1	By the end of the third grading period
Continuing Contract	1	By the end of the third grading period

^{*}If extreme extenuating circumstances exist for not meeting the observation timeframe, the site administrator must contact the appropriate Region Center and the Labor Relations office, prior to conducting the observation. Labor Relations will communicate this request to the UTD Educational Policy Department.

Documenting Observations

The professional and the assessor will meet to discuss the observation within ten (10) calendar days of the observation. The assessor may ask the professional to bring a copy of the lesson plan/planning document to the meeting. Professionals will have the right to present additional information/documents about what was observed and notations summarized on the *Observation*

^{*}Exceptions to the timeframe may exist; refer to the current Office of Professional Standards (OPS) Manual. (Relevant sections of the OPS Manual have been included in this notebook to facilitate the FDOE review.)

of Standards Form. Any written response(s) provided by the professional shall be attached to the form and placed in the personnel file. Professionals receive a copy of the completed form from their assessor at the conclusion of the post-observation meeting.

A required observation constitutes a minimum of twenty (20) consecutive minutes. Where appropriate, the observation could last longer. The observation should cover an appropriate sample of the professional's work. Additionally, more than the minimum number of required observations may occur, as appropriate.

REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

The purpose of the *Required Documentation* (see Part IV) is to provide evidence of performance related to specific standards. Documentation is not required for all performance standards as other data sources may be used. The required items provide assessors with additional information they likely would not receive during an observation. Specifically, the collection of documentation provides the professional with an opportunity for self-reflection, demonstration of quality work, and a basis for two-way communication with an assessor. The emphasis is on the quality of work, not the quantity of materials presented. Specific items are required of all professionals to be submitted and stapled to the *Documentation Cover Sheet*, which serves as the transmittal. They are:

Guidelines for development of the IPDP and documentation of professional development activities are provided on page 68. The IPDP should be reviewed and discussed throughout the school year to best support the professional's professional development. Potential modifications to the IPDP

Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP)

professional's professional development. Potential modifications to the IPDP based on observations, student data, and changes in job assignment and/or professional growth targets may also be discussed. Professionals may choose to engage in professional growth activities beyond those delineated in the IPDP, but these will not supersede the required activities of the IPDP.

To count as a professional development activity for the IPDP, Master Plan Points (MPPs), college/university credit or continuing education units (CEUs) should have been offered to the participating professional. In addition to the IPDP requirements, professionals may provide evidence of other activities that result in professional growth. Professionals maintain their own documentation of professional development/growth using such items as: Center for Professional Learning record of inservice/PD History, workshop certificates, college/university transcripts, conference certificates, or National Board Certification.

Communication

Provide evidence of how the professional communicates with stakeholders. A sample form is provided in Part IV. Professionals who document contacts with stakeholders (e.g., colleagues, parents/guardians, administrators) in another format (e.g., bulleted list, narrative paragraph/well written summary or log) should share their method and/or documentation in that format. Professionals are not required to use the sample communication log. The key is for the professional to provide evidence of effective communication to the assessor.

The required documentation is used to organize the multiple data sources included in the summative evaluation. If additional information is requested for clarification, the format for that information remains at the discretion of the professional; this may include examples of existing documentation.

The documents are submitted to the assessor 35 calendar days prior to the last day of the school year for professionals. Assessors review the required documentation items and make notes on the *Documentation Cover Sheet*. The assessor maintains the *Documentation Cover Sheet* and returns the original documents submitted, along with a copy of the *Documentation Cover Sheet*, to the professional by the last day of the school year for professionals.

For reasons of confidentiality, any documents that contain personal information about individuals other than the employee are to be returned to the employee upon completion of the summative evaluation meeting or redacted, as appropriate.

PARENIAL INPUT

The purpose of parental input is to collect information that will help teachers reflect on their practice (i.e., for formative evaluation); in other words, to provide feedback directly to the employee for professional growth and development.

Parents must be given " an opportunity to have input into employee performance assessments when appropriate."
Florida Statute §1012.34 (2)(c)

Parental input is gathered through the use of the *School Climate Survey*, the Educational Excellence School Advisory Council (EESAC) participation and the Open House Parent Academy Survey in schools, as applicable. Professionals show evidence of communication with parents as reflected on their communication documentation.

Some performance standards are best documented through observation (e.g., Learning Environment); other standards may require additional documentation techniques (e.g., Learner Progress entails a review of the required student data).

Formal evaluation of performance quality typically occurs at the summative evaluation stage, which comes at the end of the evaluation cycle (e.g., school year). The ratings for each performance standard are based on multiple sources of information and are completed only after pertinent data from all sources have been reviewed.

Note: Because learner progress data may or may not be available at the time of the summative evaluation meeting, state statute provides that the evaluator may amend an evaluation based upon assessment data from the current school year if the data become available within 90 days after the close of the school year.

The integrated data constitute the evidence used to determine the performance ratings for the summative evaluation for professionals (see *Summative Performance Evaluation-Teacher*, *Instructional Support Personnel*, *Student Services Personnel* in Part IV of this document). Further details on the rating process are provided in subsequent sections of this handbook.

INTEGRATION OF DATA

Summative evaluation meetings are to be conducted by assessors no later than seven (7) calendar days prior to the last day of the school year for the professionals. Table 6 (Pg. 24) details the work plan to be followed.

Modifications for Unique Teaching Conditions

Modifications to the evaluation process are made for instructional personnel in unique teaching conditions, such as professionals going on leave/returning from leave. Observations should be completed as close to the established timeline as possible in the event the professional is going on leave/returning from leave. If assessors have completed the required formal observation(s) and a professional's work assignment changes, assessors are not required to complete an additional formal observation.

Documentation for Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel

IPEGS is the evaluation system used for all instructional personnel, including Instructional Support Personnel (e.g., activities directors, instructional coaches, lead teachers, library/media specialists, etc.) and Student Services Personnel (e.g., art therapists, career specialists, counselors, school psychologists, etc.). However, the nature and duties of these positions differ from those of the classroom teacher. Therefore, the performance standards applicable to the appropriate evaluative process for personnel in these positions also differ. These differences are incorporated into the corresponding documents: *Observation of Standards Form* and the *Summative Performance Evaluation Form* which may be found in Part IV of this document. It is the responsibility of the assessor to ensure the correct documentation forms are used in this process.

Instructional Personnel New to M-DCPS

New instructional personnel participate in a district comprehensive orientation session at the beginning of the school year; otherwise, it is the responsibility of the site administrator to send new instructional personnel to IPEGS district training. The orientation consists of written and oral explanations of IPEGS. Additionally, new instructional personnel will participate in two (2) observations (see Table 5

"All personnel must be fully informed of the criteria and procedures associated with the assessment process before the assessment takes place."

Florida Statute §1012.34 (3)(b)

on page 19) and two (2) evaluations in their first year of teaching. The first evaluation is formative for new instructional personnel and will be conducted after the first observation.

If the professional transfers within M-DCPS, the documentation is to be forwarded to the receiving school/worksite administrator. At the end of an evaluation cycle, the site administrator retains the originals of the *Individual Professional Development Plan, Documentation Cover Sheet, Observation of Standards Form(s)-Teacher, Instructional Support Personnel, Student Services Personnel, Formative Performance Evaluation-Probationary Contract teachers, Probationary Contract Instructional Support Personnel, Probationary Contract Student Services Personnel, and Summative Performance Evaluation-Teacher, Instructional Support Personnel, Student Services Personnel forms at the school/worksite. Copies of these forms and all original attachments to the documentation cover sheet are returned to the professional by the last day of the school year for the professional. Table 6 on page 24 is the IPEGS Work Plan. This table delineates the timeline, activities, and tasks/documentation that must be completed during the evaluation cycle. Storage of records is as follows:*

Storage of Records

• Site personnel file: completed *Individual Professional Development Plan*, *Documentation Cover Sheet*, *Observation of Standards Form(s)(as appropriate for the professional's position)*, *Formative*

- *Performance Evaluation* (as appropriate for the probationary professional's position) *Summative Performance Evaluation*-(as appropriate for the professional's position) copy and any written response(s) provided by the professional.
- District Personnel Records Department: original Summative Performance Evaluation-(as appropriate for the professional's position) form to be sent according to the district's end-of-year calendar/procedures and any written response(s) provided by the professional.
- All other original material/documentation is to be returned to the professional.

Table 6: IPEGS Work Plan

Timeline	Activity	Task or Document		sibility of essor or essional
			A	P
Within the first thirty (30) days of the instructional professional's employment	Develop and submit the IPDP based upon student data, prior year's IPEGS Summative Evaluation, and School Improvement Plan	Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) (FM XXXX)		✓
By the end of the first grading period	Review and approve the initial IPDP	Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) (FM XXXX)	✓	
By the end of the first grading period	Observation of new (Probationary Contract Status) teachers, instructional support personnel and student services personnel new to M-DCPS and/or new to the school/work location with postobservation meeting	Observation of Standards Form-Teacher-FM 7315; Instructional Support Personnel-FM 7313; Student Services Personnel-FM 7314	✓	
By the end of the third grading period	Second observation of Probationary Contract Professionals with post- observation meeting Observation of annual contract, professional service contract, and continuing contract teachers with post-observation meeting	Observation of Standards Form-Teacher-FM 7315; Instructional Support Personnel-FM 7313; Student Services Personnel-FM 7314	✓	
At least 35 calendar days prior to the last day of the school year for professionals	Submission of the completed Documentation Cover Sheet	Documentation Cover Sheet and related documents (i.e., Communication, IPDP (FM XXXX) with evidence of Professional Development)		√
By no later than (seven) 7 calendar days prior to the last day of the school year for professionals	Complete all summative evaluation meetings Professional Standards (OPS) Procedures H	Summative Performance Evaluation Form-Teacher-FM 7317; Instructional Support Personnel-FM 7316; Student Services Personnel-FM 7318 and Documentation Cover Sheet-FM 7407Site administrator submits the signed original Summative Performance Evaluation forms to Personnel Records as indicated by the district calendar/procedures	√	

Note: See Office of Professional Standards (OPS) Procedures Handbook for specific dates.

MAKING SUMMATIVE DECISIONS

Two major considerations apply when assessing job performance during summative evaluation:

- 1) the performance standards and
- 2) the documentation of the actual performance of the standards (student performance data, observations, required documentation).

The performance appraisal rubric (see Part II) provides a description of well-defined performance standards for instructional professionals.

The Summative Performance Evaluation Process results in a single unified rating. Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22(8). In IPEGS, the 50% weighting applies to Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress. The remaining 50% weight is captured in Performance Standards 2 through 8 for Teachers. For Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel the remaining 50% weight is allocated in Performance Standards 2 through 7. Refer to Appendix G for detailed information regarding the relative weighting of each standard. The proposed range will be jointly revised with M-DCPS and UTD after the state's Value Added Model is finalized, data for the new FCAT standards are available, the district models patterned on the state value-added model are evaluated, the Value Added Model for FCAT assessments has been deemed valid and reliable, and anytime the underlying variables that affect the range are modified.

The rating scale describes four levels of how well the standards (i.e., duties/responsibilities) are performed on a continuum from "highly effective" to "unsatisfactory." The use of the scale enables assessors to acknowledge instructional professionals who exceed expectations (*highly effective*), identify those who *effectively* meet the standard (*effective*), those who need assistance/support to meet the standard in an effective manner (*developing/needs improvement*), and use the lowest level of feedback for instructional professionals who consistently do not meet expectations (*unsatisfactory*).

The following sections define the four levels, provide detailed information about the performance of expectations for improvement purposes, and describe the decision-making process for assessing performance. PLEASE NOTE: Ratings are applied to individual performance standards, NOT performance indicators. Performance indicators only inform assessors as to examples of performance relevant to the standards. Further, the assessor determines the degree to which the performance standard is being performed based on the evidence provided.

The site administrator uses four levels when assessing performance of standards (i.e., "highly effective," "effective," "developing/needs improvement," "unsatisfactory"). Table 7 (Pg. 26) offers general descriptions of those ratings.

Who Decides on the Ratings?

The site administrator has the ultimate responsibility for ensuring that IPEGS is executed faithfully and effectively in the school/worksite. For an evaluation system to be meaningful, it must provide its users with relevant and timely feedback. Administrators, such as assistant principals, may be designated as the assessors to supervise, monitor, and assist with the multiple data source collection.

Table 7: Definitions of Terms Used in Rating Scale

Rating	Description	Performance Characteristics
Highly Effective	The professional performs at level that consistently models initiative raises performance through expanding knowledge, and improves individual and/or school effectiveness in a manner that is consistent with the state's and the school district's mission and goals.	High-quality performance: ◆ exceeds the requirements contained in the standard as expressed in the evaluation criteria ◆ consistently seeks opportunities to learn and apply new skills
Effective	The professional performs in a manner that demonstrates competence and expertise in meeting the standard in a manner that is consistent with the state's and the school district's mission and goals.	Effective performance: • meets the requirements contained in the job description as expressed in the evaluation criteria • demonstrates willingness to learn and apply new skills • exhibits behaviors that have a positive impact on learners and the school climate
Developing*/ Needs Improvement	The professional needs assistance/support to meet the standard in an effective manner that is consistent with the state's and the school district's mission and goals.	Improving performance: ◆ requires support/assistance in meeting the standard ◆ results in performance that needs improvement ◆ leads to areas for professional improvement being jointly identified and planned between the professional and assessor
Unsatisfactory	The professional consistently performs below the established standard or in a manner that is inconsistent with the state's and the school district's mission and goals.	Poor-quality performance: ◆ fails to meet the requirements contained in the standard as expressed in the evaluation criteria ◆ may result in the employee not being recommended for continued employment

^{*} Pursuant to the Student Success Act, created in F.S. 1012.335, a rating of "Developing" can only be assigned to professionals in their first three (3) years of teaching.

Performance Rubric

RATING PERFORMANCE

The performance rubric is a tool to guide the site administrators' rating of professional performance for the summative evaluation.

The rating for IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress is assigned to the instructional professional in accordance with the applicable student performance data and rating guidelines. Appendix G provides information regarding the applicable data sources for this measure.

A performance rubric is provided for the remaining standards: Performance Standards two (2) through eight (8) for teachers; Performance Standards two (2) through seven (7) for instructional support personnel; and Performance Standards two (2) through seven (7) for student services personnel. Part II of the handbook includes rubrics related to each of these performance standards as they apply to teachers (Section II-A), instructional support personnel (Section II-B), and student services personnel (Section II-C). The performance rubric is a behavioral summary scale that describes performance levels for each performance standard. It states the measure of performance expected of professionals for each standard and provides a description of what a rating entails. The rating scale is applied for the summative evaluation. *Please note: The rating description for "effective" is the actual performance standard*.

Site administrators make decisions about performance standards two (2) through eight (8) for teachers and standards two (2) through seven (7) for instructional support personnel and student services personnel based on all available evidence. The site administrator rates a professional's performance for the summative evaluation after collecting information through multiple data sources (e.g., observation, required documentation, submissions by the professional, and other relevant sources).

In preparation for the summative evaluation meeting, the site administrator, in collaboration with the assessor(s), applies the four-level rubric to evaluate performance on all professional standards [see *Summative Performance Evaluation* forms in Part IV for teachers (Section IV-A), instructional support personnel (Section IV-B), and student services personnel (Section IV-C)]. The results of the evaluation are discussed with the professional at a summative evaluation meeting. The performance rubrics guide assessors in assessing *how well* a standard is performed. They are provided to increase reliability among assessors and to help teachers to focus on ways to enhance their professional practice. An example of the rubric for Performance Standard 7 follows:

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM

Highly Effective In addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The teacher consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and/or assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The teacher often does not display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The teacher fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.

Prior to the summative evaluation meeting with the professional, the assessor reviews the multiple data sources that have been collected (e.g., observation form, student growth data, if available, etc.) and submitted (e.g., items specified as required documentation). The assessor checks the appropriate boxes on the applicable *Summative Performance Evaluation* form to indicate which items were reviewed. Additionally, the assessor may consider additional data sources provided by the professional. When other data sources are used, the assessor may note their use either by writing the data source in the line next to "Other" on the first page of the form and/or in the "Comments" section under a particular performance standard. During the summative evaluation meeting, the results of the evaluation are discussed with the professional.

The professional and the assessor conducting the summative evaluation meeting initial each page and sign the applicable *Summative Performance Evaluation* form to indicate that the meeting occurred. The site administrator determines the ratings and indicates whether the professional is recommended or not recommended for continued employment by signing the form. A copy of this form is provided to the professional. The site administrator submits the original form to the Personnel Records Department in accordance with the established district calendar.

Steps for the Summative Performance Evaluation Process

- **Step 1:** Professional submits required end-of-year documentation by the submission date.
- **Step 2:** Assessor reviews submitted documentation.
- Step 3: Site administrator, in collaboration with the assessor(s), applies the four-level rubric to evaluate performance on performance standards 2 through 8 for teachers, performance standards 2 through 7 for instructional support personnel or performance standards 2 through 7 for student services personnel, as applicable. This review is based on multiple data sources in preparation for the Summative Performance Evaluation Meeting. This includes reviewing learner progress data for IPEGS Performance Standard 1. It is important to note that, if all relevant learner progress data are not available at the time of the Summative Performance Evaluation Meeting, pursuant to state statute, "The evaluator may amend an evaluation based upon assessment data from the current school year if the data becomes available within 90 days after the close of the school year." The Summative Performance Evaluation will be finalized once the applicable student data become available.
- **Step 4:** A summative evaluation meeting between the assessor and the professional is held to discuss and determine if the results of the evaluation accurately reflect the professional's performance. The professional and the assessor initial each page, sign and date the evaluation form, unless the following exists: During the discussion, if clarification of a rating(s) is needed, the professional may present additional information. Additional information, as presented during the summative evaluation meeting, is shared with the site administrator. The assessor, if not the site administrator, and the professional neither initial nor sign the *Summative Performance Evaluation* form.

- Step 5: The site administrator makes the determination of the professional's rating(s) and recommendation for continued employment. This recommendation may be provisional if, as noted in Step 3, student performance data for Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress are not received at the time of the Summative Performance Evaluation Meeting. The site administrator signs and dates the evaluation form. When additional information is submitted, it is reviewed by the site administrator prior to the determination of the final rating(s). If the professional still disagrees with the rating(s), a written response may be provided by the instructional professional and attached to the *Summative Performance Evaluation* form of the professional. All parties initial each page, sign and date the *Summative Performance Evaluation* form which denotes that a summative evaluation meeting occurred. For procedural appeals to the IPEGS process, refer to the M-DCPS/UTD collective bargaining agreement.
- **Step 6:** The original *Summative Performance Evaluation* form and the written response, if applicable, is/are submitted to the Personnel Records Department.
- **Step 7:** The professional will receive a completed copy of all forms and documents related to the *IPEGS Summative Performance Evaluation* by the last day of the school year for the professional. These include:
 - Individual Professional Development Plan,
 - Documentation Cover Sheet (original documents attached to the Documentation Cover Sheet are returned to the professional), and
 - Summative Performance Evaluation form.

<u>Note</u>: A copy of the *Observation of Standards Form* and *Formative Performance Evaluation form, if applicable*), are to be provided to the professional following the post-observation conference.

IMPROVING PROFESSIONAL PERFORMANCE

EVALUATION AND SUPPORT GUIDELINES The Student Success Act of 2011 designates evaluation and support guidelines for professionals that are differentiated by contract status (i.e., Probationary, Annual, Professional Services, and Continuing).

SUPPORT DIALOGUE (SD) Two (2) formal tools are provided in IPEGS to improve performance. The first is the *Support Dialogue (SD)*, a school/worksite-level discussion between the administrator and the professional. A *Support Dialogue* begins the formal process of providing support and assistance when a professional's performance is unsatisfactory. However, *Support Dialogue* is neither required nor appropriate to address compliance issues pertaining to Performance Standard 7: Professionalism regarding rules, punctuality and attendance, after appropriate progressive discipline has been applied. The second is the *Improvement Plan*, which is more structured and meets the requirements of the Florida Statute related to notifying a professional of unsatisfactory performance. The *Improvement Plan* follows a *Support Dialogue* when the professional's job performance has not improved within the *Support Dialogue* time frame.

The Support Dialogue (SD) is initiated by the assessor at any point during the school year when the professional's performance is unsatisfactory. Support Dialogue is designed to facilitate discussion about identified performance standard(s) and to identify ways to address improvement. During the SD, both parties share what each will do to support the professional's growth. Mutually agreed upon supportive assistance activities and resources, including responsible parties who will provide support, will be identified.

If as a result of an observation, the collective evidence indicates that the professional requires support in meeting the standard(s) a SD is held within ten (10) calendar days of the observation. The professional is notified of a scheduled SD via the Support Dialogue (SD) Meeting Notification Form which must be issued no later than forty-eight (48) hours prior to the SD meeting. At this SD meeting, the professional has the right to union representation and/or may request a peer support professional who is mutually agreed upon by the professional and the assessor. The SD process is intended to be completed within a twenty-one (21) calendar day period, while the professional receives support and implements changes in his/her performance. After the twenty-one (21) calendar day period has elapsed, the same assessor must observe the professional again.

During the school year, when there is collective evidence that indicates a professional is in need of assistance and support to meet one or more of the performance standards in an effective manner (i.e., developing/needs improvement), the Support Dialogue process is not applicable; however, informal support is made available to the professional. It is incumbent upon the assessor to clearly communicate such to the professional at any time during the evaluation cycle when a professional's performance is deemed to require assistance and support. Through a collegial and supportive process, the professional and the assessor discuss these specific standards and what appropriate assistance and support will be provided. In addition, the professional, may seek other professional development/growth opportunities. It is the responsibility of the professional and the administrator to informally document the professional support and assistance process.

Professionals develop and improve their job performance over time and with support and assistance. Some professionals will need more time to develop and improve their performance to

ensure it reaches an effective standard of performance. Therefore, a professional may be considered "developing/needs improvement" for more than one evaluation cycle. However, to assess a professional as "developing/needs improvement" for more than one evaluation cycle, the professional must have been provided evidence in a timely manner throughout the evaluation cycle to allow the professional to seek and take advantage of opportunities to receive assistance and support for the purpose of improving his/her performance.

The following are sample guiding questions for the SD conversation.	
Sample Prompts for the SD Conversation	
1. Tell me about your instructional setting.	
2. What challenges have you encountered in addressing (tell specif	ic
concern)?	
3. What professional development have you taken to address instruction	al
delivery/student achievement? How does this align with your IPDP?	
4. What strategies have you tried to implement to address the concern of (to	211
specific concern)?	
5. What support can I or others provide you? (may include the following types	of
assistance to the professional: professional development/ professional grow	th
activities, shadowing, mentoring, peer review and/or modeling, support from the	ıe
school site/regional center and/or district curriculum specialists)	
The assessor shares some support ideas and asks,	
1. What do you think of these ideas?	

Any subsequent observation to an unsatisfactory observation must start at the beginning of the class and last for the complete lesson. However, for classes extending beyond the standard elementary/secondary scheduled class/subject (e.g., block schedules, 3 hour auto mechanics, etc.), the assessor must have observed a lesson from the beginning of the class and remained for a minimum of one (1) hour. The following chart delineates Step 1 of 2 in the Support Dialogue process for improving professional performance.

2. Do you have any new suggestions for change?

Step 1 to Improve Professional Performance Probationary/Annual Contract (AC) Professional Service Contract (PSC)/Continuing Contract (CC)

	Support Dialogue
Purpose	For professionals who are in need of additional support, SD is initiated.
Initiator	Assessor Site administrator must contact the Region Center and the Office of Professional Standards.
Documentation	Observation of Standards Form (OSF) ° Examples/Evidence that clearly describe unsatisfactory deficiencies. ° The specific standards that are unsatisfactory and require assistance/support must be identified. ° The SD box must be checked "yes."
Assistance	Assistance that may be offered, but is not limited to: ° The use of sample prompts for initial conversation ° Professional growth activities ° Shadowing, mentoring, peer review, and/or modeling
Outcomes	 Professional improves and no additional support is required or support continues through the informal professional assistance and support process, or Professional has demonstrated some progress and the assessor may extend the time of the SD, or No progress and performance is unsatisfactory — the professional is placed on an Improvement Plan (IP).

The desired outcome for engaging in SD is for the professional's practice to improve. However, in the event that limited improvements in performance have been made, the assessor may extend the timeline of the Support Dialogue for an additional ten (10) work days. If the professional's

performance is unsatisfactory, the professional must be placed on an Improvement Plan (IP). Once placed on an IP, the professional will be provided with a 90-Calendar Day Probation period to demonstrate that identified deficiencies have been corrected.

IMPROVEMENT PLAN (IP)/ 90-CALENDAR DAY

If an assessor and a professional have completed Step 1, Support Dialogue, and performance is unsatisfactory, Step 2 is initiated. Step 2 is defined when a professional's performance is deemed unsatisfactory in any standard and the professional is placed on a 90-Calendar Day Probation/Improvement Plan (IP). (See *Improvement Plan* form in Part IV). Ideally, the desired outcome of an IP is to improve the professional's performance to an effective level. If the professional's performance does not improve to a developing or needs improvement or effective level, the result will constitute a professional not being recommended for continued employment. The following chart delineates the Improvement Plan (IP) process which is Step 2 of 2 in improving professional performance.

STEP 2 to Improve Professional Performance Annual Contract (AC)/Professional Service Contract (PSC)

А	nnual Contract (AC)/Professional Service Contract (PSC)
	Improvement Plan
Purpose	For professionals whose performance is unsatisfactory on one or more performance standards, an IP is initiated.
Initiator	Site Administrator Site Administrator must notify the Region Center and Office of Professional Standards.
Documentation	Minimum of two (2) Observation of Standards Forms (OSF)
Assistance	Assistance may include, but is not limited to: support from school site/ regional center and/or district curriculum specialist; continued support and assistance; peer/mentor assistance; professional development and/or other professional growth activities on specific topics; and/or other resources to be identified.
Outcomes	 Performance improves to effective – recommended for continued employment, or Performance improves to developing or needs improvement – recommended for continued employment, or Performance is unsatisfactory – not recommended for continued employment.

Note: Florida Statute §1012.34 provides guidance on the activities that occur in conjunction with the IP (See summary in Appendix A).

An IP may be implemented at any point during the year provided that the professional has had an SD and a minimum of two (2) observations. The IP is designed to guide a professional in addressing areas of concern through targeted assistance with additional resources. If a professional's performance is being observed by the site administrator designee, he/she consults with the site administrator on the need for an IP. During the Conference-for-the-Record (CFR), the site administrator, the assessor (if different), the professional, and the union representative (if applicable) may advance suggestions to the IP. At a subsequent meeting, when the summary of

the CFR is signed, the IP will be explained and signed. (The CFR meeting, CFR Summary meeting, and the IP initiation must be completed with signatures within ten (10) calendar days). The day after the IP is signed by the site administrator and the professional, the official start of the 90-Calendar Day Probation begins.

90-Calendar Day Probation/Improvement Plan (IP)

Instructional personnel whose performance is "unsatisfactory" are placed on a 90-Calendar Day Probation during which the Improvement Plan (IP) is implemented. The following charts delineate the procedures that are implemented as a result of unsatisfactory performance on one or more standard(s) for the annual contract, professional service contract, and continuing contract professionals, respectively.

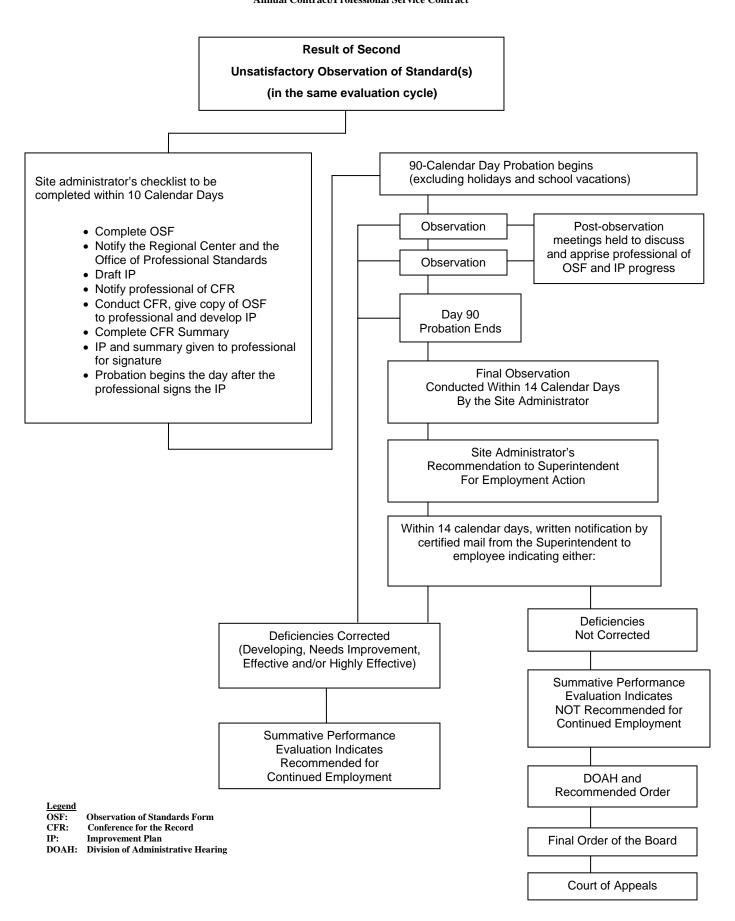
In accordance with the Student Success Act and Florida Statute §1012.34, instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011, are awarded a "probationary contract" for a period of one school year upon initial employment in a school district regardless of previous employment in another school district or state. Probationary contract employees may resign without breach of contract or be dismissed without cause. This "Probationary Contract Status" is not to be confused with procedures for the 90-Calendar Day probationary period IP for professionals who hold an Annual Contract or a Professional Service Contract described in this section.

90-Calendar Day Probation/Improvement Plan (IP) Annual Contract (AC) and Professional Service Contract (PSC) Professionals

CONTRACT STATUS	PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE	PROCEDURES
Annual Contract (AC) Professionals or Professional Service Contract (PSC) Professionals	Site administrator	If the examples/evidence of the subsequent observation conducted by the same assessor during the current school year results in unsatisfactory performance, an Observation of Standards Form (OSF) is completed and given to the professional at a Conference for the Record (CFR), which must take place within 10 calendar days excluding employee absence(s), holidays and recess. The professional has a right to union representation. In the event that a professional is absent on authorized leave in excess of 10 consecutive workdays, the 90-Calendar Day Probation is suspended until the professional returns to active duty, at which time it resumes. At the CFR, the following occurs: • The site administrator and professional discuss the results of the observation in terms of all performance standards. • The site administrator and the professional shall sign the Observation of Standards Form (OSF), and a copy must be provided to the professional. • The site administrator develops the Improvement Plan (IP). During the development and review of the IP, the professional and the union representative, if applicable, may advance suggestions. Any changes resulting from clarifications made at the meeting must be reflected in the completed IP. • At a subsequent meeting, the summary of the CFR is signed and the completed IP is explained and signed. The site administrator advises the professional of specific support and resources in order to assist the professional to complete IP requirements, prior to the next observation. The site administrator then issues the IP. • The professional's signature on the OSF and IP merely signifies receipt and does not necessarily indicate agreement with its contents. • The site administrator and the professional shall discuss an approximate date for the next observation, which must be no later than 30 calendar days from the CFR. • Two (2) observations during the 90-Calendar Day Probation are required. After each additional observation, if deficiencies continue, a post-observation meeting must be
	Professional Office of Professional Standards/UTD/	If the 90-Calendar Day Probation cannot be completed before the end of the school year, the probation will be continued into the next school year and the summative evaluation withheld until the process is concluded. In this case, the professional is ineligible for summer employment and salary increases until deficiencies have been corrected. Prior to the site administrator making an employment recommendation, the site administrator conducts a final observation within fourteen (14) calendar days of the end of the 90-Calendar Day Probation. The recommendation must be forwarded to the Superintendent, who within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt of the site administrator's recommendations notifies the professional of the final recommendation by certified mail. The final recommendation will be one of the following: a) The performance deficiencies have been satisfactorily corrected: The professional is no longer on an <i>Improvement Plan (IP)</i> /probationary status. b) The deficiencies were not corrected: The professional is recommended for dismissal for just cause or non-renewal of contract. Professionals may use provisions specified in Article XXI of the M-DCPS/UTD contract to address compliance issues. At any time during the 90 calendar days, the professional may request a transfer does not extend the period for correcting performance standard(s) deficiencies. Additionally, state statute 1012.335 provides that "a principal may refuse to accept the placement or transfer of instructional personnel by the district school superintendent to his or her school unless the instructional personnel has a performance rating of "effective" or "highly effective" under s. 1012.34." If the professional wishes to contest the Superintendent's recommendation, the professional wishes to contest the Superintendent's recommendation, the professional Standards to review all pertinent documents and administrative actions of Professional Standards to review all pertinent documents and administrative actions
	Standards/UTD/ Professional	of Professional Standards to review all pertinent documents and administrative actions relative to the observation(s) and IP procedures.

90-Calendar Day Probation

Annual Contract/Professional Service Contract



Improvement Plan (IP) for CC Professionals

STATUS Continuing Contract (CC) continuing Contract (CC) administrator If the examples/evidence of the second observation conducted by the same assessor during the current school year results in unsatisfactory performance, an Observation of Standards Form (OSF) is completed and a Conference for the Record (CFR) must take place within ten (10) calcular drugs excluding employee absenceds; holidays and recess. The professional has a right to minor representation. At that meeting, the following occurs: • The site administrator and professional discuss the results of the observation in terms of all performance standards. • The site administrator and the professional shall sign the Observation of Standards Form (OSF), and a copy must be provided to the professional. • The site administrator and the professional as a signal discuss the results of the observation in terms of all performance standards. • The site administrator and the professional shall sign the Observation of Standards Form (OSF), and a copy must be provided to the professional of the Professional of the Professional and the union representative, if applicable, may advance suggestions. Any changes resulting from charificultons made at the meeting must be reflected in the completed IP. • At a subsequent meeting, the summary of the CFR is signed and the completed IP is explained and signed. The site diministrator advises the professional of specific support and resources in order to assist the professional to complete IP requirements, prior to the next observation. The site administrator and the professional shall discuss an approximate date for the next observation, which must be no later than 30 calendar days from the CFR. • The professional takes corrective action to correct deficiencies. • The site administrator must conduct the first observation prior to the third quarter and a minimum of three (3) observations with examples and evidence of unsatisfactory performance standards are required to render the professional standards are required to

Improvement Plan (IP) for CC Professionals (continued)

CONTRACT STATUS	PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE	PROCEDURES		
	Professional	Professionals may use provisions specified in Article XXI of the M-DCPS/UTD contract to address compliance issues. The professional may request a transfer to another appropriate position with a different supervising administrator. However, a transfer does not extend the period for correcting performance standard(s) deficiencies. Additionally, state statute 1012.335 provides that "a principal may refuse to accept the placement or transfer of instructional personnel by the district school superintendent to his or her school unless the instructional personnel has a performance rating of "effective" or "highly effective" under s. 1012.34."		
	Office of Professional Standards/UTD/ Professional	If the professional wishes to contest the Superintendent's recommendation, the professional must, within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the Superintendent's recommendation, submit to the School Board clerk a written request for a hearing. The Union, upon the professional's request, may meet with personnel from the Office of Professional Standards to review all pertinent documents and administrative actions relative to the observation(s) and IP procedures.		

PART I

I-B: Peer Review and Assistance Plan (PRAP) Pilot

Milestone and Non-Milestone Years

Florida's Race to the Top Memorandum of Understanding references the differentiation between milestone and non-milestone years allowing for modified evaluation processes for teachers who are in milestone years. An additional metric, as described below, will be integrated within the year prior to a milestone year. These *milestone year evaluations* should take place during a teacher's 1st year, 3rd year, 8th year, 12th year, 16th year, 20th year, 24th year, 28th year, 32nd year and 36th year. The additional metric consists of a process of peer observation, feedback, and informal conversation to be conducted by a trained peer reviewer. Participation in the PRAP process will be incorporated into the annual IPEGS Summative Performance Evaluation through extra weighting for IPEGS Performance Standard 7: Professionalism (see Appendix G).

Purpose

In order to address new state requirements for a modified evaluation process for instructional professionals who are in milestone years, a Peer Review and Assistance Plan (PRAP) will be piloted in a limited number of schools during the 2011-2012 school year. The PRAP incorporates a peer observer/peer support model to:

- improve the quality of professional practices by instructional professional.
- increase the level of peer support and guidance to new and experienced instructional professionals.
- encourage modeling of best practices by experienced instructional professionals within the subject area.
- utilize peer observation and assistance to stimulate collegial conversations.

Characteristics

In the 2011-2012 school year, instructional professionals in schools participating in the PRAP pilot who are in a milestone year, will participate in the PRAP process which will be conducted by a trained peer. As discussed above, this will result in the instructional professional receiving extra weighting for IPEGS Performance Standard 7: Professionalism. Additional information regarding this process is provided in the M-DCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group Summary of Recommendations in Appendix H of this document.

PART II PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

II-A: Teacher

Teachers are evaluated based on the following: 50% IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress and 50% on IPEGS Performance Standards 2 through 8. Ratings on the performance standards are accomplished using the performance appraisal rubrics applicable to each standard; these are described in this section. The chart below provides information regarding the measurement of performance on IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress. The performance indicators that are provided in this section for IPEGS Performance Standards 2 through 8 are examples of activities that may address the standard.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS

The work of the teacher results in acceptable and measurable learner progress as specified in the Student Success Act and F.S. §1012.34.

Part A. Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress constitutes 50% of the Summative Performance Evaluation

Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22(8).

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RATINGS: 50% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points	25 percentage points	12.5 percentage points

The following chart provides information regarding the student performance measures that will be used to determine the instructional professional's rating for IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress in accordance with the instructional professional's job assignment.

STUDENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR 50% of TEACHER EVALUATION M-DCPS RECOMMENDATIONS

Instructional Professional Job Assignment	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
For Classroom Teachers of Subjects and grades associated with statewide assessments	Must begin using formula approved by the Commissioner for FCAT courses State Provided Value Added Model M-DCPS Recommendation – Self contained elementary school teachers – Use both reading and math state provided value added model	state assessi implemented • Additional f formulas be	ner shall select addition ments (e.g., end of cour d. formulas shall be used to come available. ng, Formulas must be o	rse assessments) are
For Elementary, Middle School and High School Classroom Teachers of Subjects and grades not assessed by statewide assessments, but with students that do take the reading statewide assessments	State Option - Use stude combination of growth where achievement is no MDCPS Recommendal learning gains for assignments.	and achievement for c nore appropriate; ution – Use reading pr	lassroom teachers	Shall measure growth using equally appropriate formulas. FDOE shall provide models.
For Classroom teachers of subjects and grades not assessed by statewide assessments, that do not have more than 10 elementary students or 40 secondary students taking the statewide assessment	State Option - If the teastatewide assessment, be principal that support to MDCPS Recommendate proficiency and learning	oy established learning he school improvemen ution – Use school wid	t targets approved by tt plan. le reading	Shall measure growth using equally appropriate formulas. FDOE shall provide models.

Part B. Performance Standards 2 through 8 together constitute to the remaining 50% of the Summative Performance Evaluation

Ratings are made at the performance standard level, NOT the performance indicator level.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher identifies and addresses the needs of learners by demonstrating respect for individual differences, cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- ◆ Presents concepts at different levels of complexity for students of varying developmental stages
- ◆ Provides a range of activities to meet the various students' learning styles and cultural and linguistic backgrounds
- ◆ Uses appropriate school, family, and community resources to help meet all students' learning needs

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher identifies	The teacher attempts,	The teacher consistently
meets the individual and	and addresses the	but is often ineffective	demonstrates a lack of
diverse needs of	needs of learners by	in demonstrating	awareness of the needs
learners in a highly	demonstrating respect	knowledge and	of the target learning
effective manner.	for individual	understanding of the	community or fails
	differences, cultures,	needs of the target	consistently to make
	backgrounds, and	learning community.	appropriate
	learning styles.		accommodations to
			meet those needs.

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Cares about students as individuals and makes them feel valued.¹
- Adapts teaching to address student learning styles.²
- Acknowledges his or her perspective and is open to hearing the students' worldviews.³
- Is culturally competent.⁴
- Seeks to know about the cultures and communities from which students come. 5

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher uses appropriate curricula (including state reading requirements, if applicable), instructional strategies, and resources to develop lesson plans that include goals and/or objectives, learning activities, assessment of student learning, and home learning in order to address the diverse needs of students.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Applies the scope and sequence to the curriculum and needs of students
- Ensures that teaching materials, resources, and texts used are aligned to the curriculum
- Uses an established curriculum as a framework
- Develops plans that are logical, sequential, and relevant
- Plans instruction to achieve intended learning outcomes
- Demonstrates current knowledge of field/subject matter in planning
- Identifies and plans for the instructional and developmental needs of diverse learners
- Gathers, evaluates, and/or creates appropriate instructional materials

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	-
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher uses	The teacher attempts to	The teacher consistently
creates, evaluates and	appropriate curricula	use appropriate	demonstrates a lack of
modifies, as appropriate,	(including state reading	curricula, instructional	planning or fails to
instructional strategies	requirements, if	strategies, and/or	properly address the
during the planning	applicable), instructional	resources to address the	curriculum in meeting
process.	strategies, and resources to develop lesson plans	diverse needs of	the diverse needs of all
1	that include goals and/or	students during the	learners.
	objectives, learning	planning process, but is	
	activities, assessment of	often ineffective; and/or	
	student learning, and	the teacher attempts to	
	home learning in order	develop lesson plans but	
	to address the diverse	lacks one or more of the	
	needs of students.	four basic components.	

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Constructs a blueprint of how to address the curriculum during the instructional time.⁶
- Facilitates planning units in advance to make intra- and interdisciplinary connections.
- Plans for the context of the lesson to help students relate, organize, and make knowledge become a part of their long-term memory.
 8
- Identifies instructional objectives and activities⁹ to promote students' cognitive and developmental growth.¹⁰
- Uses knowledge of available resources to determine what resources s/he needs to acquire or develop.¹¹

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY AND ENGAGEMENT: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher promotes learning by demonstrating accurate content knowledge and by addressing academic needs through a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies that engage learners.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Engages students in individual work, cooperative learning, and whole-group activities
- Remains current in content/subject area and professional practices
- Delivers instruction in a culturally, linguistically, and gender-sensitive manner
- Establishes positive and timely interactions that are focused upon learning
- Paces instruction according to appropriate curriculum and needs of students
- Adjusts instruction to meet students' needs
- ◆ Integrates available technology in the classroom, as appropriate (Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)4
- ♦ Connects students' prior knowledge, life experiences, and interests, as appropriate, to learning goals

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	-
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	-	
meeting the standard	standard		
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher promotes	The teacher attempts to	The teacher lacks
optimizes learning by	learning by	use instructional	content knowledge or
engaging all groups of	demonstrating accurate	strategies or technology	fails consistently to
students in higher-order	content knowledge and	to engage students, but	implement instructional
thinking and by	by addressing academic	is often ineffective or	strategies to
effectively	needs through a variety	needs additional content	academically engage
implementing a variety	of appropriate	knowledge.	learners.
of appropriate	instructional strategies		
instructional strategies	and technologies that		
and technologies.	engage learners.		

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Stays involved with the lesson at all stages.¹²
- Uses a variety of instructional strategies. 13
- Uses research-based strategies to make instruction student-centered.
- Involves students in cooperative learning to enhance higher-order thinking skills. ¹⁵
- Uses students' prior knowledge to facilitate student learning. 16
- ♦ Differentiates for students' needs using remediation, skills-based instruction, and individualized instruction. ¹⁷
- Uses multiple levels of questioning aligned with students' cognitive abilities with appropriate techniques. 18

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT: 6% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, as applicable) to measure learner progress, guide instruction, and provide timely feedback.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Uses assessment data, including those from state and local assessments, to design instruction that meets students' current needs and documents students' learning progress
- Uses a variety of formal and informal assessment strategies to guide and adjust instruction for remediation as well as enrichment

The state assessment data referenced in the performance standards refers to the "Student assessment program for public schools." Florida Statute §1008.22 may be found in Appendix E.

- Measures and documents learner progress of prior achievement compared to the current achievement with informal and formal state and local assessments, as applicable
- Provides ongoing, timely, and specific feedback
- Helps students assess, monitor, and reflect on their work
- Collects and maintains a record of sufficient assessment data to support accurate reporting of student progress
- Maintains official records (e.g., grade book, work folders) of student learning

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	·
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	•	
meeting the standard	standard		
6 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	3 percentage points	1.5 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher gathers,	The teacher attempts to	The teacher consistently
demonstrates expertise	analyzes, and uses data	use a selection of	fails to use baseline data
in using a variety of	(including FCAT state	assessment strategies to	to make instructional
formal and informal	assessment data, if	link assessment to	decisions and/or fails to
assessments based on	applicable) to measure	learning outcomes, or	provide feedback on
intended learning	learner progress, guide	uses assessment to	learner progress in a
outcomes to assess	instruction, and provide	plan/modify instruction,	timely manner.
learning. Also teaches	timely feedback.	but is often ineffective.	
learners how to monitor			
and reflect on their own			
academic progress.			

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Offers regular, timely, and specific feedback¹⁹ and reinforcement.²⁰
- Gives homework (home learning assignments) and offers feedback on the homework (home learning assignments).²¹
- Uses open-ended performance assignments.²²
- Analyzes student assessments to determine the degree to which the intended learning outcomes align with the test items and student understanding of objectives.²³
- ◆ Interprets information from teacher-made tests and standardized assessments to guide instruction and gauge student progress by examining questions missed to determine if the student has trouble with the content or the test structure.²⁴

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION: 6% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher communicates effectively with students, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Explains directions, concepts, and lesson content to students in a logical, sequential, and age-appropriate manner
- Communicates with and challenges students in a positive and supportive manner
- Encourages students' desire to receive and accept constructive feedback on individual work and behavior
- ◆ Communicates with colleagues from other fields/content areas in the integration of instruction and/or services
- ♦ Collaborates with stakeholders when appropriate; such as with students, colleagues, administrators, other school personnel, community members, and families
- Uses technology (e.g., e-mail) to support and enhance communication as appropriate
- ◆ Supports, promotes, and communicates the mission, vision, and goals of the school and M-DCPS
- ◆ Maintains "positive collaborative relationships with students' families to increase student achievement." Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)6

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

1 ERFORMANCE III I RAISAL RUBRIC					
Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory		
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement			
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_			
meeting the standard	standard				
6 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	3 percentage points	1.5 percentage points		
The teacher consistently	The teacher	The teacher often	The teacher consistently		
uses a variety of	communicates	communicates with	fails to communicate		
communication	effectively with	students, staff, and other	effectively with		
techniques to inform,	students, their	members of the learning	students, staff and other		
collaborate with, and/or	parents or families,	community in an	members of the learning		
respond to students and	staff, and other	inconsistent or	community.		
other stakeholders in a	members of the	ineffective manner.	-		
highly effective manner.	learning community.				

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Possesses strong communication skills, ²⁵ offering clear explanations and directions. ²⁶
- Recognizes the levels of involvement, ranging from networking to collaboration. 27
- Uses multiple forms of communication between school and home.²⁸

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM: 6% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Follows all applicable legal and procedural requirements (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), Code of Ethics, State Statutes and Board Rules, etc.)
- Demonstrates knowledge of the School Improvement Plan
- Engages in ongoing professional development
- Provides evidence of professional growth experiences
- Contributes professionally to the school community
- Participates in professional activities
- Maintains accurate records (e.g., attendance records, IEPs)
- Reflects on professional practices

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
6 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	3 percentage points	1.5 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher	The teacher often does	The teacher fails to
demonstrates a high	demonstrates behavior	not display professional	adhere to legal, ethical,
level of professionalism,	consistent with legal,	judgment or only	or professional
contributes to the	ethical, and	occasionally participates	standards, including all
professional growth of	professional standards	in professional growth.	requirements for
others, and/or assumes a	and engages in		professional growth.
leadership role within	continuous		
the learning community.	professional growth.		

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Links professional growth goals to professional development opportunities.²⁹
- Is empowered to make changes to enhance learning experiences, resulting in better student retention, attendance, and academic success.³⁰
- ♦ Selects professional development offerings that relate to the content area or population of students taught, resulting in higher levels of student academic success.³¹
- Is cognizant of the legal issues associated with educational records and respects and maintains confidentiality.³²

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The teacher creates and maintains a safe learning environment while encouraging fairness, respect, and enthusiasm.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of teacher work may include, but are not limited to:

- Establishes and maintains effective classroom rules and procedures
- Maintains appropriate discipline and a safe physical setting
- ♦ Models caring, fairness, equity, courtesy, respect, active listening, and enthusiasm for learning
- Promotes respectful interactions that challenge and engage students within the learning environment
- Creates an environment that is appropriate, stimulating, and academically challenging
- Cultivates and promotes a climate of trust and teamwork
- Encourages student participation, inquiry, and intellectual risk-taking
- Respects and promotes the appreciation of diversity

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RUBRIC

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently	The teacher creates	The teacher attempts to	The teacher consistently
provides a well-	and maintains a safe	address student behavior	addresses student
managed, stimulating,	learning environment	and needs required for a	behavior in an
student-centered	while encouraging	safe, positive, social,	ineffective manner
environment that is	fairness, respect, and	and academic	and/or fails to maintain
academically	enthusiasm.	environment, but is	a safe, equitable
challenging and		often ineffective.	learning environment.
respectful.			

CONTEMPORARY EFFECTIVE TEACHER RESEARCH

- Is adept at organizing and maintaining an effective classroom environment.³³
- Has a sense of "with-it-ness," being aware of when routines need to be altered or an intervention may be necessary to prevent behavior problems.³⁴
- Fosters relationships where respect and learning are central so students feel safe in taking risks that are associated with learning; believes in the students.³⁵
- Is culturally competent and attuned to students' interests, both in and out of school.³⁶
- Establishes good discipline, effective routines, smooth transitions, and ownership of the environment as components of establishing a supportive and collaborative climate. ³⁷

PART II

II-B: Instructional Support Personnel

Instructional support personnel are evaluated based on the following: 50% IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress and 50% on IPEGS Performance Standards two (2) through seven (7) Ratings on the performance standards are accomplished using the performance appraisal rubrics applicable to each standard; these are described in this section. The chart below provides information regarding the measurement of performance on IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress. The performance indicators are provided for IPEGS Performance Standards two (2) through seven (7) as samples of activities that may address the standard.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS

The work of the instructional support professional results in acceptable and measurable learner or program progress as specified in F. S. §1012.34.

Part A. Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress constitutes 50% of the Summative Performance Evaluation

Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22(8).

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RATINGS: 50% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points	25 percentage points	12.5 percentage points

STUDENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR 50% of INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT PERSONNEL EVALUATION M-DCPS RECOMMENDATIONS

Instructional Professional Job Assignment	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
Instructional Personnel who are not classroom teachers	State Option - The superintendent may assign instructional personnel in an instructional team the growth of the team's students on statewide assessment.			Shall measure growth using equally appropriate formulas. FDOE
	MDCPS Recommon proficiency and least support personnel use district-wide do	rning gains for in assigned to a schoo	structional	shall provide models.

Part B. Performance Standards 2 through 7 together constitute the remaining 50% of the Summative Performance Evaluation

Ratings are made at the performance standard level, NOT the performance indicator level.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The instructional support professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- Uses district, school, family, and community resources to help meet learner and/or program needs
- Demonstrates an understanding of developmental stages of learners
- Accommodates various learning styles and cultural, ethnic, and linguistic backgrounds to assist in the implementation of intervention plans
- Demonstrates the understanding of the principles of adult learning
- Uses knowledge of learners to select and acquire appropriate resources to reflect the needs of the learning community

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	_
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional	support professional
consistently addresses	identifies and addresses	attempts, but is often	consistently
the needs of the target	the needs of the target	ineffective in	demonstrates a lack of
learning community in a	learning community by	demonstrating	awareness of the needs
highly effective manner.	demonstrating respect	knowledge and	of the target learning
	for individual	understanding of the	community or fails
	differences, and	needs of the target	consistently to make
	understanding of	learning community.	appropriate
	cultures, backgrounds,	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	accommodations to
	and learning styles.		meet those needs.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTSThe instructional support professional plans, organizes, promotes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- Demonstrates an understanding of and follows applicable local, state, and federal regulations, policies, guidelines, and procedures
- Demonstrates current knowledge of the field/subject matter
- Demonstrates effective scheduling and time management skills
- Organizes and maintains appropriate service log and/or program plan
- ◆ Identifies learner performance, student program needs and manages available resources (including state reading requirements, as applicable)
- Orients, trains, and supervises library/media center personnel and/or students

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional is	support professional
consistently monitors,	plans, organizes,	often ineffective in	consistently fails to
evaluates, modifies and/	promotes, and	planning, organizing,	plan, organize, or
or designs programs/	manages programs	and managing services	manage services to meet
services that impact	and/or services to meet	to meet the diverse	the diverse needs of all
learners.	the diverse needs of all	needs of all learners.	learners.
	learners.		

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The instructional support professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- ♦ Selects, develops, organizes, implements, or supports curriculum for specific learner and/or program needs
- Uses technology to deliver services/programs [(Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)4)]
- Supports a rigorous reading requirement for reading and language arts middle school programs, as applicable (Florida Statute §1003.415)
- Consults with stakeholders to design, implement, or support services for specific learner or program needs
- Provides a safe and positive learning environment
- Seeks, selects, and uses resources that are compatible with learner/program needs and ensures equitable access for all learners
- Develops, organizes, and implements effective reading promotional and literature appreciation activities to promote lifelong learning
- Remains current in subject/content/field/technology and professional practices

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional	support professional
consistently	uses knowledge of	often implements	consistently fails to
demonstrates a high	subject/content/field/	services ineffectively to	implement services to
level of performance	technology to	the targeted learning	the targeted learning
and utilizes best	implement services for	community based on	community in a manner
practices in the delivery	the targeted learning	established standards	that is aligned with
of services.	community consistent	and guidelines.	established standards
	with established	_	and guidelines.
	standards and		
	guidelines.		

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The instructional support professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- Uses data to assess learner and/or program needs and outcomes
- Uses data to monitor learner and/or program progress
- Provides accurate feedback for learners, staff, and other stakeholders
- Uses data to determine learner needs and support instructional programs
- Periodically assesses, formally and informally, and evaluates collection of materials and resources to ensure that the needs of learners and staff are being met

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	-
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	-	
meeting the standard	standard		
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional is	support professional
consistently	gathers, analyzes, and	often ineffective in	consistently fails to
demonstrates expertise	uses data (including	gathering, analyzing,	gather, analyze, or use
in monitoring current	FCAT state assessment	and using data to	data to measure and
data to benefit	data, if applicable) to	measure and guide	guide learner or
leaner/program	measure and guide	learner or program	program progress, and
outcomes and/or	learner or program	progress, and to provide	to provide timely
supports colleagues in	progress, and to	timely feedback.	feedback.
understanding and using	provide timely		
data.	feedback.		

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION: 7 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The instructional support professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- ◆ Supports, promotes, and communicates the mission, vision, and goals of the school and M-DCPS
- ◆ Communicates with colleagues from other fields/content areas in the integration of instruction and/or services
- Communicates with stakeholders to support the needs of the learning community
- ♦ Collaborates with stakeholders when appropriate; such as with students, colleagues, administrators, other school personnel, community members, and families
- Uses technology to support and enhance communication as appropriate
- Responds promptly to stakeholders

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional	support professional
uses a variety of	communicates	often communicates	consistently fails to
communication to	effectively with	ineffectively with	communicate
inform, network, and/or	learners, their parents	students, staff, and/or	effectively with
respond to students, and	or families, staff, and	other members of the	students, staff, and/or
other stakeholders in a	other members of the	learning community.	other members of the
highly effective manner.	learning community.		learning community.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM: 7 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The instructional support professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of instructional support work may include, but are not limited to:

- Follows all applicable legal and procedural requirements (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), Code of Ethics, State Statutes and Board Rules, etc.)
- Delivers services consistent with national and state association ethical principles and professional standards of practice
- Demonstrates professional growth through participation in a meaningful and continuous process of professional development
- Maintains confidentiality in the delivery of services in accordance with professional standards and legal procedures
- Follows federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, and policies
- Establishes and maintains professional relationships with administrators, school staff, parents, community members, business and civic organizations
- Mentors, trains, or supports other staff
- Maintains accurate records

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance		
meeting the standard	standard		
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The instructional	The instructional	The instructional	The instructional
support professional	support professional	support professional	support professional
consistently	demonstrates behavior	often does not display	fails to adhere to legal,
demonstrates a high	consistent with legal,	professional judgment	ethical, or professional
level of professionalism,	ethical, and	or only occasionally	standards, including all
contributes to the	professional standards	participates in	requirements for
professional growth of	and engages in	professional growth.	professional growth.
others, and/or assumes a	continuous		
leadership role within	professional growth.		
the learning community.			

PART II

Part II-C: Student Services Personnel

Student services personnel are evaluated based on the following: 50% IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress and 50% on IPEGS Performance Standards 2 through 7. Ratings on the performance standards are accomplished using the performance appraisal rubrics applicable to each standard; these are described in this section. The chart below provides information regarding the measurement of performance on IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress. The performance indicators are provided for IPEGS Performance Standards 2 through 7 as examples of activities that may address the standard.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS: 50% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The work of the student services professional results in acceptable and measurable learner or program progress as specified in F. S. §1012.34.

Part A. Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress constitutes 50% of the **Summative Performance Evaluation**

Pursuant to state statute 1012.34 F.S., as amended in 2011 under the Student Success Act, at least 50% of an instructional personnel's evaluation must be based on student learning growth assessed annually and measured by statewide assessments or, for subjects not measured by statewide assessments, by district assessments as specified in 1008.22(8).

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL RATINGS

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points	25 percentage points	12.5 percentage points

STUDENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR 50% of STUDENT SERVICES PERSONNEL EVALUATION **M-DCPS RECOMMENDATIONS**

Instructional Professional	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
Job Assignment Instructional Personnel who are not classroom teachers	State Option - The instructional person growth of the team	Shall measure growth using equally appropriate formulas. FDOE		
	MDCPS Recommon proficiency and lead personnel assigned district-wide data	arning gains for sta	udent services	shall provide models.

Part B. Performance Standards 2 through 7 together constitute the remaining 50% of the Summative Performance Evaluation

Ratings are made at the performance standard level, NOT the performance indicator level.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

Common Indicators

- Uses appropriate school, family, and community resources to help meet all students' learning needs
- Demonstrates an understanding of varying developmental stages of learners
- Identifies various students' learning styles and cultural and linguistic backgrounds to assist in the implementation of intervention plans
- Uses a variety of strategies or approaches to meet the unique cultural needs of learners
- Promotes and models respect for individual and cultural differences
- Uses cumulative records, computerized data, and interviews with teachers, parents, and stakeholders in the learning community to determine learner needs
- Presents concepts at different levels of complexity for learners and families of varying backgrounds and developmental stages

Position-Specific Sample Indicators, but are not limited to:

Career Specialist and Counselor

• Demonstrates an understanding of the concepts and strategies that lead to attitudes, knowledge, and interpersonal skills that help learners understand and respect themselves and others

School Psychologist and Staffing Specialist

• Demonstrates awareness of the academic and behavioral functioning levels of schools, classrooms, and identified learners

School Social Worker

- Demonstrates knowledge of theories, techniques, and instruments used for sociocultural and adaptive behavior assessment
- Involves parents to identify and address socio-cultural factors impacting achievement

Speech/Language Pathologist

- Differentiates service delivery based on information regarding the native language and ESOL levels of learners referred for services
- Participates in and contributes to the Child Study Team, School Support Team, eligibility and determination meetings, and the Individualized Education Plan (IEP) process

TRUST Specialist

- ♦ Demonstrates an understanding of the concepts and strategies that lead to the professional's development of attitudes, knowledge, and interpersonal skills that help learners understand and respect themselves and others
- ♦ Demonstrates knowledge of current trends in violence prevention and intervention strategies, theories, and practices in preventing illegal drug use and violent behavior among youth
- Uses knowledge base for assisting learners and their parent(s)/guardian(s) in obtaining proper information for outside agency services

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the	Improvement	-
exceptional, in addition to	actual performance	_	
meeting the standard	standard		
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services	The student services	The student services	The student services
professional often	professional identifies	professional attempts,	professional
addresses the needs of	and addresses the	but is often ineffective	consistently
the target learning	needs of the target	in demonstrating	demonstrates a lack of
community in a highly	learning community	knowledge and	awareness of the needs
effective manner.	by demonstrating	understanding of the	of the target learning
	respect for individual	needs of the target	community or fails
	differences, and	learning community.	consistently to make
	understanding of		appropriate
	cultures, backgrounds,		accommodations to
	and learning styles.		meet those needs.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional plans, organizes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

Common Indicators

- ◆ Follows local, state, and federal regulations, policies, guidelines, and procedures in providing services
- ◆ Demonstrates current knowledge of field/subject/content matter
- Organizes and maintains service log and/or program plan, accurate and up-to-date learner records, including screening, referrals, and data collection as required
- Effectively plans and manages referrals, scheduling, and caseload
- Facilitates appropriate implementation of student services program
- Identifies and manages available resources to address learner needs
- Designs interventions to address specific learner needs
- Provides and follows schedules for assigned schools and informs appropriate staff of schedule updates

<u>Position-Specific Sample Indicators</u>, but are not limited to:

Career Specialist

◆ Plans and implements a balanced, comprehensive program that includes guidance curriculum, career development, responsive services, and individual planning

Counselor and TRUST Specialist

 Plans and implements a balanced, comprehensive program that includes guidance curriculum, responsive services, individual planning, and system support components.

Staffing Specialist

◆ Reviews class size/units, FTE reports and makes recommendations to regional center instructional supervisor for Special Education (SPED)

School Psychologist and Social Worker

◆ Collaborates with school leadership to address learners' social/emotional, behavioral, academic, and health concerns

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the actual	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	performance standard	_	
meeting the standard			
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services	The student services	The student services	The student services
professional	professional plans,	professional is often	professional
consistently monitors,	organizes, and	ineffective in planning,	consistently fails to
evaluates, modifies,	manages programs	organizing, and	plan, organize, or
and/or designs	and/or services to meet	managing services to	manage services to meet
program/services that	the diverse needs of all	meet the diverse needs	the diverse needs of all
impact learners.	learners.	of all learners.	learners.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for learners and the learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

Common Indicators

- Remains current in subject/content/field/technology and professional practices
- Provides services in a safe and positive setting
- Presents information and services using varied strategies to meet learner needs and diversity
- ◆ Uses technology as appropriate to deliver services and programs [(Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)4)]
- ◆ Supports a rigorous reading requirement for reading and language arts middle school programs, as applicable (Florida Statute §1003.415)
- ♦ Consults on a continual basis with administration, parents, community agencies, school and support personnel to resolve issues and/or inform on progress related to the provision of programs/services to individual learners

Position-Specific Sample Indicators, but are not limited to:

Career Specialist

- ◆ Presents information and services using varied strategies to meet learner needs and diversity
- ◆ Develops, organizes, and implements the curriculum around the person/social, career, and academic domains and their goals (e.g., conflict resolution, anger management, drop-out prevention, career awareness, planning)

Counselor and TRUST Specialist

- ◆ Presents information and services using varied strategies to meet learner needs and diversity
- Conducts structured group lessons to deliver the guidance curriculum effectively
- Uses accepted theories and effective techniques to provide individual and group developmental preventive, remedial, and/or crisis counseling
- ◆ Develops, organizes, and implements the curriculum around the person/social, career, and academic domains and their goals (e.g., conflict resolution, anger management, drop-out prevention, career awareness, planning)

Staffing Specialist

- ◆ Presents information and services using varied strategies to meet learner needs and diversity
- ◆ Serves as the Local Education Agency (LEA) representative of the M-teams/IEP teams that determines eligibility, placement, and dismissal of special education learners
- ◆ Reviews school level compliance with IDEA, district procedures, curriculum requirements, and Special Policy and Procedures Document (SPP)

School Psychologist

- ◆ Demonstrates knowledge of psychological assessment, strategies, and interventions
- ◆ Collaborates with school staff and other service providers to reach educational decisions in the best interest of the child and to develop/implement appropriate strategies and interventions
- Provides leadership for activities related to mental health

School Social Worker

- ♦ Offers counseling and suggests strategies to meet learner needs and to support learner achievement
- Works with learners and families to change situations that negatively affect student learning
- ♦ Provides crisis management/intervention as needed

Speech/Language Pathologist

- ♦ Uses methods/techniques that are appropriate for stated speech/language objectives and are commensurate with learners' interests and aptitudes
- ◆ Uses a variety of equipment, materials, aids, and augmentative communication devices when appropriate
- ◆ Manages group learning effectively and efficiently by maintaining appropriate discipline
- Maximizes therapy time with clear directions, efficient material distribution, and sufficient therapy activities
- ◆ Provides appropriate information on an informal or formal basis regarding speech and language development, programs and services, and program guidelines

Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services professional consistently demonstrates a high level of performance and utilizes best practices in the delivery of services.	The student services professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for learners and the learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The student services professional often implements services ineffectively to learners and the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The student services professional consistently fails to implement or improperly implements services to the targeted learning community in a manner that is aligned with established standards and guidelines.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

Common Indicators

- Provides accurate feedback to learners, families, and staff on assessment results including state and local assessments
- Uses state and local assessment data to modify strategies/interventions/services/programs
- Demonstrates proficiency in administering, scoring/evaluating, and interpreting data from instruments or records
- ◆ Periodically assesses formally and/or informally and evaluates collection of materials and resources to ensure that the needs of learners and staff are being met

Position-Specific Sample Indicators, but are not limited to:

Career Specialist, Counselor, and TRUST Specialist

- ◆ Uses and applies appropriate technology [(Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)4)]
- ◆ Consults with administration, staff, learners, and families to determine counseling and career guidance services and programs needed for learner achievement

Staffing Specialist

♦ Collects and analyzes data related to special education, instructional programs, learner performance, and operational aspects

School Psychologist

- Prepares comprehensive and objectively written reports that address concerns as well as educational implications
- Uses a variety of formal and informal methods for evaluating learners

School Social Worker

• Gathers anecdotal and statistical evidence for the completion of program objective

Speech/Language Pathologist

- Analyzes records and test results to identify eligibility for services and prepares written reports
- Follows established procedures for screening and testing referred learners
- Participates in the eligibility determination and IEP meetings

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the actual	Improvement	
exceptional, in addition to	performance standard		
meeting the standard	(75	45	2.25
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services	The student services	The student services	The student services
professional	professional gathers,	professional is often	professional
consistently	analyzes, and uses data	ineffective in using data	consistently fails to use
demonstrates expertise	(including FCAT state	to measure and guide	data to measure and
in monitoring current	assessment data, if	learner progress and to	guide progress and to
data to benefit	applicable) to measure	provide timely	provide timely
learner/program	and guide learner or	feedback.	feedback.
outcomes and/or	program progress, and		
supports colleagues in	to provide timely		
understanding and using	feedback.		
data.			

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION: 7 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community and advocates for learners.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

- ◆ Supports, promotes, and communicates the mission, vision, and goals of the school and M-DCPS
- Actively assumes an advocacy role for learners and families
- ♦ Communicates with colleagues from other fields/content areas in the integration of services and/or instruction
- ♦ Communicates with staff, families, and community resources to support the success of a diverse learner population
- ◆ Uses technology to support and enhance communication as appropriate [(Florida Statute §1012.34(3)(a)4)]
- Responds promptly to learner, family, and staff concerns
- ◆ Initiates and maintains communication with parents and members of the learning community regarding learner needs and progress
- ♦ Collaborates with stakeholders when appropriate, such as with students, colleagues, administrators, other school personnel, community members, and families

Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The student services professional uses a variety of communication to inform, network, and/or respond to students, and other stakeholders in a highly effective manner.	The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community and advocates for learners.	The student services professional often communicates ineffectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.	The student services professional consistently fails to communicate effectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM: 7 % OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

The student services professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.

SAMPLE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS of student services work may include, but are not limited to:

- ◆ Follows all applicable legal and procedural requirements [(Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), Code of Ethics, State Statutes and Board Rules, etc.)]
- Delivers services consistent with national and state associations' ethical principles and professional standards of practice
- Demonstrates professional growth through participating in a meaningful and continuous process of professional development
- ♦ Mentors, trains, and/or coaches colleagues
- Maintains confidentiality in the delivery of services in accordance with professional standards and legal procedures
- Follows federal, state, and local laws, and school board rules, guidelines, and policies
- Establishes and maintains professional relationships with administrators, school staff, parents, community members, business and civic organizations
- Maintains accurate records (e.g., attendance records, IEPs and other mandated forms)

Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is	The description is the actual	Improvement	-
exceptional, in addition to	performance standard	-	
meeting the standard			
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The student services	The student services	The student services	The student services
professional	professional	professional often does	professional fails to
consistently	demonstrates behavior	not display professional	adhere to legal, ethical,
demonstrates a high	consistent with legal,	judgment or only	or professional
level of professionalism,	ethical, and	occasionally participates	standards, including all
contributes to the	professional standards	in professional growth.	requirements for
professional growth of	and engages in		professional growth.
others, and assumes a	continuous		
leadership role within	professional growth.		
the learning community.			

PART II PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Student Performance Measures for Teacher Evaluation: Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress for Teachers, Instructional Support Personnel, and Student Services Personnel

Both the recently enacted Senate Bill 736 and the Race To The Top Memorandum of Understanding propose comprehensive educational personnel reform addressing evaluation and compensation of instructional personnel and school administrators. Among the requirements are specifications that 50% of teacher evaluation be based on student learning growth indicators. These indicators are to include student growth measures for courses associated with statewide assessments as well as an appropriate formula for measuring student learning for all other grades and subjects.

The M-DCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group Student Performance Data Point

Student Performance Data Point Recommendations

Recommendations are provided in Appendix G. The applicable performance measures for teachers, instructional support personnel, and student services personnel are included for reference in the chart immediately following each IPEGS Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress section: II-A for teachers; II-B for instructional support personnel; and II-C for student services personnel. To ensure that accurate data cut scores are established for the 2011-2012 school year, a Joint M-DCPS/UTD Student Performance Data Committee will be identified. Committee members will review data results to ensure that the analysis of data by school level and subject areas will accurately reflect appropriate and valid cut scores for evaluation ratings. The ability to specify in detail the district's plan for the student performance part of the teacher evaluation is severely constrained by the lack of availability of actual, realistic working data in both type and extent. As this is the first year of implementation of the FCAT 2.0, with its attendant new standards, scales, and score distributions, there is no indication of what the statistical characteristics of the scores will be. Therefore, specifications of the procedures for combining and categorizing the data must remain provisional and imprecise. Despite these limitations, a series of simulation studies conducted by the M-DCPS office of Assessment, Research, and Data Analysis using historical FCAT data has led to some definitive findings as well as several more broad-spectrum concerns.

- Combining student performance measures across years will require special considerations when teaching classification, course load, and test characteristics change over time. Particularly troubling is the issue of combining three years of data when FCAT tests based on different competencies and items are to be used in the future.
- In general, teachers of subject areas not currently tested by the FCAT would be evaluated based on the Reading performance and Reading learning gains of the students in their classes. Teachers of subjects not tested by the FCAT and having less than a minimum

Student Performance Measures for Teacher Evaluation: Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress for Teachers, Instructional Support Personnel, and Student Services Personnel (Continued)

number of students with FCAT scores in their classroom will be assigned scores based on average schoolwide Reading proficiency and learning gains rather than those of the students in their classes. While this practice may have the benefit of focusing the entire school on reading achievement, it will undoubtedly raise fairness issues that make it difficult to justify.

- Weighted averages of percentages of students with learning gains across three years for each teacher were highly correlated with unweighted approaches. Averages weighted by classroom size were preferred to avoid the potential undue influence of small sample sizes.
- FCAT performance varies greatly across educational grade levels, especially at the high school level. Therefore, cutoffs for classification into the four effectiveness categories will have to be grade-level specific. (Without these accommodations, we may find ourselves in the untenable position of concluding that virtually all our elementary teachers are effective and all our high school teachers are ineffective.)
 - Special learning gains definitions and separate cutoffs for classification may even be necessary for specific grades. For example, the requirement of passing the FCAT for advancement to fourth grade produces differences in state-defined reading learning gains for the student populations in both third and fourth grade classes. Other anomalies occur where differences in the overall percentage of students showing statedefined learning gains may differ by as much as 30 percentage points between grade levels.
 - The new FCAT test will be scaled by an equi-percentile method for the first year resulting in an exact match in performance-level percents at the state level. Scaling of this kind will eliminate overall performance improvements and most likely have a suppressing tendency on observed learning gains at the district, school, and teacher levels.

Student Performance Measures for Teacher Evaluation: Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress for Teachers, Instructional Support Personnel, and Student Services Personnel (Continued)

- Teachers who split their teaching duties between Reading or Mathematics, on the one hand, and subject areas not tested by the FCAT on the other, may require proportional weighting of individual learning gains and schoolwide learning gains.
- Tentative cutoff scores established from the simulation studies, based on historical data, will have to be revisited when the new FCAT data becomes available.

All teachers will have the percentage of students making learning gains averaged over three years and ultimately classified into one of four performance categories (i.e., representing highly effective, effective, developing/needs improvement, and unsatisfactory) for the student achievement portion of their evaluation. Those in the lowest category will receive 25% of the total possible percentage points for this half of the evaluation. Similarly, those in the second highest category will receive half of the possible points, those in the next higher category will receive 75% of the possible points, and those in the highest category will receive the maximum possible points for the student evaluation part of the evaluation. The points from this half of the evaluation will be combined with the points received from the "standards" part of the evaluation to create a unified single rating. It is upon this unified rating that teachers will be finally classified into the final four effectiveness categories.

PART III

Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP)

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INDIVIDUAL PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

GUIDELINES

Pursuant to Florida Statute 1012.98, "school principals must establish and maintain individual professional development plans for each instructional professional." The Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) must:

- be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned;
- define the inservice objective(s) and specific measurable improvements expected in student performance as a result of the inservice activity; and
- include an evaluation component that determines the effectiveness of the professional development plan.

Additionally, the Student Success Act requires that results of the instructional professional's annual evaluation from the prior year be used to inform professional development planning for the current year.

The IPDP is to be completed within the first thirty days of the instructional professional's employment at the work location and may be revised during the school year as needed. The revisions must be mutually agreed upon by the instructional professional and the principal.

The professional development activities shall primarily focus on subject content and teaching methods including:

- Next Generation Sunshine State Standards/Common Core Standards or Subject Area Content
- Instructional Strategies/Pedagogy
- Technology
- Assessment and Data Analysis
- Classroom Management
- Parental Involvement
- School Safety

Professional Development activities listed can include college courses, outside seminars, and District or school-based professional development offerings. To count as a professional development activity for the IPDP, Master Plan Points (MPPs), college/university credit or continuing education units (CEUs) should have been offered to the participating professional.

IPDP PROCEDURES

Development Phase				
Step 1: Conduct an individual needs assessment to determine individual learning needs	Review all that apply:			
Step 2: Identify student needs	Based on the identified student needs, specify the training objectives expected to impact student performance Example of Teacher Objective: To improve math teaching methods			
Step 3: Write a measurable goal for student outcomes	Example of Measurable Goal of expected student outcome: For the current school year, 80% of students will demonstrate a gain of at least 5 points between the fall and spring math assessment.			
Step 4: Identify strategies for meeting goals	 Specify the Professional Development (PD) activity(ies) and date(s) to support each objective. Check all of the PD activities related to completing training objectives? 			
Step 5: Review and approve IPDP	Meet with administrator to review and approve IPDP. Note: The IPDP may be revised at any time as needed.			
Implementation Phase				
Step 6: Participate in PD	Identify PD documentation, methods, and completion dates.			
Step 7: Evaluation PD	Specify the effectiveness of the IPDP by completing the evaluation section of the IPDP.			
Step 8: Participate in review of the IPDP	Completed IPDP form reviewed, signed, and added to the end-of-year documentation.			

IPDP Template



MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Individualized Professional Development Plan (IPDP)

TEACHER NAME	EMPLOY	EE NUMBER	SCHOOL .	
IPDP IMPLEMENTATION PERIO	D			
Student Performance Data	Training Objective(s)	Professional Development Acti	vities	Evaluation
Specify the student performance data and/or results of prior year's evaluation used to form the basis for the IPDP. Data must be related to the students to whom the teacher is assigned. (Check all that apply.) School Improvement Plan	Specify the training objectives expected to impact student performance.	Specify the professional developmer (ies) and dates to support each object Activity Date	ctive(s).	Specify the effectiveness of the IPDP by answering the following: Were the training objectives met? Yes No (If no, why not and what are follow up plans?)
□ Student Achievement Data(e.g., student assessment results, reading inventory scores, FCAT scores, pre/post tests, nine week grades, etc.) □ IPEGS Annual Evaluation from previous year □ Other(specify)	What specific measurable improvements are expected in student achievement as a result of the training activity?	To which of the following is the prodevelopment activity related? (Checapply.) Next Generation Sunshine State Standards/ Common Core Standard Area Content Teaching Methodology Technology Assessment and Data Analysis Classroom Management Parental Involvement School Safety IPEGS Standards: 1234567 Follow-up: Evidence of impact on professional pra	ofessional ck all that ds, Subject	What was mastered and implemented by the teacher as a result of the professional development activities? What were the changes in the educator's professional practice as a result of the professional learning activities? What was the impact of the professional development on student achievement?
	ature Da	☐ Yes ☐ No Ite		

A professional development plan for each instructional employee has been mandated by 1012.98 F.S.
A copy is to be retained by the principal in the teacher's personnel file. This plan may be revised any time as needed.

PART IV EVALUATION FORMS

INTRODUCTION

Part IV contains copies of the forms used during the evaluation *cycle* for teachers, instructional support personnel, and student services personnel. The assessor and the professional use the forms to provide evidence of the quality of work performed. The assessor maintains the forms and provides copies to the professional. The assessor retains originals of the completed Individual Professional Development Plan, documentation cover sheets, observation form(s), and summative forms at the school/worksite.

Table 10: Items Used as Evidence of Quality Work Performance

Form	Documentation Completed by	
	Assessor	Professional
Observation of Standards Form - Teacher, Instructional Support Personnel, or Student Services Personnel	√	
Documentation Cover Sheet and Artifacts (attachments)		✓
Formative Performance Evaluation - Probationary Teacher, Probationary Instructional Support Personnel, or Probationary Student Services Personnel	√	
Summative Performance Evaluation - Teacher, Instructional Support Personnel, or Student Services Personnel	✓	
Improvement Plan (if applicable)	✓	

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM OBSERVATION OF STANDARDS FORM-TEACHER

Teacher:	_Employee No.		School/worksite:	
Contract Status: □ Probationary			☐ Professional Service	☐ Continuing
Observation: □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ _				m.
Grade/Subject Observed: Assessors use this form to document the require targeted performance standard, in which case examples. (For further explanation in completion	d annual formal o "NA" is noted for	bservation or the ot	on of the teacher. The form may a ther standards. Evidence may be	also be used to document a
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARN The teacher identifies and addresses the needs demonstrating respect for individual differences, cultu and learning styles. FEAPS: 1, 2, 3, 4	of learners by	Con	nment Required	
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3:INSTRUCTIONAL PLANT The teacher uses appropriate curricula (includin requirements, if applicable), instructional strategies, develop lesson plans that include goals and/or objectivities, assessment of student learning, and home leaddress the diverse needs of students. FEAPS: 1, 3, 4, 5	g state reading and resources to ectives, learning	Com	nment Required	
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVENGAGEMENT The teacher promotes learning by demonstrating knowledge and by addressing academic needs through appropriate instructional strategies and technolog learners. FEAPs: 2, 3, 4, 5	accurate content ugh a variety of	Con	nment Required	
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT The teacher gathers, analyzes, and uses data (includ state assessment data, as applicable) to measure learne guide instruction, and provide timely feedback. FEAPs: 1, 3, 4, 5		Not	an observable standard – No comme	nt required unless warranted.
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION The teacher communicates effectively with students, families, staff, and other members of the learning comm FEAPs: 2, 4, 5		Not	an observable standard – No comme	nt required unless warranted.
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with le professional standards and engages in continuous profe FEAPS: 5, 6		Not a	an observable standard – No commen	t required unless warranted.
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8: LEARNING ENVIRONM The teacher creates and maintains a safe learning en encouraging fairness, respect, and enthusiasm. FEAP: 2		Con	nment Required	
Comments/Specific Suggestions				
Deficiencies noted in the following performation: Support Dialogue	nce standard(s):	2 \[3 \] Improve	ement Plan	
Signatures acknowledge the occurrence of the post-obs	ervation meeting and	d receipt o	of a copy of the observation form by the	professional.
Assessor's Signature				Date
Taschar's Signatura				Data

Teacher OSF Form

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM OBSERVATION OF STANDARDS FORM-INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT PROFESSIONAL

Professional:		ee No:		
Contract Status: Probationary	☐ Annual	☐ Professiona	al Service	☐ Continuing
Observation: □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □		_		_
Grade/Subject Area/Program Observed:	1.0 1.1		Time: From	
Assessors use this form to document the required a				
document a targeted performance standard, in which negative examples. (For further explanation in comp				
	netion of this form, fer	el to the IFEGS FI	ocedurai Haildoo	OK).
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS The student services professional identifies and addresses the	Comment Requi	ired		
needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respec				
for individual differences, and understanding of cultures backgrounds, and learning styles.	,			
FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6				
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	Commont Bossi	ino d		
The student services professional plans, organizes, and manager	S Comment Requi	irea		
programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of al	1			
learners. FEAPs: 1, 3, 5, 6				
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY The student services professional uses knowledge o	f Comment Requir	red		
subject/content/field/technology to implement services fo				
learners and the learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	1			
FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 5				
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT	Not an observat	ole standard – No co	mment required u	nless warranted
The student services professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data	a	no standard 110 00	mmem required a	incoo warrantea.
(including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely				
feedback.	,			
FEAPs: 1, 3, 4				
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION	Not an observat	ole standard – No co	mment required u	nless warranted.
The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the	ı		•	
learning community and advocates for learners.				
FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5				
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM	Not an observab	le standard – No coi	mment required u	nless warranted.
The student services professional demonstrates behavio	r		•	
consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	1			
FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6				
Comments/Specific Suggestions				
comments, specific suggestions				
If performance is unsatisfactor			ppropriate boxes	. .
Deficiencies noted in the following performance sta				
Assessor Action: Support Dialogue	Improvemen			
Signatures acknowledge the occurrence of the post-observation n	neeting and receipt of a copy	y of the observation form	n by the professional	
			_	S .
Assessor's Signature			I	Date
Professional's Signature				Date
		Iı	nstructional Support	Personnel OSF Form

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM OBSERVATION OF STANDARDS FORM-STUDENT SERVICES PROFESSIONAL

Professional:	E	mployee No.	Work	site:	
Contract Status: ☐ Probationary	☐ Annual		☐ Professional S	Service	☐ Continuing
Observation: □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □					
Grade/Subject Area/Program Observed:			Date:	Time: From_	To
Assessors use this form to document the require	ed annual for	mal observatio	n of the professi	onal. The form ma	y also be used to
document a targeted performance standard, in	which case "	NA" is noted	for the other sta	ndards. Evidence	may be positive
and/or negative examples. (For further explanat	ion in comple	etion of this fo	rm, refer to the I	PEGS Procedural I	Handbook.)
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNER The student services professional identifies and addresses the target learning community by demonstrating respect for differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, a styles. FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6	the needs of or individual	Comment Red	quired		
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT The student services professional plans, organizes, an programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all le FEAPs: 1, 4, 5, 6	-	Comment Red	quired		
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY The student services professional uses know subject/content/field/technology to implement services for the learning community consistent with established staguidelines. FEAPs: 4		Comment Req	uired		
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT The student services professional gathers, analyzes, an (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to r guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely fe FEAPs: 1, 3, 4	neasure and	Not an observ	rable standard – No	comment required unl	ess warranted.
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION The student services professional communicates effect learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members that community and advocates for learners. FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		Not an observ	vable standard – No	comment required unl	ess warranted.
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM The student services professional demonstrates behavior with legal, ethical, and professional standards and continuous professional growth. FEAPs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		Not an observ	able standard – No	comment required unle	ess warranted.
Comments/Specific Suggestions	ı.				
If performance is unsatisf					S.
Deficiencies noted in the following performance	e standard(s):				
Assessor Action: Support Dialogue		Improveme	_	1 1 0 1	
Signatures acknowledge the occurrence of the post-observa	ition meeting and	receipt of a copy	of the observation fo	orm by the professional	•
Assessor's Signature			D:	ate	
Professional's Signature			Da	student	Services OSF Form
				Studellt	POTATORS OPE, LOUIS

REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION DESCRIPTION

What is "Required Documentation"?

Required documentation:

- is a packet of evidence stapled to the *Documentation Cover Sheet* in the upper-left-hand corner and submitted to the assessor 35 calendar days prior to the last day of the school year for professionals.
- should be available as reference at the summative performance evaluation meeting.
- is one component of a multi-source evaluation and complements the observation components of IPEGS.
- is limited to the required documentation listed on the cover sheet.
- is a work in progress; it is to be continually developed throughout the evaluation period.
- should be user-friendly (neat, organized).
- is returned to the professional after review by the assessor.
- belongs to the employee (even if the employee changes schools or leaves the school district).

For how long is documentation kept?

For the current evaluation year

What items are required for the summative performance evaluation meeting?

The cover sheet and items listed in the table below

	rformance andard	Required Items at the Summative Evaluation Meeting
	Learner Progress	 Pursuant to the Student Success Act 50% of the Evaluation will be based upon data and indicators of student learning growth Definition of appropriate learner progress measures compliant with F. S. 1012.34 will be provided by the Assessment, Research, and Data Analysis Office.
2.	Knowledge of Learners	No item is required as knowledge of learners is observed during the classroom observation.
3.	Instructional Planning	None. Lesson plans are available before, during and after the formal observation.
4.	Instructional Delivery and Engagement	None, as instructional materials are observed during a formal observation.
5.	Assessment	None. See appropriate evidence of assessment data (e.g., state and local assessments, student work folder, electronic data, IEP).
6.	Communication	Summarize effective <i>Communication with stakeholders</i> — sample form provided (e.g., teachers may print records or provide their own documentation).
7.	Professionalism	Summarize <i>Professional Development/Professional Growth Experiences</i> – (e.g., Center for Professional Learning record of inservice, professional development, workshop certificates, college transcripts, conferences, National Board Certification) from the current evaluation period.
8.	Learning Environment	None, as the learning environment is observed during the classroom observation.

IPEGS DOCUMENTATION COVER SHEET

Professional's Name:		Employee Number:		
Assesso	or's Name:	School Year		
in the u of the se	pper left hand corner. Submit the packet	s in sequential order behind this cover sheet and staple to your assessor 35 calendar days prior to the last day ill review the submission and make evaluative notes in		
Check if submitted	Required Item			
	made in instructional delivery and stude completion of professional development the college/university credit during the evaluati	growth experiences growth experiences that contributed to the improvements ent achievement – Provide evidence of the successful at result in the accumulation of Master Plan Points and/or on year. Additionally, professionals may provide evidence the IPDP is not a part of the IPEGS evaluation.		
	Assessor Evaluative Notes			
	Communication			
		unicates with stakeholders (e.g., families, staff, faculty, and		
Review	•			
Assesso	r's Signature:	Date:		

Sample Communication Log

Date	Person	Purpose	Mode	Notes
		•	☐ Mtg /Conf	
			Email Note/Letter	
			☐ Note/Letter ☐ Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			□ Note/Letter	
			Telephone Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Mtg./Coll.	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter	
			☐ Telephone	
			Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter	
			Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			☐ Note/Letter ☐ Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			☐ Note/Letter	
			Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			Email Note/Letter	
			☐ Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter	
			☐ Note/Letter ☐ Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter	
			Note/Letter	
			Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf. ☐ Email	
			☐ Note/Letter	
			☐ Telephone	
			Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter	
			Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			☐ Note/Letter ☐ Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			☐ Note/Letter	
			Telephone	
			☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			Email Note/Letter	
			☐ Telephone	
			Mtg./Conf.	
			☐ Email	
			Telephone	
			☐ Email ☐ Note/Letter ☐ Telephone ☐ Mtg./Conf.	
			I I Email	
			Note/Letter	
			Telephone Mtg /Conf	
			Mtg/Conf. Email Note/Letter Telephone	
			Note/Letter	
		ofessional of communication with s	Telephone	

^{*} Documentation should be maintained by the professional of communication with stakeholders (e.g., families, staff, faculty, students).

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM FORMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-PROBATIONARY TEACHER ONLY

Probationary Contract Teacher:			Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:	_School Year: _	Current Assignment:			
Area(s) of Certification:			_Date(s) of Obse	ervation:	
Contract Status:	tionary	nnual	☐ Professional So	ervice	☐ Continuing
Documentation Reviewed	Required Documentation	Observation	Other		
Directions: Assessors use this for Probationary Contract Standard appears in bol teacher receives a copy signed form is placed in	Status Teacher with an a d on the rubric. The ass of the form. A commen	ussessment of th sessor and the t at must be prov	eir performanc eacher initial e ided for any ra	e. The actua ach page of	l performanc this form. Th
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 1: LEARNER PROGRESS				
Place a check in the box,					
Comments (Optional)					
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEA	RNERS			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Devel	oping/Needs provement	Unsa	tisfactory
The teacher consistently meets the individual and diverse needs of learners in a highly effective manner.	The teacher identifies and addresses the needs of learners by demonstrating respect for individual differences, cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.	often ineffe demonstrati and underst needs of the	ng knowledge anding of the target learning	target learnin fails consiste	the needs of the g community or ntly to make ccommodations
Comments					
				Assessor In	

Probationary Contract To	eacher:	Employ	yee Number:		
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:		
PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING					
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory		
The teacher consistently creates, evaluates and modifies, as appropriate, instructional strategies during the planning process.	The teacher uses appropriate curricula (including state reading requirements, if applicable), instructional strategies, and resources to develop lesson plans that include goals and/or objectives, learning activities, assessment of student learning, and home learning in order to address the diverse needs of students.	The teacher attempts to use appropriate curricula, instructional strategies, and/or resources to address the diverse needs of students during the planning process, but is often ineffective; and/or the teacher attempts to develop lesson plans but lacks one or more of the four basic components.	The teacher consistently demonstrates a lack of planning or fails to properly address the curriculum in meeting the diverse needs of all learners.		
Comments					
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 4: INSTRUCTIONAL DEL	IVERY AND ENGAGEMENT			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory		
The teacher consistently optimizes learning by engaging all groups of students in higher-order thinking and by effectively implementing a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies.	The teacher promotes learning by demonstrating accurate content knowledge and by addressing academic needs through a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies that engage learners.	The teacher attempts to use instructional strategies or technology to engage students, but is often ineffective or needs additional content knowledge.	The teacher lacks content knowledge or fails consistently to implement instructional strategies to academically engage learners.		
Comments					
			Assessor Initials:Professional Initials:		

Probationary Contract T	'eacher:	Emplo	Page 3 of 4 syee Number:
		_	School Year:
SCHOOL WOLKSILE:		vvork location#;	SCHOOL LEAF:
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	on 5. Acceccment		
Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is exceptional,	The description is the actual	Improvement	Clisatisfactory
in addition to meeting the standard	performance standard	Improvement	
The teacher consistently demonstrates expertise in using a variety of formal and informal assessments based on intended learning outcomes to assess learning. Also teaches learners how to monitor and reflect on their own	The teacher gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, as applicable) to measure learner progress, guide instruction, and provide timely feedback.	The teacher attempts to use a selection of assessment strategies to link assessment to learning outcomes, or uses assessment to plan/modify instruction, but is often ineffective.	The teacher consistently fails to use baseline data to make instructional decisions and/or fails to provide feedback on learner progress in a timely manner.
academic progress.			
Comments			
Proposition of Cream and C			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR			77
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The teacher consistently	The teacher	The teacher often	The teacher consistently fails to
uses a variety of	communicates effectively	communicates with students,	communicate effectively with
communication techniques	with students, their	staff, and other members of the	students, staff and other
to inform, collaborate with,	parents or families, staff,	learning community in an	members of the learning
and/or respond to students	and other members of the	inconsistent or ineffective	community.
and other stakeholders in a	learning community.	manner.	
highly effective manner.			
Comments			

Probationary Contract Teacher:		Emp	Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:		
PERFORMANCE STANDA	RD 7: PROFESSIONALISM	M			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory		
The teacher consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and/or assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The teacher often fails to display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The teacher fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.		
Comments					
PERFORMANCE STANDA			TI (1.0.)		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory		
The teacher consistently provides a well-managed, stimulating, student-centered environment that is academically challenging and respectful.	The teacher creates and maintains a safe learning environment while encouraging fairness, respect, and enthusiasm.	The teacher attempts to address student behavior and needs required for a safe, positive, social, and academic environment, but is often ineffective.	The teacher consistently addresses student behavior in an ineffective manner and/or fails to maintain a safe, equitable learning environment.		
Comments					
	Formative Evalu	uation Signatures of Recor	rd		
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting the formative evaluation meeting. Date					
Professional's Signature Signature denotes the formative meet	ing occurred	Date			
Ö	Professional attached, if	^c applicable. Date: _			
Formative Evaluation Status (Completed by the Site Administrator) Performance to date is at an "Effective" or better level Performance to date is at a "Developing" level Performance to date is "Unsatisfactory" level					
Principal/Site Administra *Attach the first IPEGS Observation in the professional's schoolsite/world	of Standards Form to this formative	evaluation. Provide a copy of both docum	ents to the professional and place the original		

in the professional's schoolsite/work location personnel file.

Pursuant to Florida Statute §1012.31 (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM FORMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT PROFESSIONAL ONLY

Probationary Contract P	Probationary Contract Professional: Employee Number:		nployee Number:				
School/Worksite:	School	Year: Curren	t Assignment:				
Area(s) of Certification:		Date(s) o	f Observation:				
Contract Status: ☐ Proba Documentation Reviewed		Deservation Professional Service Other	Continuing				
<u>Directions</u> Assessors use this form after conducting the first observation of the school year to provide the Probationary Contract Status Professional with an assessment of their performance. The actual performance standard appears in bold on the rubric. The assessor and the professional initial each page of this form. The professional receives a copy of the form. A comment must be provided for any rating below effective. The signed form is placed in the professional's schoolsite/work location personnel file.							
PERFORMANCE STANDAR							
Place a check in the box, A discussion has	as been held regard	ling student perfor	rmance data.				
Comments (Optional)							
PEDEODMANCE STANDAD	D 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEAR	NEDC					
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory				
The instructional support professional consistently addresses the needs of the target learning community in a highly effective manner.	The instructional support professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.	The instructional support professional attempts, but is often ineffective in demonstrating knowledge and understanding of the needs of the target learning community.	The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a lack of awareness of the needs of the target learning community or fails consistently to make appropriate accommodations to meet those needs.				
Comments							
Comments							
			Assessor Initials: Professional Initials:				

Probationary Contract Professional: Employee Number			Employee Number:
School/Worksite:		Work Locat	tion#:School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDA	RD 3: PROGRAM MANAGI	EMENT	
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The instructional support professional consistently monitors, evaluates, modifies and/or designs programs/services that impact learners.	The instructional support professional plans, organizes, promotes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The instructional support professional is often ineffective in planning, organizing, and managing services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to plan, organize, or manage services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	d 4: Program Delivery		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a high level of performance and utilizes best practices in the delivery of services.	The instructional support professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/ technology to implement services for the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The instructional support professional often implements services ineffectively to the targeted learning community based on established standards and guidelines.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to implement services to the targeted learning community in a manner that is aligned with established standards and guidelines.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 5: ASSESSMENT		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates expertise in monitoring current data to benefit learner/program outcomes and/or supports colleagues in understanding and using data.	The instructional support professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.	The instructional support professional is often ineffective in gathering, analyzing, and using data to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to gather, analyze, or use data to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.
Comments			
			Assessor Initials: Professional Initials:

Probationary Contract Pro	ofessional:	Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:School Year:		
PERFORMANCE STANDARD	6: COMMUNICATION			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The instructional support professional uses a variety of communication to inform, network, and/or respond to students, and other stakeholders in a high effective manner.	The instructional support professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.	The instructional support professional often communicates ineffectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to communicate effectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.	
Comments				
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 7: PROFESSIONALISM			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and/or assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The instructional support professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The instructional support professional often does not display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The instructional support professional fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.	
Comments				
	Formative Evaluati	ion Signatures of Record		
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting	the formative evaluation meeting.	Date		
Professional's Signature Signature denotes the formative meetin		Date		
☐ Written Response by H	Professional attached, if app	plicable. Date:		
Performance to date Performance to date	is at an "Effective" or being at a "Developing" level is "Unsatisfactory" level	tter level		
Principal/Site Administra	tor's Signature/Date			
	on of Standards Form to this format onal's schoolsite/work location personal		th documents to the professional and	

Pursuant to Florida Statute §1012.31 (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM FORMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-STUDENT SERVICES PROFESSIONAL ONLY

Probationary Contract Professional:		Emp	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:	School Y	ear:Current Assi	gnment:	
Area(s) of Certification:		Date(s) of Obse	ervation:	
Contract Status:	tionary	☐ Professional Service	ce Continuing	
Documentation Reviewed	1: Required Documentation	Observation Other		
Probationary Contract performance standard ap of this form. The profes below effective. The sign PERFORMANCE STANDAR Place a check in the box,	Status Professional with ppears in bold on the rubrasional receives a copy of a ned form is placed in the proceed in the proceeding in the pr	a an assessment of the ic. The assessor and the the form. A comment mu ofessional's schoolsite/wo		
Comments(Optional)				
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARN	NERS		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The student services professional often addresses the needs of the target learning community in a highly effective manner.	The student services professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.	The student services professional attempts, but is often ineffective in demonstrating knowledge and understanding of the needs of the target learning community.	The student services professional consistently demonstrates a lack of awareness of the needs of the target learning community or fails consistently to make appropriate accommodations to meet those needs.	
Comments				
			Assessor Initials:	
			Professional Initials:	

Probationary Contract P	rofessional:	Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:		Work Location #:School Year:		
PERFORMANCE STANDA	ARD 3: PROGRAM MANAG	EEMENT		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The student services professional consistently monitors, evaluates, modifies, and/or designs program/services that impact learners.	The student services professional plans, organizes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The student services professional is often ineffective in planning, organizing, and managing services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The student services professional consistently fails to plan, organize, or manage services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	
Comments				
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The student services professional consistently demonstrates a high level of performance and utilizes best practices in the delivery of services.	The student services professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for learners and the learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The student services professional often implements services ineffectively to learners and the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The student services professional consistently fails to implement or improperly implements services to the targeted learning community in a manner that is aligned with established standards and guidelines.	
Comments				
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 5: ASSESSMENT			
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	
The student services professional consistently demonstrates expertise in monitoring current data to benefit learner/program outcomes and/or supports colleagues in understanding and using data.	The student services professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.	The student services professional is often ineffective in using data to measure and guide learner progress and to provide timely feedback.	The student services professional consistently fails to use data to measure and guide progress and to provide timely feedback.	
Comments				
			Assessor Initials: Professional Initials:	

Probationary Contract Pro	ofessional:	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:		Work Location #:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDARD	6: COMMUNICATION		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The student services professional often designs or implements model communication programs, services, or techniques that result in improved collaboration with others to enhance learning.	The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community and advocates for learners.	The student services professional often communicates ineffectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.	The student services professional consistently fails to communicate effectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 7: PROFESSIONALISM		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
The student services professional consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The student services professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The student services professional often does not display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The student services professional fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.
Comments			
	Formative Evaluati	on Signatures of Record	l
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting	the formative evaluation meeting.	Date	
Professional's Signature Signature denotes the formative meetin	ng occurred.	Date	
Written Response by H	Professional attached, if app	plicable. Date:	
Performance to date Performance to date	is at an "Effective" or being at a "Developing" level is "Unsatisfactory" level	tter level	
Principal/Site Administra	tor's Signature/Date		
•	_	ive evaluation. Provide a copy of l	both documents to the professional and

place the original in the professional's schoolsite/work location personnel file.

Pursuant to Florida Statute §1012.31 (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM SUMMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-TEACHER

Teacher:			Employee Nun	nber:
School/Worksite:	School	School Year: Current Assignment:		signment:
Area(s) of Certification: _			Date(s) of Obs	servation:
Contract Status: Probation	ary	1	☐ Professional Service	☐ Continuing
Documentation Reviewed:	☐ Required Documentation ☐ O	bservation	Other	
The actual performance spage of this form. The te	t the end of the school year tandard appears in bold on acher receives a copy of the n is submitted to the district	the rubric. e form. A co	The assessor and omment must be p	the professional initials ea provided for any rating belo
50% of an instruction annually and me assessments, by dit to Performance St	statute 1012.34 F.S., as an etional personnel's evaluate asured by statewide assestrict assessments as specificandard 1: Learner Progress	ion must bo ssments or ied in 1008. ss.	e based on studer, for subjects n 22 (8). In IPEGS	nt learning growth assessed to measured by statewich, the 50% weighting appli
PERFORMANCE STANI Highly Effective	DARD 1: LEARNER PROGRESS: Effective			
nigilly Effective	Effective		eloping/Needs provement	Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points		rcentage points	12.5 percentage points
	ee Standard 1: Learner I		mprise 50% of th	percentage points e total evaluation
D				D
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard		Peveloping/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 /	percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently meets the individual and diverse needs of learners in a highly effective manner.	The teacher identifies and addresses the needs of learners by demonstrating respect for individual differences, cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.	The teacher often ineffe demonstrat understand	attempts, but is	The teacher consistently demonstrates a lack of awareness of the needs of the target learning community or fails consistently to make appropriate accommodations to meet those needs.
Comments				
				Assessor Initials:
				Teacher Initials:

Teacher:	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:	Work Location#:	School Year:

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3: INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently creates, evaluates and modifies, as appropriate, instructional strategies during the planning process.	The teacher uses appropriate curricula (including state reading requirements, if applicable), instructional strategies, and resources to develop lesson plans that include goals and/or objectives, learning activities, assessment of student learning, and home learning in order to address the diverse needs of students.	The teacher attempts to use appropriate curricula, instructional strategies, and/or resources to address the diverse needs of students during the planning process, but is often ineffective; and/or the teacher attempts to develop lesson plans but lacks one or more of the four basic components.	The teacher consistently demonstrates a lack of planning or fails to properly address the curriculum in meeting the diverse needs of all learners.
Comments			

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY AND ENGAGEMENT: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS

I EKFUKWIANCE STANDAKD	4: INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVER	I AND ENGAGEMENT. 0 /0 (OF TOTAL TOSSIBLE TOINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
8 percentage points	6 percentage points	4 percentage points	2 percentage points
The teacher consistently optimizes learning by engaging all groups of students in higher-order thinking and by effectively implementing a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies.	The teacher promotes learning by demonstrating accurate content knowledge and by addressing academic needs through a variety of appropriate instructional strategies and technologies that engage learners.	The teacher attempts to use instructional strategies or technology to engage students, but is often ineffective or needs additional content knowledge.	The teacher lacks content knowledge or fails consistently to implement instructional strategies to academically engage learners.
Comments			

Assessor Initials:	
Teacher Initials:	

Employee Number:

School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDARI	D 5: ASSESSMENT: 6% OF T	OTAL POSSIBLE POINTS	
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
6 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	3 percentage points	1.5 percentage points
The teacher consistently demonstrates expertise in using a variety of formal and informal assessments based on intended learning outcomes to assess learning. Also teaches learners how to monitor and reflect on their own academic progress.	The teacher gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, as applicable) to measure learner progress, guide instruction, and provide timely feedback.	The teacher attempts to use a selection of assessment strategies to link assessment to learning outcomes, or uses assessment to plan/modify instruction, but is often ineffective.	The teacher consistently fails to use baseline data to make instructional decisions and/or fails to provide feedback on learner progress in a timely manner.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional,	Effective The description is the actual	OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
in addition to meeting the standard	performance standard	-	
6 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	3 percentage points	1.5 percentage points
The teacher consistently uses a variety of communication techniques to inform, collaborate with, and/or respond to students and other stakeholders in a highly effective manner.	The teacher communicates effectively with students, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community.	The teacher often communicates with students, staff, and other members of the learning community in an inconsistent or ineffective manner.	The teacher consistently fails to communicate effectively with students, staff and other members of the learning community.
Comments			
			Assessor Initials:
			Teacher Initials:

Teacher: _____

Teacher:		Employee Numb	er:
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	rd 7: Professionalism: 6	% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINT	rs
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
6 percentage points The teacher consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and/or assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	4.5 percentage points The teacher demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	3 percentage points The teacher often fails to display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	1.5 percentage points The teacher fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 8: LEARNING ENVIRONM	MENT: 8% OF TOTAL POSSIBI	LE POINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
8 percentage points The teacher consistently provides a well-managed, stimulating, student-centered environment that is academically challenging and respectful.	6 percentage points The teacher creates and maintains a safe learning environment while encouraging fairness, respect, and enthusiasm.	4 percentage points The teacher attempts to address student behavior and needs required for a safe, positive, social, and academic environment, but is often ineffective.	2 percentage points The teacher consistently addresses student behavior in an ineffective manner and/or fails to maintain a safe, equitable learning environment.
Comments			
Subtotal of Performan	ce Standards 2 through	8	
<u> </u>			Assessor Initials:
			Teacher Initials:

	Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:	Work Location#:	School Year:	
Subtotal of Performance Standard 1:		percentage points	
Subtotal of Performance Standards 2 through	8:	percentage points	
PEGS Summative Performance Unified Ratin	ng	percentage points	
Range for Unified Rating			
Highly Effective – 89 percentage points to 100 j	percentage points		
Effective – 74 percentage points to 88 percentage	ge points		
☐ Developing* — 37 percentage points to 73 percentage	ntage points		
Needs Improvement – 37 percentage points to '	73 percentage points		
Unsatisfactory – 0 percentage points to 36 percentage	entage points		
*A rating of "Developing" may only be assigned to	professionals in their first	three (3) years of teaching	
Signatu	ires of Record		
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting the summative evaluation meeting.	Date	·	
Teacher's Signature Signature denotes the meeting occurred.	Date	e	
Written Response by Professional attached, if ap	oplicable. Date:		
	oplicable. Date:		
	nployment pending recei		
Recommendation by the Site Administrator Provisional recommendation for continued en	nployment pending recei	pt of student performa	

Signature denotes final determination of the ratings and recommendation for continued employment.

The professional will receive a copy of the form prior to when the form is submitted to the district.

Pursuant to Florida Statute $\S1012.31$ (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

 $Instructional\ Support\ Professional\ Initials: _$

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM SUMMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT PROFESSIONAL

Professional:			_ Employee	Number:
School/Worksite:		_School Year:	C	urrent Assignment:
Area(s) of Certification: _			Date(s) of (Observation:
Contract Status: Probati	onary Annual	Profe	ssional Service	☐ Continuing
Documentation Reviewed	: ☐ Required Documentation ☐ IPI	DP Dobservation	o Other	
performance. The actua professional initials each	n at the end of the school al performance standard ap a page of this form. The profe below effective. The signed fo ures.	pears in bold essional receive	l on the ru es a copy of	bric. The assessor and the form. A comment must b
least 50% of an i assessed annually statewide assessn	e statute 1012.34 F.S., as a instructional personnel's evy and measured by statewnents, by district assessments to Performance Standard	valuation must vide assessmen nts as specific	t be based nts or, for ed in 1008	on student learning growth subjects not measured by
	D 1: LEARNER PROGRESS: 50%			
Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/ Improven		Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points	25 percentag	e points	12.5 percentage points
Subtotal Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress percentage		percentage points		
	ance Standards 2 through pport personnel.	8 together co	mprise 50%	6 of the total evaluation fo
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNE	RS: 9 % OF TOT	TAL POSSIBL	E POINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developin Improv	ng/Needs	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percent		2.5 percentage points
The instructional support professional consistently addresses the needs of the target learning community in a	The instructional support professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for	The instructional professional atte often ineffective demonstrating k understanding of the target learning	empts, but is e in nowledge and f the needs of	The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a lack of awareness of the needs of the target learning community or fails consistently to make appropriate accommodations to meet those needs.
highly effective manner.	individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.			
	understanding of cultures,			
highly effective manner.	understanding of cultures,			

Professional:		Emplo	oyee Number:
School/Worksite:		Work Location#: _	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDA	RD 3: PROGRAM MANAGEM	ENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSS	SIBLE POINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional support professional consistently monitors, evaluates, modifies, and/or designs programs/services that impact learners.	The instructional support professional plans, organizes, promotes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The instructional support professional is often ineffective in planning, organizing, and managing services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to plan, organize, or manage services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY: 9°	% of Total Possible Po	OINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points
The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a high level of performance and utilizes best practices in the delivery of services.	The instructional support professional uses knowledge of subject/content/field/technology to implement services for the targeted learning community consistent with established standards and guidelines.	The instructional support professional often implements services ineffectively to the targeted learning community based on established standards and guidelines.	The instructional support professional consistently fails to implement services to the targeted learning community in a manner that is aligned with established standards and guidelines.
Comments			
			Assessor Initials:

Instructional Support Professional Initials:

Professional:		Employee Number:		
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:	
Deneodataside Colare and	D 5: ASSESSMENT: 9 % OF TO	TAL DOGGIDLE DODGE		
Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory	
The professional's work is	The description is the actual	Improvement	Chisatisfactory	
exceptional, in addition to meeting	performance standard	improvement		
the standard				
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.5 percentage points	
The instructional support	The instructional support	The instructional support	The instructional support	
professional consistently	professional gathers,	professional is often	professional consistently fails	
demonstrates expertise in	analyzes, and uses data	ineffective in gathering,	to gather, analyze, or use	
monitoring current data to	(including FCAT state	analyzing, and using data	data to measure and guide	
benefit learner/program	assessment data, if	to measure and guide	learner or program progress,	
outcomes and/or supports	applicable) to measure and	learner or program	and to provide timely	
colleagues in understanding	guide learner or program	progress, and to provide	feedback.	
and using data.	progress, and to provide	timely feedback.		
	timely feedback.		<u></u>	
Comments				
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	D 6: COMMUNICATION: 7 % C	OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINT	S	
Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs	Unsatisfactory	
The professional's work is exceptional, in	The description is the actual performance	Improvement	January 1	
addition to meeting the standard	standard	_	177	
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points	
The instructional support	The instructional support	The instructional support	The instructional support	
professional uses a variety of	professional communicates	professional often	professional consistently fails	
communication techniques to	effectively with learners,	communicates	to communicate effectively	
inform, network, and/or	their parents and/or	ineffectively with students,	with students, staff, and/or	
respond to students, and	families, staff, and other	staff, and/or other members	other members of the	
other stakeholders in a highly	members of the learning	of the learning community.	learning community.	
effective manner.	community.			
Comments				
			Assessor Initials:	
		Instructional Sup	port Professional Initials:	

Instructional Support Professional:		Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:		Work Location#:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STAND	ARD 7: PROFESSIONALISM: 7		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The instructional support professional consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and/or assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The instructional support professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The instructional support professional often does not display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The instructional support professional fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.
Comments			

Assessor Initials:	
Instructional Support Professional Initials:	

percentage points

Subtotal of Performance Standards 2 through 7

Instructional Support Professional:	F	Employee Number:
School/Worksite:	Work Location#:	School Year:
Subtotal of Performance Standard 1:		percentage points
Subtotal of Performance Standards 2 through 7:		percentage points
IPEGS Summative Performance Unified Rating		percentage points
Range for Unified Rating		
Highly Effective – 89 percentage points to 100 percentage	entage points	
Effective – 74 percentage points to 88 percentage po	ints	
☐ Developing* — 37 percentage points to 73 percentage	points	
■ Needs Improvement – 37 percentage points to 73 per	ercentage points	
Unsatisfactory – 0 percentage points to 36 percentage	ge points	
*A rating of "Developing" may only be assigned to prof	essionals in their first thi	ree (3) years of teaching.
Signatures	of Record	
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting the summative evaluation meeting.	Date	
Professional's Signature Signature denotes the meeting occurred.	Date	
Written Response by Professional attached, if applica	able. Date:	
Recommendation by the Site Administrator		
Provisional recommendation for continued emplo data	yment pending receipt	of student performance
Recommended	Not recommended	
for continued employment for	or continued employmen	t
Principal/Site Administrator's Signature/Date		

Signature denotes final determination of the ratings and recommendation for continued employment.

The professional will receive a copy of the form prior to when the form is submitted to the district.

Pursuant to Florida Statute §1012.31 (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

Miami-Dade County Public Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND GROWTH SYSTEM SUMMATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION-STUDENT SERVICES PROFESSIONAL

SUMMATIVI	E PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	DN-STUDENT SERVICE	S PROFESSIONAL
Professional:		Er	mployee Number:
School/Worksite:	Sch	nool Year:Cu	rrent Assignment:
Area(s) of Certification:		Date(s) of Observation:	
Contract Status: Probation Documentation Reviewed:	nary	Professional Service	Continuing
performance. The actual professional initials each p	performance standard apporage of this form. The profess low effective. The signed for	ears in bold on the ional receives a copy o	essional with an assessment of rubric. The assessor and the of the form. A comment must be district office as indicated by the
least 50% of an insassessed annually statewide assessme	structional personnel's eval and measured by statewid	luation must be based le assessments or, fo s as specified in 100	the Student Success Act, at d on student learning growth or subjects not measured by 08.22(8). In IPEGS, the 50%
PERFORMANCE STANDARD	1: LEARNER PROGRESS: 50% (OF TOTAL POSSIBLE PO	INTS
Highly Effective		Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
50 percentage points	37.5 percentage points 2.	5 percentage points	12.5 percentage points
Subtotal Performance Standard 1: Learner Progress percentage points		percentage points	
Note: IPEGS Performa student services p	_	together comprise 5	0% of the total evaluation for
	2: KNOWLEDGE OF LEARNERS		
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage poin	
The student services professional often addresses the needs of the target learning community in a highly effective manner.	The student services professional identifies and addresses the needs of the target learning community by demonstrating respect for individual differences, and understanding of cultures, backgrounds, and learning styles.	The student services professional attempts, but is often ineffective in demonstrating knowledge a understanding of the needs the target learning communication.	demonstrates a lack of awareness of the needs of the target learning community or
Comments			

Student Services Profession	nal:	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:		Work Location #:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	RD 3: PROGRAM MANAGE	MENT: 9 % OF TOTAL POSS	SIBLE POINTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services professional consistently monitors, evaluates, modifies, and/or designs program/services that impact learners.	The student services professional plans, organizes, and manages programs and/or services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The student services professional is often ineffective in planning, organizing, and managing services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.	The student services professional consistently fails to plan, organize, or manage services to meet the diverse needs of all learners.
Comments			
Highly Effective	9 4: PROGRAM DELIVERY: 9 Effective	% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE PO	DINTS Unsatisfactory
The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	The description is the actual performance standard	Improvement	·
9 percentage points	6.75 percentage points	4.5 percentage points	2.25 percentage points
The student services professional consistently	The student services professional uses	The student services professional often	The student services professional consistently
demonstrates a high level of	knowledge of	implements services	fails to implement or
performance and utilizes best	subject/content/field/	ineffectively to learners and	improperly implements
practices in the delivery of	technology to implement	the targeted learning	services to the targeted
services.	services for learners and	community consistent with	learning community in a
	the learning community	established standards and	manner that is aligned with
	consistent with established standards and guidelines.	guidelines.	established standards and guidelines.
Comments			
			Assessor Initials:
		Student Services	Professional Initials:

Student Services Professiona	al:	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:		Work Location #:School Year:	
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	ED 5: ASSESSMENT: 9 % OF	TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS	
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
9 percentage points The student services professional consistently demonstrates expertise in monitoring current data to benefit learner/program outcomes and/or supports colleagues in understanding and using data.	6.75 percentage points The student services professional gathers, analyzes, and uses data (including FCAT state assessment data, if applicable) to measure and guide learner or program progress, and to provide timely feedback.	4.5 percentage points The student services professional is often ineffective in using data to measure and guide learner progress and to provide timely feedback.	2.25 percentage points The student services professional consistently fails to use data to measure and guide progress and to provide timely feedback.
Comments			
PERFORMANCE STANDAR	ED 6: COMMUNICATION: 7 %	% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POIN	VTS
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The student services professional often designs or implements model communication programs, services, or techniques that result in improved collaboration with others to enhance learning.	The student services professional communicates effectively with learners, their parents or families, staff, and other members of the learning community and advocates for learners.	The student services professional often communicates ineffectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.	The student services professional consistently fails to communicate effectively with students, staff, and/or other members of the learning community.
Comments			
Comments			
		Q. 3 . Q	Assessor Initials:
		Student Se	rvices Professional Initials:

Student Services Professiona	l:	Employee Number:	
School/Worksite:		Work Location #:	School Year:
PERFORMANCE STANDARD	7: Professionalism: 7	% OF TOTAL POSSIBLE POINT	TS .
Highly Effective The professional's work is exceptional, in addition to meeting the standard	Effective The description is the actual performance standard	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory
7 percentage points	5.25 percentage points	3.5 percentage points	1.75 percentage points
The student services professional consistently demonstrates a high level of professionalism, contributes to the professional growth of others, and assumes a leadership role within the learning community.	The student services professional demonstrates behavior consistent with legal, ethical, and professional standards and engages in continuous professional growth.	The student services professional often does not display professional judgment or only occasionally participates in professional growth.	The student services professional fails to adhere to legal, ethical, or professional standards, including all requirements for professional growth.
Comments			
Subtotal of Performan	nce Standards 2 throug	h 7	percentage points
		Instructional Su	Assessor Initials:

School/Worksite:		nool Year:
Subtotal of Performance Standards 2 through 7:		tage points
	percent	tage points
IPEGS Summative Performance Unified Rating	percent	tage points
Range for Unified Rating		
☐ Highly Effective – 89 percentage points to 100 percentage	ge points	
☐ Effective – 74 percentage points to 88 percentage points		
☐ Developing* – 37 percentage points to 73 percentage points	nts	
■ Needs Improvement – 37 percentage points to 73 percentage	ntage points	
☐ Unsatisfactory – 0 percentage points to 36 percentage p	oints	
*A rating of "Developing" may only be assigned to professi	onals in their first three (3) year	rs of teaching
Signatures of R	ecord	
Assessor's Signature Signature denotes assessor conducting the summative evaluation meeting.	Date	
Professional's Signature Signature denotes the meeting occurred.	Date	
☐ Written Response by Professional attached, if applicable	. Date:	_
Recommendation by the Site Administrator		
Provisional recommendation for continued employmendata	ent pending receipt of student	performanc
	lot recommended	
	ontinued employment	

Signature denotes final determination of the ratings and recommendation for continued employment.

The professional will receive a copy of the form prior to when the form is submitted to the district.

Pursuant to Florida Statute §1012.31 (3) (a) 2: An employee evaluation "shall be confidential ... until the end of the school year immediately following the school year in which the evaluation was made."

Instructional Performance Evaluation and Growth System (IPEGS) Support Dialogue (SD) Meeting Notification Form

Professional's Name:	Professional's Employee Number:
Assessor's Name:	_ Assessor's Title/Position:
School/Work Location Name:	School/Work Location Number:
As a result of the observation conducted on (day, date scheduled to discuss supportive actions that should ass You may bring union representation and/or a mutually meeting. The location, date and time of your Support Dia	ist you in instructional performance improvement. y agreed upon peer support professional to the
Location:	
Date:	
Time:	
My signature indicates that I have received a two day (48 I am aware that I am entitled to have union represent mutually agreed upon by the assessor and me, at this more	ation and/or a peer support professional, who is
Professional's Signature:(Your signature confirms re	Date:

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION and GROWTH SYSTEM IPEGS

IMPROVEMENT PLAN (IP)

Professional:	Employee Number:	Date:	
Work Location Name and Number:	Contract Status: ProbationaryACPSCCC	Other	
Grade Observed:	Subject Observed:		
Date of Observation(s):	Observation Number: 1 <u>* 2 3 4 4 </u>	5	
Deficient Performance Standard(s): 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Date of Post-Observation Meeting(s):			
Assessor:	Title:		
Site Administrator:	Title:		
IP Review:	It is recommended that:		
☐ Activities completed by due date	☐ The professional is no longer on an <i>IP</i> . The performance deficiencies have been corrected.		
☐ Activities not completed by due date	☐ The professional is issued a revised/new <i>IP</i> . The performance deficiencies were not corrected.		
Other			
IP Review Date:			

^{*}Indicates Support Dialogue was completed.

INSTRUCTIONAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION and GROWTH SYSTEM (IPEGS) IMPROVEMENT PLAN (IP)

Professional	Employee #	Date	
Provide the performance standard that is the focus of the IP (Only one performance standard per form):			
D. # 1 () OI 1			
Deficiency (s) Observed:			
Resource(s):			
Activity(s)/Responsible Party(s	g)•		
Activity(s)/Responsible 1 arty(s	5)•		
Date Due:			
Professional's Signature:		Date:	
	*Professional's signature signifies receipt and does not necessarily indicate agreement with its contents.		
Site Administrator's Signature:		Date:	

Appendix A

The Student Success Act From the Florida Statute §1012.335 Contracts with instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011

Note: Includes definitions of annual contract, probationary contract and limitations

Appendix B

From the Florida Statute §1012.34 (3)(d) Assessment procedures and criteria

- (1) For the purpose of improving the quality of instructional, administrative, and supervisory services in the public schools of the state, the district school superintendent shall establish procedures for assessing the performance of duties and responsibilities of all instructional, administrative, and supervisory personnel employed by the school district. The Department of Education must approve each district's instructional personnel assessment system.
- (2) The following conditions must be considered in the design of the district's instructional personnel assessment system:
- (a) The system must be designed to support district and school level improvement plans.
- (b) The system must provide appropriate instruments, procedures, and criteria for continuous quality improvement of the professional skills of instructional personnel.
- (c) The system must include a mechanism to give parents an opportunity to provide input into employee performance assessments when appropriate.
- (d) In addition to addressing generic teaching competencies, districts must determine those teaching fields for which special procedures and criteria will be developed.
- (e) Each district school board may establish a peer assistance process. The plan may provide a mechanism for assistance of persons who are placed on performance probation as well as offer assistance to other employees who request it.
- (f) The district school board shall provide training programs that are based upon guidelines provided by the Department of Education to ensure that all individuals with evaluation responsibilities understand the proper use of the assessment criteria and procedures.
- (3) The assessment procedure for instructional personnel and school administrators must be primarily based on the performance of students assigned to their classrooms or schools, as appropriate. Pursuant to this section, a school district's performance assessment is not limited to basing unsatisfactory performance of instructional personnel and school administrators upon student performance, but may include other criteria approved to assess instructional personnel and school administrators' performance, or any combination of student performance and other approved criteria. The procedures must comply with, but are not limited to, the following requirements:
- (a) An assessment must be conducted for each employee at least once a year. The assessment must be based upon sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices. The assessment must primarily use data and indicators of improvement in student performance assessed annually as specified in s. 1008.22 and may consider results of peer reviews in evaluating the employee's performance. Student performance must be measured by state assessments required under s. 1008.22 and by local assessments for subjects and grade levels not measured by the state assessment program. The assessment criteria must include, but are not limited to, indicators that relate to the following:

- 1. Performance of students.
- 2. Ability to maintain appropriate discipline.
- 3. Knowledge of subject matter. The district school board shall make special provisions for evaluating teachers who are assigned to teach out-of-field.
- 4. Ability to plan and deliver instruction and the use of technology in the classroom.
- 5. Ability to evaluate instructional needs.
- 6. Ability to establish and maintain a positive collaborative relationship with students' families to increase student achievement.
- 7. Other professional competencies, responsibilities, and requirements as established by rules of the State Board of Education and policies of the district school board.
- (b) All personnel must be fully informed of the criteria and procedures associated with the assessment process before the assessment takes place.
- (c) The individual responsible for supervising the employee must assess the employee's performance. The evaluator must submit a written report of the assessment to the district school superintendent for the purpose of reviewing the employee's contract. The evaluator must submit the written report to the employee no later than 10 days after the assessment takes place. The evaluator must discuss the written report of assessment with the employee. The employee shall have the right to initiate a written response to the assessment, and the response shall become a permanent attachment to his or her personnel file.
- (d) If an employee is not performing his or her duties in a satisfactory manner, the evaluator shall notify the employee in writing of such determination. The notice must describe such unsatisfactory performance and include notice of the following procedural requirements:
- 1. Upon delivery of a notice of unsatisfactory performance, the evaluator must confer with the employee, make recommendations with respect to specific areas of unsatisfactory performance, and provide assistance in helping to correct deficiencies within a prescribed period of time.
- 2. a. If the employee holds a professional service contract as provided in s. 1012.33, the employee shall be placed on performance probation and governed by the provisions of this section for 90 calendar days following the receipt of the notice of unsatisfactory performance to demonstrate corrective action. School holidays and school vacation periods are not counted when calculating the 90-calendar-day period. During the 90 calendar days, the employee who holds a professional service contract must be evaluated periodically and appraised of progress achieved and must be provided assistance and inservice training opportunities to help correct the noted performance deficiencies. At any time during the 90 calendar days, the employee who holds a professional service contract may request a transfer to another appropriate position with a different supervising administrator; however, a transfer does not extend the period for correcting performance deficiencies.

- b. Within 14 days after the close of the 90 calendar days, the evaluator must assess whether the performance deficiencies have been corrected and forward a recommendation to the district school superintendent. Within 14 days after receiving the evaluator's recommendation, the district school superintendent must notify the employee who holds a professional service contract in writing whether the performance deficiencies have been satisfactorily corrected and whether the district school superintendent will recommend that the district school board continue or terminate his or her employment contract. If the employee wishes to contest the district school superintendent's recommendation, the employee must, within 15 days after receipt of the district school superintendent's recommendation, submit a written request for a hearing. The hearing shall be conducted at the district school board's election in accordance with one of the following procedures:
- (I) A direct hearing conducted by the district school board within 60 days after receipt of the written appeal. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of ss. 120.569 and 120.57. A majority vote of the membership of the district school board shall be required to sustain the district school superintendent's recommendation. The determination of the district school board shall be final as to the sufficiency or insufficiency of the grounds for termination of employment; or
- (II) A hearing conducted by an administrative law judge assigned by the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services. The hearing shall be conducted within 60 days after receipt of the written appeal in accordance with chapter 120. The recommendation of the administrative law judge shall be made to the district school board. A majority vote of the membership of the district school board shall be required to sustain or change the administrative law judge's recommendation. The determination of the district school board shall be final as to the sufficiency or insufficiency of the grounds for termination of employment.
- (4) The district school superintendent shall notify the department of any instructional personnel who receive two consecutive unsatisfactory evaluations and who have been given written notice by the district that their employment is being terminated or is not being renewed or that the district school board intends to terminate, or not renew, their employment. The department shall conduct an investigation to determine whether action shall be taken against the certificate holder pursuant to s. 1012.795(1)(b).
- (5) The district school superintendent shall develop a mechanism for evaluating the effective use of assessment criteria and evaluation procedures by administrators who are assigned responsibility for evaluating the performance of instructional personnel. The use of the assessment and evaluation procedures shall be considered as part of the annual assessment of the administrator's performance. The system must include a mechanism to give parents and teachers an opportunity to provide input into the administrator's performance assessment, when appropriate.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant a probationary employee a right to continued employment beyond the term of his or her contract.
- (7) The district school board shall establish a procedure annually reviewing instructional personnel assessment systems to determine compliance with this section. All substantial revisions to an approved system must be reviewed and approved by the district school board before being used to assess instructional personnel. Upon request by a school district, the

department shall provide assistance in developing, improving, or reviewing an assessment system.

(8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, that establish uniform guidelines for the submission, review, and approval of district procedures for the annual assessment of instructional personnel and that include criteria for evaluating professional performance.

Appendix C

Parental Input

Parental input is gathered through the use of the School Climate Survey, the Educational Excellence School Advisory Council (EESAC) participation and the Open House Parent Academy Survey in schools, as applicable. Professionals must submit evidence of communication with parents as reflected on their communication log and on occasion specific parental input may be appropriate. The communication log data is compiled in the format preferred by the professional to document contact with parents/guardians. For evaluation consideration, professionals may include parental feedback to demonstrate positive collaborative relationships with students' families to increase student achievement, reflect on their performance, and/or show support of quality work.

Climate Survey Information

M-DCPS uses three climate surveys to solicit feedback from learners, parents, and staff. All three surveys request demographic information. Respondents read a phrase and indicate their level of agreement (i.e., strongly agree, agree, undecided/unknown, disagree, strongly disagree). The last question on each form asks the respondent to give the school a letter grade (i.e., A, B, C, D, F) for the overall quality of the school. School Climate Survey - Parent Form has 35 items. Below are sample questions from the parent survey (the actual item number from the sample survey precedes each statement):

My child's school...

- 1. ...is safe and secure.
- 4. ...maintains high academic standards.

My child's teachers...

- 9. ... are friendly and easy to work with.
- 13. ...are knowledgeable and understand their subject matter.
- 15. ...do their best to include me in matters directly affecting my child's progress in school.

A PDF sample M-DCPS School Climate Survey Parent-Form is available at ipegs.dadeschools.net

Participation by the Public Parental Involvement Board Rule 6Gx13- 1B-1.012

A Home School-District Partnership: **Excerpts**

The School Board of Miami-Dade County recognizes that strong continuing family and community involvement in all aspects of school programs and activities provides support for measurable improvement in student achievement. This school board policy creates a collaborative environment in which the parents and families of our students are invited and encouraged to be involved stakeholders in the school community.

- I. Parent Responsibilities
 - B. Parents as Advisors, Advocates and Participants in Decision Making
 - Parents must be elected to serve as active members of Education Excellence School Advisory Councils (EESAC) and other important decision-making bodies, where required by state and federal statutes.
- II. School Level Strategies and Responsibilities
 - H. Education Excellence School Advisory Councils. With the support of the EESAC, principals will develop and support strategies that facilitate opportunities for all parents to be involved in at least one support activity during the course of the year.

The complete School Board Rule (6Gx13-1B-1.012) is available at dadeschools.net

Open House

Schools will conduct orientation meetings that provide information about school procedures and programs. Schools explain the rights of parents to be involved and provide parents opportunities for active participation. As a part of the School Operations Toolkit for Open House night, the Parent Academy Survey is disseminated to parents to access how schools can help parents. Below are sample inquiries from the parent survey:

- Information on how I can get involved on school or district advisory committees
- I want to meet with my child's teacher, please contact me
- Other suggestions, comments or questions:

The complete Open House Parent Survey is available at ipegs.dadeschools.net

Appendix D

From the Florida Statute §1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion

- (1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 2006-2007 school year, promotion from a school composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that:
- (a) The student must successfully complete academic courses as follows:
- 1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
- 2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit.
- 3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education.
- 4. Three middle school or higher courses in science.
- 5. One course in career and education planning to be completed in 7th or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff; must include career exploration using CHOICES for the 21st Century or a comparable cost-effective program; must include educational planning using the online student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan.

Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete an electronic personal education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's instructor, guidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the student's parent. By January 1, 2007, the Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career exploration and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.

- (b) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(8).
- (c) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year, which may be integrated into the student's required mathematics course.
- (2) Students in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 who are not enrolled in schools with a middle grades configuration are subject to the promotion requirements of this section.
- (3) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008.32.

Appendix E

From the Florida Statute §1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools

- (1) PURPOSE.--The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
- (a) Assess the annual learning gains of each student toward achieving the Sunshine State Standards appropriate for the student's grade level.
- (b) Provide data for making decisions regarding school accountability and recognition.
- (c) Identify the educational strengths and needs of students and the readiness of students to be promoted to the next grade level or to graduate from high school with a standard high school diploma.
- (d) Assess how well educational goals and performance standards are met at the school, district, and state levels.
- (e) Provide information to aid in the evaluation and development of educational programs and policies.
- (f) Provide information on the performance of Florida students compared with others across the United States.
- (2) NATIONAL EDUCATION COMPARISONS.--It is Florida's intent to participate in the measurement of national educational goals. The Commissioner of Education shall direct Florida school districts to participate in the administration of the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or a similar national assessment program, both for the national sample and for any state-by-state comparison programs which may be initiated. Such assessments must be conducted using the data collection procedures, the student surveys, the educator surveys, and other instruments included in the National Assessment of Educational Progress or similar program being administered in Florida. The results of these assessments shall be included in the annual report of the Commissioner of Education specified in this section. The administration of the National Assessment of Educational Progress or similar program shall be in addition to and separate from the administration of the statewide assessment program.
- (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
- (a) Submit to the State Board of Education a list that specifies student skills and competencies to which the goals for education specified in the state plan apply, including, but not limited to,

reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The skills and competencies must include problemsolving and higher-order skills as appropriate and shall be known as the Sunshine State Standards as defined in s. 1000.21. The commissioner shall select such skills and competencies after receiving recommendations from educators, citizens, and members of the business community. The commissioner shall submit to the State Board of Education revisions to the list of student skills and competencies in order to maintain continuous progress toward improvements in student proficiency.

- (b) Develop and implement a uniform system of indicators to describe the performance of public school students and the characteristics of the public school districts and the public schools. These indicators must include, without limitation, information gathered by the comprehensive management information system created pursuant to s. 1008.385 and student achievement information obtained pursuant to this section.
- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program, to be administered annually in grades 3 through 10 to measure reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. The testing program must be designed so that:
- 1. The tests measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators and the public.
- 2. The testing program will include a combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests and include, to the extent determined by the commissioner, questions that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the skills and competencies he or she uses can be measured.
- 3. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate methods.
- 4. A score is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- 5. Except as provided in s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or on an alternate assessment as described in subsection (9) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a regular high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. All students who took the grade 10 FCAT during the 2000-2001 school year shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2001 test administration. Such students who did not earn the established passing scores and must repeat the grade 10 FCAT are required to earn the passing scores established for the March 2001 test administration.

All students who take the grade 10 FCAT for the first time in March 2002 shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2002 test administration. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall only apply to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

- 6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. If modifications are made in the student's instruction to provide accommodations that would not be permitted on the statewide assessment tests, the district must notify the student's parent of the implications of such instructional modifications. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive instructional modifications that would not be permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable.
- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with accommodations or modifications that are not allowable in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and math. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required skills and competencies are part of the district instructional programs.
- 9. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the skills and competencies established in the Florida Sunshine State Standards.

The commissioner may design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state.

- (d) Conduct ongoing research to develop improved methods of assessing student performance, including, without limitation, the use of technology to administer tests, score, or report the results of, the use of electronic transfer of data, the development of work-product assessments, and the development of process assessments.
- (e) Conduct ongoing research and analysis of student achievement data, including, without limitation, monitoring trends in student achievement, identifying school programs that are successful, and analyzing correlates of school achievement.

- (f) Provide technical assistance to school districts in the implementation of state and district testing programs and the use of the data produced pursuant to such programs.
- (4) DISTRICT TESTING PROGRAMS.--Each district school board shall periodically assess student performance and achievement within each school of the district. The assessment programs must be based upon local goals and objectives that are compatible with the state plan for education and that supplement the skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education. All school districts must participate in the statewide assessment program designed to measure annual student learning and school performance. All district school boards shall report assessment results as required by the state management information system.
- (5) SCHOOL TESTING PROGRAMS.--Each public school shall participate in the statewide assessment program, unless specifically exempted by state board rule based on serving a specialized population for which standardized testing is not appropriate. Student performance data shall be analyzed and reported to parents, the community, and the state. Student performance data shall be used in developing objectives of the school improvement plan, evaluation of instructional personnel, evaluation of administrative personnel, assignment of staff, allocation of resources, acquisition of instructional materials and technology, performance-based budgeting, and promotion and assignment of students into educational programs. The analysis of student performance data also must identify strengths and needs in the educational program and trends over time. The analysis must be used in conjunction with the budgetary planning processes developed pursuant to s. 1008.385 and the development of the programs of remediation.
- (6) REQUIRED ANALYSES.--The commissioner shall provide, at a minimum, for the following analyses of data produced by the student achievement testing program:
- (a) The statistical system for the annual assessments shall use measures of student learning, such as the FCAT, to determine teacher, school, and school district statistical distributions, which shall be determined using available data from the FCAT, and other data collection as deemed appropriate by the Department of Education, to measure the differences in student prior year achievement compared to the current year achievement for the purposes of accountability and recognition.
- (b) The statistical system shall provide the best estimates of teacher, school, and school district effects on student progress. The approach used by the department shall be approved by the commissioner before implementation.
- (c) The annual testing program shall be administered to provide for valid statewide comparisons of learning gains to be made for purposes of accountability and recognition. The commissioner shall establish a schedule for the administration of the statewide assessments. In establishing such schedule, the commissioner is charged with the duty to accomplish the latest possible administration of the statewide assessments and the earliest possible provision of the results to the school districts feasible within available technology and specific appropriation. District school boards shall not establish school calendars that jeopardize or limit the valid testing and comparison of student learning gains.
- (7) LOCAL ASSESSMENTS.--Measurement of the learning gains of students in all subjects and grade levels other than subjects and grade levels required for the state student achievement testing program is the responsibility of the school districts.

- (8) APPLICABILITY OF TESTING STANDARDS.--A student must meet the testing requirements for high school graduation that were in effect at the time the student entered 9th grade, provided the student's enrollment was continuous.
- (9) EQUIVALENCIES FOR STANDARDIZED TESTS.--
- (a) The Commissioner of Education shall approve the use of the SAT and ACT tests as alternative assessments to the grade 10 FCAT for the 2003-2004 school year. Students who attain scores on the SAT or ACT which equate to the passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT for purposes of high school graduation shall satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429(6)(a) or s. 1003.43(5)(a) for the 2003-2004 school year if the students meet the requirement in paragraph (b).
- (b) A student shall be required to take the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without earning a passing score in order to use the scores on an alternative assessment pursuant to paragraph (a). This requirement shall not apply to a student who is a new student to the public school system in grade 12.
- (10) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. <u>120.536</u>(1) and <u>120.54</u> to implement the provisions of this section.

History.--s. 368, ch. 2002-387; s. 7, ch. 2003-8; s. 2, ch. 2003-413; s. 49, ch. 2004-41; s. 3, ch. 2004-42; s. 5, ch. 2004-271.

Appendix F

RTTT Memorandum of Understanding



Miami-Dade County Public Schools

giving our students the world

Superintendent of Schools Alberto M. Carvalho

May 12, 2010

Miami-Dade County School Board
Dr. Solomon C. Stinson, Chair
Perla Tabares Hantman, Vice Chair
Agustin J. Barrera
Renier Diaz de la Portilla
Dr. Lawrence S. Feldman
Dr. Wilbert "Tee" Holloway
Dr. Martin S. Karp
Ana Rivas Logan
Dr. Marta Pérez

Dr. Eric Smith Commissioner of Education Florida Department of Education Turlington Building, Suite 1514 325 West Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Dear Dr. Smith:

It gives me great pleasure to forward to your office a Race to the Top (RTTT) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), fully executed on behalf of Miami-Dade County Public Schools by me as Superintendent; Dr. Solomon C. Stinson, Chair of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida; and Ms. Karen Aronowitz, President of the United Teachers of Dade.

This MOU is inclusive of broad-based stakeholder input and represents a significant step toward achieving Florida's goal of successfully securing RTTT funding. I look forward to continuing to work with you and your staff as Florida moves through this phase of the RTTT competition.

Please feel free to call on me if I may be of any service in this endeavor to secure additional resources to support further improvements to public education in the State of Florida.

Sincerely

Alberto M. Carvalho
Superintendent of Schools

AMC:nt L1459

Attachment

cc: School Board Members

Superintendent's Cabinet Selected Senior Staff

Ms. Karen Aronowitz, President, United Teachers of Dade

School Board Administration Building • 1450 N.E. 2nd Avenue • Miami, Florida 33132 305-995-1000 • www.dadeschools.net

PARTICIPATING LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY (LEA)

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU)

I. PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF WORK: An award of Race to the Top grant funds would position Florida to weave a common core of rigorous standards and assessments into a pioneering data system that will serve as a foundation to attract, retain, and support top notch teachers and school leaders who will, in turn, improve student achievement in Florida's schools. By entering into this "Memorandum of Understanding" ("MOU"), Local Education Agencies ("LEAs") will indicate their commitment to these principles and their ability to ensure that these principles are implemented through their LEA plan.

This MOU is entered into by and between the Florida Department of Education ("Department") and the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida ("Participating LEA"). The purpose of this agreement is to establish a framework of collaboration, as well as articulate specific roles and responsibilities in support of the Department in its implementation of an approved Race to the Top grant application. Exhibit I, the Preliminary Scope of Work, indicates which portions of the State's proposed reform plans ("State Plan") the Participating LEA is agreeing to implement should the State's application be approved by the United States Department of Education ("ED").

In order to participate, the LEA must agree to implement all applicable portions of the State Plan and return the executed MOU on or before May 25, 2010, to Holly.Edenfield@fldoe.org.

Nothing herein should be construed to obviate the responsibility of an LEA to comply with class size requirements.

II. PROJECT ADMINISTRATION:

- A. PARTICIPATING LEA RESPONSIBILITIES: The Participating LEA will assist the Department in implementing the tasks and activities described in the State's Race to the Top application, should the State's application be approved by the U.S. Department of Education and if the LEA is approved for a subgrant by the Department. Approval of the subgrant will be based upon the scope and quality of the LEA's proposed work plans and its capacity to implement the plans. To this end, the Participating LEA sub grantee will:
 - 1) Implement the LEA plan as identified in Exhibit I of this agreement.
 - 2) Actively participate in all relevant convenings, communities of practice, or other practice-sharing events that are organized or sponsored by the Department or by ED.
 - 3) Post to any website specified by the Department or ED, in a timely manner, all non-proprietary products and lessons developed using funds associated with the Race to the Top grant.

RTTT-2 Memorandum of Understanding, School Board of Miami-Dade County, FL

p. 1 of 24

- 4) Participate, as requested, in evaluations of this grant conducted by the Department or ED.
- 5) Be responsive to Department or ED requests for information including the status of the project, project implementation, outcomes, and any problems anticipated or encountered.
- 6) Participate in meetings and telephone conferences with the Department to discuss (a) progress of the project, (b) potential dissemination of resulting non-proprietary products and lessons learned, (c) plans for subsequent years of the Race to the Top grant period, and (d) other matters related to the Race to the Top grant and associated plans.
- **B. DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES:** In assisting the Participating LEA in implementing its tasks and activities described in the State's Race to the Top application, the Department grantee will:
 - 1) Work collaboratively with and support the Participating LEA in carrying out the LEA Plan as identified in Exhibit I of this agreement.
 - 2) Timely distribute the Participating LEA's portion of Race to the Top grant funds during the course of the project period and in accordance with the LEA Plan.
 - Provide feedback on the Participating LEA's status updates, annual reports, any interim reports, and project plans and products.
 - Identify sources of technical assistance for the project.

C. JOINT RESPONSIBILITIES:

- 1) The Department and the Participating LEA will each appoint a key contact person for the Race to the Top grant.
- 2) These key contacts from the Department and the Participating LEA will maintain frequent communication to facilitate cooperation under this MOU.
- 3) Department and Participating LEA grant personnel will work together to determine appropriate timelines for project updates and status reports throughout the whole grant period.
- 4) Department and Participating LEA grant personnel will negotiate in good faith to continue to achieve the overall goals of the State's Race to the Top grant, even when the State Plan requires modifications that affect the Participating LEA, or when the LEA Plan requires modifications.
- D. COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RESPONSIBILITIES: The parties to any applicable collective bargaining agreement will use their best efforts to negotiate any terms and conditions

RTTT-2 Memorandum of Understanding, School Board of Miami-Dade County, FL

p. 2 of 24

in the agreement necessary for the full implementation of the State Plan. The parties understand that the failure to negotiate any term or condition in a collective bargaining agreement necessary for full implementation of the State Plan will result in termination of the grant.

Only the elements of this MOU which are contained in existing law are subject to the provisions of section 447.403, Florida Statutes.

E. DEPARTMENT RECOURSE FOR LEA NON-PERFORMANCE: Department determines that the LEA is not meeting its goals, timelines, budget, or annual targets or is not fulfilling other applicable requirements, the Department grantee will take appropriate enforcement action, which could include a collaborative process between the Department and the LEA, or any of the enforcement measures that are detailed in 34 CFR section 80.43 including putting the LEA on reimbursement payment status, temporarily withholding funds, or disallowing costs.

III. ASSURANCES: The Participating LEA hereby certifies and represents that it:

- Has all requisite power and authority to execute this MOU.
- Is familiar with the State's Race to the Top grant application and is supportive of the goals and plans for implementation and is committed to working on all applicable portions of the State Plan.
- Agrees to be a Participating LEA and will implement those portions of the State Plan indicated in Exhibit I, if the State application is funded.
- Will provide a Final Scope of Work in a format provided by the Department. The Final Scope of Work will describe the LEA's specific goals, activities, timelines, budgets, key personnel, and annual targets for key performance measures ("LEA Plan") in a manner that is consistent with the Preliminary Scope of Work (Exhibit I) and with the State Plan. The Final Scope of Work is due and must be submitted no later than 90 days after the grant is awarded to the State of Florida, should the State be awarded the grant.
- Will propose a comprehensive, interconnected plan that will drive continuous improvement of students, teachers, and principals based upon specific goals and benchmarks. This comprehensive LEA plan will align all federal, state, and local resources and support systems, as appropriate, to maximize the LEA's capacity to implement the plan.
- Will comply with all of the terms of the Grant, the Department's sub grant, and all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations, including laws and regulations applicable to the Program, and the applicable provisions of EDGAR (34 CFR Parts 75, 77, 79, 80, 82, 84, 85, 86, 97, 98 and 99).

IV. DEFINITIONS: The definitions found in the Race to the Top Application for Initial Funding apply to this MOU. In addition:

RTTT-2 Memorandum of Understanding, School Board of Miami-Dade County, FL

p. 3 of 24

- "High-minority school" means a school with a minority population that is within the top quartile of minority student membership in the state.
- "High-poverty school" means a school in the top quartile as measured by the percentage of students receiving free and reduced lunch.

V. MODIFICATIONS: This MOU may be amended only by written agreement signed by each of the parties to the MOU, and in consultation with ED.

VI. DURATION/TERMINATION: This Memorandum of Understanding shall be effective beginning with the date of the last signature hereon and, if a grant is received, ending upon the expiration of the grant project period, or upon mutual agreement of the parties, whichever occurs first.

VII. INABILITY TO IMPLEMENT: The parties acknowledge that certain LEA undertakings in the MOU are subject to school board consideration and action at a duly noticed public meeting in accordance with Section 120.525, Florida Statutes. The parties further agree that if the LEA is unable to implement any of the mandatory terms of the MOU despite its good faith efforts to do so, resulting in termination of this MOU, such termination shall be without prejudice to the LEA. The LEA has not received the full State Plan, which is not yet complete. In executing this MOU and making the representations and warranties herein contained, the LEA is relying on the materials and representations provided to date by the Department with the understanding that the State Plan, once complete, will not be materially inconsistent with such materials and representations.

VIII. GOVERNOR'S TASK FORCE: The parties hereby recommend to the Governor, the creation of a task force to monitor the implementation of the grant and the Memorandum of Understanding. Such a task force should be made up of similar stakeholders represented in Florida's Race to the Top Working Group, established by Executive Order 10-94, and should hold its initial meeting thirty days after Florida receives notification that is has been awarded its grant. The parties recommend such task force operate as an advisory body regarding assessments and make advisory recommendations to the Governor, the local education agencies, and the State Board of Education relating to implementing the Race to the Top Grant. Additionally, the task force could make recommendations for legislation. The parties further recommend the task force be required to issue its first report by January 1, 2011, and submit quarterly reports thereafter to the Governor, the State Board of Education, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Superintendent for the LEA: Signardro Date Alberto M. Carvalho, Superintendent of Schools, Miami-Dade County Public Schools Print Name/Title Chair of School Board for the LEA: Dr. Solomon C. Stinson, Chairperson, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida Print Name/Title Authorized Representative of Local Teachers' Union: May 12, 2010 Signature/Date Karen Aronowitz, President, United Teachers of Dade Print Name/Title Commissioner of Education:

Dr. Eric J. Smith, Commissioner, Florida Department of Education

Print Name/Title

EXHIBIT I - PRELIMINARY SCOPE OF WORK

The LEA hereby agrees to participate in implementing the State Plan in each of the areas identified below.

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
Through Race to the Top, the Department is portigorous standards and assessments into a pione a foundation to attract, retain, and support top n who will, in turn, improve student achievement is	ering data system that will serve as otch teachers and school leaders
B. Standards and Assessments	
(B)(3) Supporting the transition to enhanced standards and high-quality assessments	
• Persistently lowest-achieving schools (schools in the lowest 5%) must modify the school schedules to accommodate lesson study. The LEA may modify school schedules for other schools to allow for common planning time by grade level (elementary) or subject area (secondary). Such planning time may be dedicated to lesson study focused on instructional quality, student work, and outcomes, without reducing time devoted to student instruction. Where lesson study is implemented, the LEA will devote a minimum of one lesson study per month for each grade level or subject area.	
 The LEA will ensure that professional development programs in all schools focus on the new common core standards, including assisting students with learning challenges to meet those standards (such as through accommodations and assistive technology). Such professional development will employ formative assessment and the principles of lesson study. 	
The LEA will implement a system to evaluate the	

RTTT-2 Memorandum of Understanding, School Board of Miami-Dade County, FL

p. 6 of 24

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
fidelity of lesson study and formative assessment implementation that is tied to interim and summative student assessments.	
• The LEA will implement at least one additional high school career and technical program that provides training for occupations requiring science, technology, engineering, and/or math (STEM). The LEA will pay, or secure payment for the industry certification examination for graduates of such programs. These programs must lead to a high-wage, high-skill career for a majority of graduates that supports one of the eight targeted sectors identified by Enterprise Florida and result in an industry certification. The LEA will ensure that these programs will include at least one Career and Technical Education course that has significant integration of math or science that will satisfy core credit requirements with the passing of the course and related end-of-course exam.	
The LEA will increase the number of STEM- related accelerated courses, such as Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, AICE, dual enrollment, and industry certification.	
The LEA will ensure that each school possesses the technology, including hardware, connectivity, and other necessary infrastructure, to provide teachers and students sufficient access to strategic tools for improved classroom instruction and computer-based assessment.	
C. Data Systems to Support Instruction	
(C)(2) Accessing and using State data	
The LEA will assist in the design, testing, and	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
implementation of initiatives to improve customer-friendly access and information to district leaders, teachers, principals, parents, students, community members, unions, researchers, and policymakers to effectively use state data systems. Examples of areas where the LEA will be required to assist the Department include providing assistance on defining state-level educational data that can be used to augment local data systems, implementing a single sign-on to access state resources, providing data to the Department, and testing other mechanisms that will enhance the usability of existing state-level applications to improve instruction and student learning.	
The LEA will use state-level data that is published for use, along with local instructional improvement systems, to improve instruction.	
(C)(3) Using data to improve instruction: (i) Use of local instructional improvement systems	
The LEA will use customer-friendly front end systems that are easy for students, teachers, parents, and principals to use and that show growth of students, teachers, schools, and districts disaggregated by subject and demographics.	
 An LEA that has an instructional improvement system will ensure that the system is being fully utilized; an LEA that does not have an instructional improvement system will acquire one. 	
 (ii) Professional development on use of data The LEA will provide effective professional development to teachers and administrators on 	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
the use of its instructional improvement system.	
The LEA will provide effective professional development to teachers and administrators on the use of state level data systems developed during the term of the grant.	
(iii) Availability and accessibility of data to researchers	
The LEA will provide requested data from local instructional improvement and longitudinal data systems to the Department to support the Department's efforts to make data available to researchers for the purpose of evaluating the effectiveness of instructional materials, strategies, and approaches for educating different types of students and to help drive educational decisions and policies.	
D. Great Teachers and Leaders	
(D)(1) Providing high-quality pathways for aspiring teachers and principals	
(ii) Alternative routes to certification that are in use	
The LEA will coordinate with institution preparation programs to provide effective district personnel to supervise pre-service teacher and educational leadership candidates. Such district supervising personnel will be highly effective teachers.	
• The LEA will use data from student performance and other continued approval standards in Rule 6A-5.066, F.A.C., to annually review and improve its alternative certification program and will deliver any professional development associated with the program in accordance with the state's	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
protocol standards for professional development.	
(D)(2) Improving teacher and principal effectiveness based on performance	
(i) Measure student growth	
The LEA will measure student growth based upon the performance of students on state-required assessments and, for content areas and grade levels not assessed on state-required assessments, the LEA will use state assessments or district-selected assessments that are aligned to state standards and developed or selected in collaboration with LEA stakeholders, or will use valid, rigorous national assessments.	
The Department will collaborate with an advisory body representing all stakeholders to develop a fair and transparent student growth model that takes into consideration unique student characteristics, challenges, and other factors that affect student performance.	,
(ii) Design and implement evaluation systems	
 The LEA will design and implement a teacher evaluation system with teacher and principal involvement that: 	
1. Utilizes the state-adopted teacher-level student growth measure cited in (D)(2)(i) as the primary factor of the teacher and principal evaluation systems.	
Student achievement or growth data as defined in the grant must account for at least 50% of the teacher's evaluation as follows:	

Elements of State Reform P	lans Comments from LEA (optional)
By the end of the grant, the LEA student growth as defined in (D) least 40% of the evaluation, and growth or achievement as determ LEA for 10% of the evaluation. may phase-in the evaluation systems, at a minimum, student growth in (D)(2)(i) for at least 35% of the and student growth or achievement determined by the LEA for 15% evaluation. Implementation of the requirements for the LEA evaluation beginning in the 2011-12 school at a minimum, to teachers in grade subjects for which student growth have been developed by the Depres collaboration with the advisory be described in (D)(2)(i).	(2)(i), for at student ained by the The LEA cm but will the as defined at evaluation and the the tion systems years applies, les and he measures artment in
The 2010-11 school year will be of development year for the evaluation	
However, an LEA that completed renegotiation of its collective bary agreement between July 1, 2009, in December 1, 2009, for the purport determining a weight for student primary component of its teacher evaluations, is eligible for this grathes student growth component is and is greater than any other sing of the evaluation.	gaining and se of growth as the and principal nt as long as at least 40%
2. Includes the core of effective pra developed in collaboration with s that have been strongly linked to student achievement for the obse	takeholders, increased

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
portion of the teacher evaluation. The principal, direct supervisor, and any other individual performing observation will use, at a minimum, this same core of effective practices.	
3. Includes at least one additional metric to combine with the student performance and principal observation components to develop a "multi-metric" evaluation system for, at a minimum, the teachers who are in the year prior to a milestone career event, such as being awarded a multi-year contract, a promotion, or a significant increase in salary. Examples of additional metrics include, but are not limited to, observations by master teachers or instructional coaches, student input, peer input, and parental input.	
 Includes a comprehensive range of ratings beyond a simple satisfactory or unsatisfactory, that must include "effective" and "highly effective." 	
 The LEA will design and implement a principal evaluation system with teacher and principal involvement that: 	
1. Utilizes the state-adopted teacher-level student growth measure cited in (D)(2)(i) as the primary factor of the teacher and principal evaluation systems.	
Student achievement or growth data as defined in the grant must account for at least 50% of the principal's evaluation as follows:	
By the end of the grant, the LEA shall include	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
student growth as defined in (D)(2)(i), for at least 40% of the evaluation, and student growth or achievement as determined by the LEA for 10% of the evaluation. The LEA may phase-in the evaluation system but will use, at a minimum, student growth as defined in (D)(2)(i) for at least 35% of the evaluation and student growth or achievement as determined by the LEA for 15% of the evaluation. Implementation of the requirements for the LEA evaluation systems applies, at a minimum, to grades and subjects for which student growth measures have been developed by the Department in collaboration with the advisory body as described in	
 (D)(2)(i). The 2010-11 school year will be considered a development year for the evaluation systems. 2. Utilizes for the remaining portion of the evaluation the Florida Principal Leadership 	
Standards with an emphasis on recruiting and retaining effective teachers, improving effectiveness of teachers, and removing ineffective teachers.	
3. Includes a comprehensive range of ratings beyond a simple satisfactory or unsatisfactory, that must include "effective" and "highly effective."	
The LEA will submit teacher and principal evaluation systems to the Department for review and approval.	
The LEA will utilize student performance data on statewide assessments as a significant factor in the	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
annual evaluations of district-level staff with supervisory responsibilities over principals, curriculum, instruction, or any other position directly related to student learning.	
The LEA will report the results of evaluations of each teacher, principal, and district-level supervisor [as described in (D)(2)(ii)] to the Department during Survey 5.	
(iii) Conduct annual evaluations	
For Teachers:	
• The LEA will conduct multiple evaluations for each first-year teacher that are integrated with the district's beginning teacher support program and include observations on the core effective practices described in (D)(2)(ii)2. and reviews of student performance data.	
• The LEA will conduct "multi-metric" evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii) for teachers who are in the year prior to a milestone career event, such as being awarded a multi-year contract, a promotion, or a significant increase in salary. The LEA plan will include a definition of milestone career event.	
• The LEA will conduct evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii)1, 2, and 4. for all other teachers at least once per year.	
For Principals:	
 The LEA will conduct evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii) for principals at least once per year. 	
(iv)(a) Use evaluations to inform professional	

p. 14 of 24

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
development.	
The LEA will use results from teacher and principal evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii) in its professional development system as follows:	
For Teachers:	
 Establish an Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP) for each teacher that is, in part, based on an analysis of student performance data and results of prior evaluations. 	
 Individualize the support and training provided to first-and second-year teachers and determine the effective teachers who will provide coaching/mentoring in the district's beginning teacher support program. 	
For Principals:	
 Establish an Individual Leadership Development Plan (ILDP) for each principal that is based, in part, on an analysis of student performance data and results of prior evaluations. 	
(iv)(b) Use evaluations to inform compensation,	
promotion, and retentionThe LEA will implement a compensation system	
for teachers that:	
 Ties the most significant gains in salary to effectiveness demonstrated by annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii). 	
2. Implements statutory requirements of	

p. 15 of 24

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
differentiated pay in s. 1012.22(1)(c)4., F.S., through bonuses or salary supplements. Categories for differentiated pay are additional academic responsibilities, school demographics, critical shortage areas (including STEM areas and Exceptional Student Education), and level of job performance difficulties (including working in high-poverty, high-minority, or persistently lowest-achieving schools).	
3. Provides promotional opportunities for effective teachers to remain teaching in addition to moving into school leadership positions and bases promotions on effectiveness as demonstrated on annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii), including a multi-metric evaluation in the year prior to promotion.	
• The LEA will implement a compensation system for principals that:	
 Ties the most significant gains in salary to effectiveness demonstrated by annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii). 	
2. Implements statutory requirements of differentiated pay in s. 1012.22(1)(c)4., F.S., through bonuses or salary supplements. Categories for differentiated pay are additional academic responsibilities, school demographics, critical shortage areas, and level of job performance difficulties (including working in high-poverty, high-minority, or persistently lowest-achieving schools).	
The LEA may scale up the compensation system	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
beginning with a cohort of schools, such as those that are considered persistently low-performing (the lowest 5% of schools in the state), as long as by the end of the grant, the compensation system applies district-wide.	
The LEA will provide annually to the Department its salary schedule indicating how this requirement has been met.	
(iv)(c) Use evaluations to inform tenure and/or full certification	
The LEA will base decisions to award employment contracts to teachers and principals on effectiveness as demonstrated through annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii).	
(iv)(d) Use evaluations to inform removal	
The LEA will base decisions surrounding reductions in staff, including teachers and principals holding employment contracts, on their level of effectiveness demonstrated on annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii). When this factor yields equal results, seniority and other factors may be used in decisions.	
 The LEA will hold principals, their supervisors, and all LEA staff who have a responsibility in the dismissal process accountable for utilizing the process and timeline in statute (ss. 1012.33 and 1012.34, F.S.) to remove ineffective teachers from the classroom. 	
• The LEA will report annually to the Department through Survey 5 the teachers and principals who were dismissed for ineffective performance as	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
demonstrated through the district's evaluation system.	
 The LEA will report annually to the Department through Survey 5 the highly effective teachers and principals who have resigned or who are no longer employed by the District. 	
(D)(3) Ensuring equitable distribution of effective teachers and principals:	
(i) High-poverty and/or high-minority schools	
• The LEA will develop a plan, with timetables and goals, that uses effectiveness data from annual evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii) to attract and retain highly effective teachers and principals to schools that are high-poverty, high-minority, and persistently lowest-achieving. The LEA plan may also be designed to attract and retain new teachers from high performing teacher preparation programs as defined by the Department in the grant to these schools.	
• The LEA will implement a compensation system as described in (D)(2)(iv)(b) to provide incentives for encouraging effective teachers and principals to work in these schools.	
The LEA will present a plan that includes strategies in addition to compensation to staff these schools with a team of highly effective teachers led by a highly effective principal, including how the success of these individuals will be supported by the district.	
The LEA will report the effectiveness data of all teachers and principals annually during Survey 5.	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
(ii) Hard-to-staff subjects and specialty areas	
• The LEA will implement a compensation system as described in (D)(2)(iv)(b) to provide incentives for the recruitment of effective teachers in these subjects and areas.	,
 The LEA will implement recruitment and professional development strategies to increase the pool of teachers available in the district in these subject areas. 	
(D)(5) Providing effective support to teachers and principals:	
(i) Quality professional development	
 The LEA will implement a district professional development system that utilizes the state's protocol standards for effective professional development as follows: 	
For Teachers:	
 Persistently lowest-achieving schools (schools in the lowest 5%) must modify the school schedules to accommodate lesson study. The LEA may modify school schedules for other schools to allow for common planning time by grade level (elementary) or subject area 	
(secondary). Such planning time may be dedicated to lesson study focused on instructional quality, student work, and	
outcomes, without reducing time devoted to student instruction. Where lesson study is implemented, the LEA will devote a minimum	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
of one lesson study per month for each grade level or subject area.	
The LEA will ensure that professional development programs in all schools focus on the new common core standards, including assisting students with learning challenges to meet those standards (such as through accommodations and assistive technology). Such professional development will employ formative assessment and the principles of lesson study.	
The LEA will implement IPDPs for teachers based on analysis of student performance data and results of prior evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii).	
The LEA will implement a beginning teacher support program for teachers in the first and second year that integrates data from multiple evaluations, coaching/mentoring, and assistance on using student data to improve instruction; builds in time for observation of effective teachers; includes collaboration with colleges of education, as appropriate; and defines a clear process for selecting and training coaches/mentors.	
For Principals:	
 The LEA will implement professional development programs at all schools that focus on the new common standards, including assisting students with learning challenges to meet those standards. 	
 The LEA will implement professional 	

p. 20 of 24

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
development based on the principles of lesson study and formative assessment as described by the Department in this grant and the process needed to implement lesson study in a school.	
The LEA will implement ILDPs for principals based on analysis of student performance data and results of prior evaluations as described in (D)(2)(ii).	
(ii) Measure effectiveness of professional development	
The LEA will evaluate professional development based on student results and changes in classroom/leadership practice (as appropriate for the teacher/principal).	
Toward the absolute priority of comprehensive education reform:	
The LEA will document the use of Title II A funds specifically to supplement and enhance the initiatives implemented in this grant, including documentation in the district's budget for the first year and each subsequent year of the grant.	
E. Turning Around the Lowest-Achieving Schools	
(E)(2) Turning around the lowest-achieving schools	
 The LEA will select and implement one of the four school intervention models described in the grant application in all persistently lowest- achieving schools located in the district (see Appendix A to the MOU). The Department will identify the schools based upon the school categories devised for school accountability under 	

p. 21 of 24

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
s. 1008.33, F.S., and set forth in proposed Rule 6A-1.099811, F.A.C. (see Appendices B and C to the MOU).	
• An LEA with more than nine persistently lowest- achieving schools will not select the transformational option for more than one-half of the schools.	
• All actions undertaken by the LEA under this element of the grant will be in accordance with the requirements of s. 1008.33, F.S. (Differentiated Accountability).	
The LEA will submit a plan for the Department's approval that implements one or more of the following programs in each persistently lowest-achieving school and within the feeder pattern of each persistently lowest-achieving high school:	
 In Intervene schools, the LEA will implement a schedule that provides increased learning time beyond the minimum 180 days and/or implement an extended school day, beyond the current hours of instruction. 	*
2. The LEA will offer prekindergarten on a full day basis using the Department's Title I Full Day PreK model, for children residing in the attendance zone of such schools.	
3. The LEA will expand opportunities for students to attend career and professional academies, especially STEM academies, under s. 1003.493, F.S.	
The LEA will expand or introduce proven programs to encourage advanced classes,	

Elements of State Reform Plans	Comments from LEA (optional)
positive behavior support systems, mentoring, and curriculum that provide high-need students with college-ready, career-ready, or other postsecondary skills.	
5. The Department may approve other programs that demonstrate a strong record of improving student achievement in these district schools.	
 The LEA will use effectiveness data from annual evaluations to determine incentives for the most effective teachers to work in the district's elementary, middle, and high schools that are the persistently lowest-achieving. 	
• The LEA will only assign new teachers (those in their first and second year) in the district's schools that are the persistently lowest-achieving if these teachers have completed or are participating in a high-performing teacher preparation program, as defined in the grant application. The LEA will ensure that such teachers are provided additional support by staffing a mix of new and proven teachers across all content areas and grade levels in the school.	
F. General (F)(2) Ensuring successful conditions for high-performing charter schools and other innovative schools	
• The LEA will offer charter schools located within their district the opportunity to participate in the grant on the same terms as any other district school.	
Consistent with federal requirements, the LEA will ensure that participating charter schools	

p. 23 of 24

4

For the Participating L	Participating LEA	Ĺ
-------------------------	-------------------	---

For the Florida Department of Education

Authorized LEA Signature/Date

Authorized State Signature/Date

Name: Alberto M. Carvalho Superintendent of Schools, Miami-Dade County Public Schools

Name: Dr. Eric J. Smith

Title: Commissioner of Education,

Florida Department of Education

Appendix G

Student Performance Measures for 50% of Teacher Evaluation

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Non-Milestone year with Observation for Classroom Teachers 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

50% based upon Observable and Non-Observable Standards (Total of 50 possible percentage points)

- 32 percentage points- Observable Standards (Total of 32 possible percentage points)
 - o **Knowledge of Learners** (Total of **8** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective 6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - o **Instructional Planning** (Total of **8** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement/ -4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - o Instructional Delivery and Engagement (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - o Learning Environment (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
- 18 percentage points Non-Observable Standards (Total of 18 possible percentage points)
 - Assessment (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - *highly effective* − **6** *percentage points*,
 - effective **4.5** percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - o **Communication** (Total of **6** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective **4.5** percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement -3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - o **Professionalism** (Total of **6** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective **4.5** percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement -3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Milestone year with Observation for Classroom Teachers 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

(We will pilot a Peer Review and Assistance Program in a small feeder pattern for milestone years during the 2011-2012 school year. Will be included in an LOU, but not in the contract for the first year)

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

50% based upon Observable and Non-Observable Standards (Total of 50 possible percentage points)

- 28 percentage points- Observable Standards (Total of 28 possible percentage points)
 - Knowledge of Learners (Total of 7 possible percentage points)
 - *highly effective* − **7** *percentage points*,
 - effective **5.25** percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - o **Instructional Planning** (Total of **7** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 7 percentage points,
 - effective-5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement -3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - Instructional Delivery and Engagement (Total of 7 possible percentage points)
 - *highly effective* − **7** *percentage points*,
 - *effective*–**5.25** *percentage points*,
 - developing/needs improvement -3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - o **Learning Environment** (Total of **7** possible percentage points)
 - *highly effective* 7 *percentage points*,
 - effective-5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
- 22 percentage points Non-Observable Standards (Total of 22 possible percentage points)
 - o **Assessment** (Total of **6** possible percentage points)
 - *highly effective* − **6** *percentage points*,
 - *effective* **4.5** *percentage points*,
 - developing/needs improvement -3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - o **Communication** (Total of **6** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - *effective* **4.5** *percentage points*,
 - developing/needs improvement -3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - o **Professionalism** (Total of **10** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 10 percentage points,
 - *effective* **7.5** *percentage points*,
 - *developing/needs improvement 5 percentage points*
 - and unsatisfactory 2.5 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Non-Milestone year with Observation for Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

Knowledge of Learners (Total of 9 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement **4.5** percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Management (Total of 9 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement **4.5** percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Delivery (Total of 9 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement **4.5** percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Assessment (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement **4.5** percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Communication (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective **5.25** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement -3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Professionalism (Total of 7 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective **5.25** percentage points,
- developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Milestone year with Observation for Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

Knowledge of Learners (Total of 9 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement **4.5** percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Management (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective **6.75** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Delivery (Total of 8 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 8 percentage points,
- o effective-6 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points

Assessment (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective 5.25 percentage points,
- developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Communication (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective **5.25** percentage points,
- developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Professionalism (Total of **10** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **10** percentage points,
- o effective 7.5 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement -5 percentage points
- \circ and unsatisfactory 2.5 percentage points

IPEGS Summative Performance Evaluation Procedure

For the summative evaluation, all earned points listed in the referenced weighting scales above will be added up and a final unified rating will be determined based upon the scale below.

Range for Unified Rating

- **Highly Effective** 89 percentage points to 100 percentage points
- **Effective** 74 percentage points to 88 percentage points
- **Developing/Needs Improvement** 37 percentage points to 73 percentage points
- Unsatisfactory 0 percentage points to 36 percentage points
- * This proposed range will be jointly revised with M-DCPS and UTD after the state's Value Added Model is finalized, data for the new FCAT standards are available, the district models patterned on the state value-added model are evaluated, the Value Added Model for FCAT assessments has been deemed valid and reliable, and anytime the underlying variables that affect the range are modified.

Student Performance

Miami-Dade County Public Schools Student Performance Data Point Recommendations are provided in the table on the following page. To ensure that accurate data cut scores are established for the 2011-2012 school year, a Joint M-DCPS/UTD Student Performance Data Committee will be identified. Committee members will review data results to ensure that the analysis of data by school level and subject areas will accurately reflect appropriate and valid cut scores for evaluation ratings.

Milestone and Non-Milestone Years

Florida's Race to the Top Memorandum of Understanding references the differentiation between milestone and non-milestone years allowing for modified evaluation processes for teachers who are in milestone years. The M-DCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group recommends that an additional metric be integrated within the year prior to a milestone year. These *milestone year evaluations* should take place during a teacher's 1st year, 3rd year, 8th year, 12th year, 16th year, 20th year, 24th year, 28th year, 32nd year and 36th year. It is the responsibility of the assessor to ensure that the appropriate guidelines and weightings are followed for each instructional professional being evaluated.

STUDENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR 50% of INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL EVALUATION M-DCPS RECOMMENDATIONS

	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015
For Classroom Teachers of Subjects and grades associated with statewide assessments	Must begin using formula approved by the Commissioner for FCAT courses State Provided Value Added Model M-DCPS	new stat assessm • Addition the form	used by districts as	
	Recommendation – Self contained elementary school teachers – Use both reading and math state provided value added model			
For Elementary, Middle School and High School Classroom Teachers of Subjects and grades not assessed by statewide assessments, but with students that do take the reading statewide assessments	State Option - Use student achievement, rather than growth, or combination of growth and achievement for classroom teachers where achievement is more appropriate; MDCPS Recommendation – Use reading proficiency and learning gains for assigned students State Option - If the teacher's assigned students do not take statewide assessment, by established learning targets approved by principal that support the school improvement plan.			Shall measure growth using equally appropriate formulas. F DOE shall provide models.
For Classroom teachers of subjects and grades not assessed by				
statewide assessments, that do not have more than 10 elementary students or 40 secondary students taking the statewide assessment	MDCPS Recommendation – Use school wide reading proficiency and learning gains for assigned students function of the state of the state wide seessment. MDCPS Recommendation – Use school wide reading proficiency and learning gains for assigned students for assigned			
Instructional Personnel who are not classroom teachers	State Option - The superintendent may assign instructional personnel in an instructional team the growth of the team's students on statewide assessment.			
	MDCPS Recommenda proficiency and learning to a school site otherwi	ng gains for tea	chers assigned	



Race to the Top Teacher Evaluation Working Group Summary of Recommendations

Based upon RTTT and SB736 requirements, school districts will be required to annually submit the evaluation ratings for all teachers and school administrators. Florida's Race to the Top Memorandum of Understanding references the differentiation between milestone and non-milestone years allowing for modified evaluation processes for teachers who are in milestone years. The M-DCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group recommends that an additional metric be integrated within the year prior to a milestone year. These *milestone year evaluations* should take place during a teacher's 1st year, 3rd year, 8th year, 12th year, 16th year, 20th year, 24th year, 28th year, 32nd year and 36th year.

The Florida Department of Education Memorandum also references the option of including milestone events. This Working Group recommends that the IPEGS evaluation system not include milestone events; instead, milestone year evaluations can be considered in the milestone career event criteria. For example, one must achieve a successful milestone year evaluation prior to being considered for a school site instructional leadership position (i.e. department chair or reading coach). This process will be reviewed and addressed within Year II of Race to the Top Activities within the M-DCPS/UTD Professional Development Working Group.

The State and grant also require that teachers and school administrators be rated on all evaluation indicators on the following scale. The Working Group recommends the assigned values for the required ratings:

Standard Rating Scale

- Highly Effective
- Effective
- Developing/Needs Improvement
- Unsatisfactory

To obtain the unified rating that will need to be submitted to the state annually, the following process has been recommended by the Working Group for both Non-Milestone and Milestone Years.

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Non-Milestone year with Observation for Classroom Teachers 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

50% based upon Observable and Non-Observable Standards (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- 32 percentage points- Observable Standards (Total of 32 possible percentage points)
 - Knowledge of Learners (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective 6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - Instructional Planning (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement/ -4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - Instructional Delivery and Engagement (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
 - Learning Environment (Total of 8 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 8 percentage points,
 - effective-6 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points
- 18 percentage points Non-Observable Standards (Total of 18 possible percentage points)
 - Assessment (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective 4.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - Communication (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective 4.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - Professionalism (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective 4.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Milestone year with Observation for Classroom Teachers 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

(We will pilot a Peer Review and Assistance Program in a small feeder pattern for milestone years during the 2011-2012 school year. Will be included in an LOU, but not in the contract for the first year)

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 50 percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

50% based upon Observable and Non-Observable Standards (Total of 50 possible percentage points)

- 28 percentage points- Observable Standards (Total of 28 possible percentage points)
 - Knowledge of Learners (Total of 7 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 7 percentage points,
 - effective 5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - **Instructional Planning** (Total of **7** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 7 percentage points,
 - effective-5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement -3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - o Instructional Delivery and Engagement (Total of 7 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 7 percentage points,
 - effective-5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement -3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
 - **Learning Environment** (Total of **7** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 7 percentage points,
 - effective-5.25 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points
- 22 percentage points Non-Observable Standards (Total of 22 possible percentage points)
 - Assessment (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective 4.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - **Communication** (Total of 6 possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 6 percentage points,
 - effective 4.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 3 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 1.5 percentage points
 - **Professionalism** (Total of **10** possible percentage points)
 - highly effective 10 percentage points,
 - effective 7.5 percentage points,
 - developing/needs improvement 5 percentage points
 - and unsatisfactory 2.5 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Non-Milestone year with Observation for Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of 50 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 50 percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

Knowledge of Learners (Total of 9 possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Management (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Delivery (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Assessment (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Communication (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective 5.25 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Professionalism (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective 5.25 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Weighting for Unified Single Rating Milestone year with Observation for Instructional Support Personnel and Student Services Personnel 100 percentage points for Total Evaluation

50% based upon Student Achievement (Total of **50** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective **50** percentage points
- o effective 37.5 percentage points
- o developing/needs improvement 25 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 12.5 percentage points

Knowledge of Learners (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Management (Total of **9** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 9 percentage points,
- o effective 6.75 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.25 percentage points

Program Delivery (Total of **8** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 8 percentage points,
- o effective-6 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 4 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2 percentage points

Assessment (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points,
- o effective **5.25** percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Communication (Total of **7** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 7 percentage points.
- o effective 5.25 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 3.5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 1.75 percentage points

Professionalism (Total of **10** possible percentage points)

- o highly effective 10 percentage points,
- o effective 7.5 percentage points,
- o developing/needs improvement 5 percentage points
- o and unsatisfactory 2.5 percentage points

For the summative evaluation, all earned points listed in the referenced weighting scales above will be added up and a final unified rating will be determined based upon the scale below.

Range for Unified Rating

- **Highly Effective** 89 percentage points to 100 percentage points
- Effective 74 percentage points to 88 percentage points
- **Developing/Needs Improvement** 37 percentage points to 73 percentage points
- **Unsatisfactory** 0 percentage points to 36 percentage points
- * This proposed range will be jointly revised with M-DCPS and UTD after the state's Value Added Model is finalized, data for the new FCAT standards are available, the district models patterned on the state value-added model are evaluated, the Value Added Model for FCAT assessments has been deemed valid and reliable, and anytime the underlying variables that affect the range are modified.

Goal Setting

In an effort to avoid duplication, eliminate the current goal setting component from the IPEGS process and instead utilize the IPEGS evaluation results to inform the state required IPDP process.

Student Performance

The Working Group has provided Student Performance Data Point Recommendations based upon the state provided options in Attachment A. To ensure that accurate data cut scores are established for the 2011-2012 school year, a Joint M-DCPS/UTD Student Performance Data Committee will be identified. Committee members will review data results to ensure that the analysis of data by school level and subject areas will accurately reflect appropriate and valid cut scores for evaluation ratings.

<u>Multi-metric Measure to be used for Milestone Years (Pilot Program)</u>

Peer Review and Assistance Plan (PRAP)

Objectives of the PRAP Pilot

- Improve the quality of professional practices by instructional professionals.
- Increase the level of peer support and guidance to new and experienced instructional professionals.
- ➤ Encourage modeling of best practices by experienced instructional professionals within the subject area.
- Utilize peer observation and assistance to stimulate collegial conversations.

PRAP Pilot Feeder Pattern

For the purposes of this pilot program, a small feeder pattern will be selected by the parties for the implementation of the pilot.

- Peer Observers may be recommended by their colleagues or can volunteer for the opportunity if they have received an Effective or Highly Effective rating in their evaluation. Candidates for selection will be made by the leadership team and submitted to the principal for final approval.
- > Two classroom teachers at each participating elementary school will be identified as Peer Observers; one for primary grades and one for the intermediate grades at each school.

- Four classroom teachers at the middle and senior high school level will be identified as Peer Observers; one for each core subject areas: Language Arts, Math, Science, and Social Studies at each school.
- All Peer Observers will be required to complete training developed jointly by both M-DCPS and UTD.
- Master Plan points will be provided for the training sessions.

PRAP Program Components

- At participating schools, during the year prior to the MILESTONE YEAR the PRAP is a requirement to be completed as part of the Professionalism Performance Standard.
- Process and procedures will be jointly developed for the implementation of the PRAP Program.
- ➤ An observation tool to be used by Peer Observers will be collaboratively selected by representatives from M-DCPS and UTD.
- ➤ Peer Observers may voluntarily observe their colleagues during the Peer Observers' identified planning time or time will be provided by administration.
- > Time will be provided by administration at the identified pilot school sites for one session of Peer Observer feedback and professional conversation.
- ➤ If a teacher receives an IPEGS rating of Developing/Needs Improvement or Unsatisfactory on any of the standards in the evaluation of the previous year, in addition to the supportive activities provided by IPEGS, the principal may request the Peer Observer to provide peer assistance and give feedback to the principal at a time provided by the administration.
- Documents generated by the Peer Observer will not be included in the personnel file of the professional observed.
- ➤ Teachers participating in the PRAP will receive additional weighting points on the Professionalism Standard within the evaluation year prior to a milestone year.

Funding

Funding for the PRAP model implementation will be provided from available dollars identified in the RTTT grant proposal.

This plan is subject to review and/or amendment after six months of implementation and may be extended or expanded by the parties if mutually agreed upon in one year increments.



The undersigned agree that the submitted Teacher Evaluation System was developed collaboratively by Miami-Dade County Public School administrators and representatives from United Teachers of Dade. The work completed by the Joint MDCPS/UTD Teacher Evaluation Working Group is consistent with the requirements of the Race to the Top Grant and the recently passed Student Success Act. Upon review and approval of the submitted Teacher Evaluation System by the Florida Department of Education, the same evaluation system will be presented to union members for ratification.

Alberto M. Carvalho

Superintendent of Schools

Date

ൃ‱ren Aronowi⊍ UTD President Pate

References

- Beckham, J. C. (1985). Legally sound criteria, processes and procedures for the evaluation of public school professional employees. *Journal of Law and Education*, *14*, 529-551.
- Bolton, D. L. (1980). *Evaluating administrative personnel in school systems*. New York: Teachers College Press.
- Cambron-McCabe, N. H., McCarthy, M. M., & Thomas, S. B. (2004). *Public school law: Teachers' and students' rights* (5th ed.). Boston: Pearson Education, Inc.
- Cascio, W. F. (1998). *Managing human resources: Productivity, quality of work life, profits* (5th ed.). Boston: Irwin McGraw-Hill.
- Castetter, W. B. (1996). *The personnel function in educational administration* (6th ed.). Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice-Hall.
- Colby, S. A., Bradshaw, L. K., & Joyner, R. L. (2002, April). *Teacher evaluation: A review of the literature*. Paper presented at the Annual Meeting of the American Educational Research Association in New Orleans, LA.
- Conley, D. T. (1987). Critical attributes of effective evaluation systems. *Educational Leadership*, 44(7), 60-64.
- Connellan, T. K. (1978). *How to improve human performance: Behaviorism in business and industry.* New York: Harper & Row.
- Danielson, C., & McGreal, T. L. (2000). *Teacher evaluation: To enhance professional practice*. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- Educational Review Office (1998). *The capable teacher*. Retrieved online at http://www.ero.gov.nz/Publications/eers1998/98no2hl/htm#part2.
- Florida Statute, 1012.34.7, Retrieved January 29, 2006, from http://www.leg.state.fl.us/statutes/index.cfm?mode=View%20Statutes&SubMenu=1&App_mode =Display_Statute&Search_String=&URL=CH0231/SEC29.HTM
- Florida Statute, 6A-5.065, Retrieved January 29, 2006, from http://www.firn.edu/doe/rules/6a-5.htm
- Florida Statute, 6B-4, Retrieved January 29, 2006, from http://www.firn.edu/doe/rules/6b-4.htm
- Frels, K., & Horton, J. L. (1994). A documentation system for teacher improvement and termination. Topeka, KS: National Organization on Legal Problems in Education.
- Goodale, J. G. (1992). Improving performance appraisal. Business Quarterly, 51(2), 65-70.
- Helm, V. M., & St. Maurice, H. (2005). Conducting a successful evaluation conference. In J. H. Stronge (Ed.), *Evaluating teaching* (2nd ed.) (pp.235-252). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Hunter, M. (1988). Create rather than await your fate in teacher evaluation. In S. J. Stanley & W. J. Popham (Eds.), *Teacher evaluation: Six prescriptions for success* (pp. 32-54). Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.

- Iwanicki, E. F. (1990). Teacher evaluation for school improvement. In J. Millman & L. Darling-Hammond (Eds.), *The new handbook for teacher evaluation*. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publication.
- Johnson, B. L. (1997). An organizational analysis of multiple perspectives of effective teaching: Implications for teacher evaluation. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, 11(1), 69-88.
- Joint Committee on Standards for Educational Evaluation (D. L. Stufflebeam, Chair). (2005). *The personnel evaluation standards: How to assess systems of evaluating educators* (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Locke, E. A. (1968). Toward a theory of task motivation and incentives. *Organizational Behavior and Human Performance*, *3*, 157-189.
- Manatt, R. P. (1988). Teacher performance evaluation: A total systems approach. In S. J. Stanley & W. J. Popham (Eds.), *Teacher evaluation: Six prescriptions for success* (pp. 79-108). Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- McGrath, M. J. (1993). When it's time to dismiss an incompetent teacher. *School Administrator*, 50(3), 30-33.
- Medley, D. M., Coker, H., & R. S. Soar. (1984). *Measurement-based evaluation of teacher performance*. New York: Longman.
- Peterson, K. D. (2000). *Teacher evaluation: A comprehensive guide to new directions and practices* (2nd ed). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Phi Delta Kappa National Study Committee on Evaluation. (1971). *Educational evaluation and decision making*. Itasca, IL: F. E. Peacock.
- Redfern, G. B. (1980). *Evaluating teachers and administrators: A performance objectives approach*. Boulder, CO: Westview.
- Sawyer, L. (2001). Revamping a teacher evaluation system. *Educational Leadership*, 58(5), 44-47.
- Seyfarth, J. T. (2002). *Human resources management for effective schools* (3rd ed.). Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Scriven, M. S. (1973). The methodology of evaluation. In B. R. Worthen & J. R. Sanders (Eds.), *Educational evaluation: Theory and practice*. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.
- Scriven, M. S. (1988a). Duties-based teacher evaluation. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, 1, 319-334.
- Scriven, M. S. (1988b). Evaluating teachers as professionals: The duties-based approach. In S. J. Stanley & W. J. Popham (Eds.), *Teacher evaluation: Six prescriptions for success* (pp. 110-142). Arlington, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- Scriven, M. S. (1991). *Duties of the teacher (TEMP A Memo*). Kalamazoo, MI: Center for Research on Educational Accountability and Teacher Evaluation.
- Scriven, M. S. (1995). A unified theory approach to teacher evaluation. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 21, 111-129.

- Stronge, J. H. (1995). Balancing individual and institutional goals in educational personnel evaluation: A conceptual framework. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, *21*, 131-151.
- Stronge, J. H. (1997). Evaluating teaching. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Stronge, J. H. (Ed.). (2005). Evaluating teaching (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Stronge, J. H., & Helm, V. M. (1990). Evaluating educational support personnel: A conceptual and legal framework. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, *4*, 145-156.
- Stronge, J. H., & Helm, V. M. (1991). *Evaluating professional support personnel in education*. Newbury park, CA: Sage Publications.
- Stronge, J. H., & Helm, V. M. (1992). A performance evaluation system for professional support personnel. *Educational Evaluation and Policy Analysis*, *14*, 175-180.
- Stronge, J. H., & Tucker, P. D. (1995). Performance evaluation of professional support personnel: A survey of the states. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, *9*, 123-138.
- Stronge, J. H., & Tucker, P. D. (2003a). *Handbook on educational specialist evaluation: Assessing and improving performance*. Larchmont, NY: Eye On Education.
- Stronge, J. H., & Tucker, P. D. (2003b). *Handbook on teacher evaluation: Assessing and improving performance*. Larchmont, NY: Eye On Education.
- Stufflebeam, D. L., & J. R. Sanders. (1990). Using the Personnel Evaluation Standards to improve teacher evaluation. In J. Millman & L. Darling-Hammond (Eds.), *The new handbook of teacher evaluation: Assessing elementary and secondary school teachers* (pp. 416-428). Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications.
- Tucker, P. D., & Stronge, J. H. (2005a). *Linking teacher evaluation and student learning*. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- Tucker, P. D., & Stronge, J. H. (2005b). Student achievement and teacher evaluation. In J.H. Stronge (Ed.), *Evaluating teaching*, (2nd ed). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- Valentine, J. W. (1992). *Principles and practices for effective teacher evaluation*. Boston: MA: Allyn and Bacon.
- Weiss, E. M. & Weiss, S. G. (1998). *New directions in teacher evaluation*. Washington, DC: ERIC Clearinghouse on teaching and teacher education. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED429052)
- Wilkerson, D. J., Manatt, R. P., Rogers, M. A., & Maughan, R. (2000). Validation of student, principal, and self-ratings in 360⁰ feedback[®] for teacher evaluation. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, 14(2), 179-192.

_

Endnotes

- ² Peart, N. A., & Campbell, F. A. (1999). At-risk students' perceptions of teacher effectiveness. *Journal* for a Just and Caring Education, 5(3), 269-284.
- ² Covino, E. A., & Iwanicki, E. (1996). Experienced teachers: Their constructs on effective teaching. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, *11*, 325-363.
- ³ McAllister, G., & Irvine, J. J. (2000). Cross cultural competency and multicultural teacher education. *Review of Educational Research*, 70(1), 3-24.
- ⁴ Cruickshank, D. R., & Haefele, D. (2001). Good teachers, plural. *Educational Leadership*, 58(5), 26-30.
- ⁵ Weinsten, C., Curran, M., & Tomlinson-Clarke, S. (2003). Culturally responsive classroom management: Awareness into action. *Theory Into Practice*, 42(4), 269-276.
- ⁶ McEwan, E. K. (2002). *10 traits of highly effective teachers: How to hire, coach, and mentor successful teachers.* Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.
- ⁷ McEwan, 2002.
- ⁸ Marzano, R. J., Pickering, D., & McTighe, J. (1993). Assessing student outcomes: Performance assessment using the dimensions of learning model. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.
- ⁹ Marzano et al., 1993.
- ¹⁰ Panasuk, R., Stone, W., & Todd, J. (2002). Lesson planning strategy for effective mathematics teaching. *Education*, 2(2), 714, 808-827.
- ¹¹ Buttram, J. L., & Waters, J. T. (1997). Improving America's schools through standards-based education. *Bulletin*, *81*(590), 1-5.
- ¹² Education USA Special Report. (n. d.). *Good teachers: What to look for.* Rockville, MD: National School Public Relations Association; Panasuk, Stone, & Todd, 2002.
- ¹³ Darling-Hammond, L. (2001). The challenge of staffing our schools. *Educational Leadership*, *5*(8), 12-17; Educational Review Office. (1998). *The capable teacher*. Retrieved January 19, 2002, from http://www.ero.govt.nz/Publications/eers1998/98no2hl.html
- ¹⁴ Johnson, B. L. (1997). An organizational analysis of multiple perspectives of effective teaching: Implications for teacher evaluation. *Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education*, *11*, 69-87.
 ¹⁵ Shellard & Protheroe, 2000.
- ¹⁶ Covino & Iwanicki, 1996.
- ¹⁷ Shellard, E., & Protheroe, N. (2000). Effective teaching: How do we know it when we see it? *The Informed Educator Series*. Arlington, VA: Educational Research Service.
- ¹⁸Cawelti, G. (1999). *Handbook of research on improving student achievement* (2nd ed.). Arlington, VA: Educational Research Service; Cotton, K. (2000). *The schooling practices that matter most*. Portland, OR: Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory and Alexandria, VA: ASCD; Covino & Iwanicki, 1996; Good, T. L., & Brophy, J. E. (1997). *Looking in classrooms* (7th ed.). New York: Addison-Wesley; Tobin, K. (1980). The effect of extended teacher wait-time on science achievement. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 17, 469-475; Wang, M., Haertel, G. D., & Walberg, H. (1993). What helps students learn? *Educational Leadership*, 51(4), 74-79.
- ¹⁹ Marzano, R. J., Norford, J. S., Paynter, D. E., Pickering, D. J., & Gaddy, B. B. (2001). *A handbook for classroom instruction that works*. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.
- ²⁰ Cotton, K. (2000). *The schooling practices that matter most*. Portland, OR: Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory and Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- ²¹ Stronge, J. H. (2002). *Qualities of effective teachers*. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.
- ²² Eisner, E. W. (1999). The uses and limits of performance assessment. *Phi Delta Kappan*, 80(9), 658-660
- ²³ Gronlund, N. E. (2002). Assessment of student achievement (7th ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- ²⁴ Stronge, 2002.
- ²⁵ Collinson, V., Killeavy, M., & Stephenson, H. J. (1999). Exemplary teachers: Practicing an ethic of care in England, Ireland, and the United States. *Journal for a Just and Caring Education*, *5* (4), 349-366.

classroom management at the beginning of the year. *The Elementary School Journal*, 80(5), 219-231. ³⁰ Rockwell, R. E., Andre, L. C., & Hawley, M. K. (1996). *Parents and teachers as partners: Issues and*

²⁶ Wright, S. P., Horn, S. P., & Sanders, W. L. (1997). Teacher and classroom context effects on student achievement: Implications for teacher evaluation. Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education, 11, 57-

²⁷ Bloom, B. S. (1984). The search for methods of group instruction as effective as one-to-one tutoring. Educational Leadership, 41(8), 4-17.

²⁸ National Association of Secondary School Principals (NASSP). (1997). Students say: What makes a good teacher? *Schools in the Middle, 6*(5), 15-17; Peart & Campbell, 1999; ²⁹ Covino & Iwanicki, 1996; Emmer, E. T., Evertson, C. M., & Anderson, L. M. (1980). Effective

challenges. Fort Worth, TX: Harcourt Brace College.

³¹ Swap, S. A. (1993). Developing home-school partnerships from concepts to practice. New York: Teachers College Press.

³² Danielson, C. (2001). New trends in teacher evaluation. *Educational Leadership*, 5(5), 12-15; Guskey, T. R. (2002). Does it make a difference? Evaluating professional development. Educational Leadership, 59(6), 45-51.

³³ ISTE research reports: Overview: Research on IT [informational technology] in education. (n.d.). Retrieved September 22, 2002, from http://www.iste.org/research/reports/tlcu/overview.html

³⁴ School Board News. (1997). Teacher quality is key to student achievement (electronic version). American School Board Journal. Retrieved November 21, 2000, from http://www.asbj.com/achievement/ci/ci3.html; Camphire, G. (2001). Are our teachers good enough? SEDLetter, 13(2). Retrieved November 12, 2001, from http://www.sedl.org/pubs/sedletter/v13n2/1.htm

³⁵ Collinson, et al., 1999. ³⁶ Education USA Special Report. (n.d.).

³⁷ Johnson, B. L. (1997). An organizational analysis of multiple perspectives of effective teaching: Implications for teacher evaluation. Journal of Personnel Evaluation in Education, 11, 69-87.

³⁸ Haberman, M. (1995). STAR teachers of children in poverty. West Lafayette, IN: Kappa Delta Pi.

³⁹ Cruickshank & Haefele, 2001.

⁴⁰ Shellard & Protheroe, 2000.