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Indiana Superintendent of Public Instruction

Evaluation Plan Submission Coversheet 2016-2017

CONTEXT: Indiana Code (IC) 20-28-11.5-8(d) requires each school corporation to submit its staff performance evaluation plan to the department (IDOE) and requires the IDOE to publish the plans on its website. This coversheet is meant to provide a reference for IDOE staff and key stakeholders to view the statutory- and regulatory-required components of performance evaluation plans for each school corporation. Furthermore, in accordance with IC 20-28-11.5-8(d), a school corporation must submit its staff performance evaluation plan to the department for approval in order to qualify for any grant funding related to this chapter (i.e., Teacher Performance Grant, Excellence in Performance Grant). Thus, it is essential that the reference page numbers included below clearly demonstrate fulfillment of the statutory (IC 20-28-11.5) and regulatory (511 IAC 10-6) requirements.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Completion

In the chart below, please type the reference the page numbers in your staff performance evaluation document which **clearly display** compliance with the requirements. If the plan has multiple documents with duplicate page numbers, please refer to the documents by A, B, C, D, etc. with the page number following. For example: A-23, B-5, etc. Please note, your plan may include many other sections not listed below.

Submission

Once completed, please attach this coversheet to the performance evaluation plan document you will submit. The whole document, including this coversheet, needs to be combined into one continuous PDF for submission. Again, all information must be included in **ONE** PDF, as you will only be able to upload a single document.

School Corporation Name:	Indianapolis Public Schools
School Corporation Number:	5385

Annual Evaluations			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
✓ Annual performance evaluations for each certificated employee	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(1)	Plan and metrics to evaluate <i>all</i> certificated employees, including teachers, administrators, counselors, principals and superintendents	A - pgs. 4-24 D- pgs. 4-7
Objective Measures of Student Achievemer	t and Growth		•
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☑ Objective measures of student achievement and growth significantly inform <i>all</i> certificated employees evaluations	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)	 Weighting (broken down by percentage) of student achievement and growth in final summative evaluation for all certificated employees Protocol for including objective measures of student achievement and growth 	A - pg. 23 D - pgs. 5, 13
Student performance results from statewide assessments inform evaluations of employees whose responsibilities include teaching tested subjects	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)(A) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(1)	***Individual Growth Measure (IGM) must be the primary measure for E/LA and math teachers in grades 4-8***	B - pgs. 2-40 D - pgs 13-13
✓ Methods of assessing student growth in evaluations of employees who do not teach tested subjects	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)(B) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(2) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(3)	Examples include: Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) Corporation- or classroom-level student learning measures for nontested grades and subjects Other student learning measures for non-teaching staff School-wide learning measures (e.g., A-F accountability grade)	B - pgs. 2-40 B - pg. 5 (Bottom C - pg. 6 D - pg. 13
✓ Student assessment results from locally- developed assessments and other test measures in evaluations for certificated employees	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)(C) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(2) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(3)	 Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) School-wide learning measures (e.g., A-F accountability grade) 	B - pgs. 9-40 D - pgs. 6, 10-11
Rigorous Measures of Effectiveness			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☑ Rigorous measures of effectiveness, including observations and other performance indicators	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(3)	 Observation rubrics - for <i>all</i> certificated staff - with detailed descriptions of each level of performance for each domain and/or indicator Other measures used for evaluations (<i>e.g.</i>, surveys) 	C - pgs. 3-62 D - pgs. 14-18

Designation in Rating Category			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☑ A summative rating as one of the following: highly effective, effective, improvement necessary, or ineffective	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(4) 511 IAC 10-6-2(c)	 Definition of performance categories Summative scoring process that yields placement into each performance category 	A - pgs. 7-9 D - pgs. 6-11
☑ A final summative rating modification if and when a teacher negatively affects student growth	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(6) 511 IAC 10-6-4(c)	 Definition of negative impact on student growth for grades and subjects not measured by statewide assessments Description of the process for modifying a final summative rating for negative growth 	A - pg. 13
☑ All evaluation components, including but not limited to student performance data and observation results, factored into the final summative rating	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(4)	 Summative scoring process that yields placement into each performance category Process for scoring student learning measures Weighting (broken down by percentage) of all evaluation components 	A - pgs. 6-9 B - pgs. 9-40
Evaluation Feedback			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
An explanation of evaluator's recommendations for improvement and the time in which improvement is expected	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(5) 511 IAC 10-6-5	 Process and timeline for delivering feedback on evaluations Process for linking evaluation results with professional development 	A - pg. 11, 16 D - pgs. 7-9
Evaluation Plan Discussion			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☑ Evaluation Plan must be in writing and explained prior to evaluations are conducted.	IC 20-28-11.5-4(e)(1) IC 20-28-11.5-4(e)(2)	 Process for ensuring the evaluation plan is in writing and will be explained to the governing body in a public meeting before the evaluations are conducted Before explaining the plan to the governing body, the superintendent of the school corporation shall discuss the plan with teachers or the teachers' representative, if there is one 	A - pg. 11

Evaluators			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
✓ Only individuals who have received training and support in evaluation skills may evaluate certificated employees	IC 20-28-11.5-5(b)	 Description of ongoing evaluator training Description of who will serve as evaluators Process for determining evaluators 	A - pg. 11 A - pg. 12
✓ Teachers acting as evaluators (optional) clearly demonstrate a record of effective teaching over several years, are approved by the principal as qualified to evaluate under the evaluation plan, and conduct staff evaluations as a significant part of their responsibilities	IC 20-28-11.5-1(2) IC 20-28-11.5-1(3) 511 IAC 10-6-3	Description of who will serve as evaluators Process for determining evaluators	A - pg. 12 D - pg. 11
✓ All evaluators receive training and support in evaluation skills	IC 20-28-11.5-5(b) 511 IAC 10-6-3	Description ongoing evaluator training	A - pg. 11 A - pg. 12
Feedback and Remediation Plans			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
All evaluated employees receive completed evaluation and documented feedback within seven business days from the completion of the evaluation.	IC 20-28-11.5-6(a)	System for delivering summative evaluation results to employees	A - pg. 11, 13 A - pg. 15 D - pg. 9-11
✓ Remediation plans assigned to teachers rated as ineffective or improvement necessary	IC 20-28-11.5-6(b)	 Remediation plan creation and timeframe Process for linking evaluation results with professional development 	A - pgs. 16 #3 D - pgs. 7-8
✓ Remediation plans include the use of employee's license renewal credits	IC 20-28-11.5-6(b)	Description of how employee license renewal credits and/or Professional Growth Points will be incorporated into remediation	A - pg. 16 D - pg. 8
✓ Means by which teachers rated as ineffective can request a private conference with the superintendent	IC 20-28-11.5-6(c)	Process for teachers rated as ineffective to request conference with superintendent	A - pg.17
Instruction Delivered by Teachers Rated Ine	ffective		
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☑ The procedures established for avoiding situations in which a student would be instructed for two consecutive years by two consecutive teachers rated as ineffective	IC 20-28-11.5-7(c)	Process for ensuring students do not receive instruction from ineffective teachers two years in a row	A - pg.18
✓ The procedures established to communicate to parents when student assignment to consecutive teachers rated as ineffective is unavoidable	IC 20-28-11.5-7(d)	Description of how parents will be informed of the situation	A - pg. 18

INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

CERTIFIED STAFF EVALUATION SYSTEM 2016—2017



SECTION A

INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

TEACHER EVALUATION AND DEVELOPMENT PLAN GUIDEBOOK 2016—2017





ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Facilitators

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IPS Evaluation Steering Committee spent 2015–2016 to both review current evaluation practices, resources and tools used in the district to evaluate certified staff, as well as plan improvements and a new approach. This guidebook is the outcome of the hard work the people listed above invested over the course of the year. The members of this committee serve for two years and will continue to monitor the effective rollout and implementation, gathering feedback from annual surveys and focus groups, district discussion meetings and will make revisions as needed. Meetings with the Steering Committee will happen quarterly.



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INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

GUIDELINES FOR TEACHER PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS

IPS Core Commitments and Beliefs

- 1. All IPS students can achieve their full potential, learn at high levels and graduate prepared to succeed in school, career and life.
- 2. Effective teachers and great schools are the key to students' success.
- 3. All IPS schools must be great places to teach and learn.
- 4. The IPS Central Administration exists solely to support the work of teachers and schools, and must be a high-performing organization.
- 5. IPS families and the entire Indianapolis community have a shared responsibility for student success and will benefit from this success.

Vision Statement for IPS Teacher Evaluations

The purpose of the IPS Educator Evaluation System is to define and facilitate great teaching and learning.

Belief Statements

We believe the IPS Educator Evaluation System must:

- Be a collaborative process.
- Empower and support staff with differentiated supports in continuous growth and development.
- Facilitate the instructional leadership of principals through their daily engagement in classrooms.
- Reflect an investment in teachers as the most important source of talent for IPS.

General Provisions

All teachers shall be evaluated annually and provided growth opportunities throughout the year.

All teachers will be assigned a primary evaluator and a secondary evaluator, though any administrator can do an observation.

A teacher who is an IEA member may be afforded Association representation if they so choose during the evaluation process.

Modifications to these guidelines will be discussed with teacher representation per IC: 20-29-6-7. Teacher Evaluation and Development Steering committee will meet quarterly for the sole purpose of evaluating teacher evaluation and development of guidelines and procedures. Additional revisions will take place as necessary and at the request of either teacher representation or administration. Information on this plan will be kept in Standards for Success (SFS) and any changes to the plan will be communicated via email and reflected in the latest version on SFS.



TEACHER PERFORMANCE COMPONENTS

Indiana Law requires IPS to evaluate all certified staff annually with rigorous measures of effectiveness and give each staff member a designation in one of four rating categories (Highly Effective, Effective, Improvement Necessary, Ineffective). IPS performance components outlined below fulfill the state's requirements.

The Danielson Performance Rubric (see Appendix C) will serve as the basis for the evaluation and development process and illustrates the benchmark for good instruction and professional practice for all teachers throughout the year. Standards for Success (SFS) will serve as the tool for documentation of the evaluation process (See Appendix B). The Domains measured include:

- 1. Planning and Preparation
- 2. Classroom Environment
- 3. Instruction
- 4. Professional Responsibilities

Evaluators will observe and provide feedback based upon these domains throughout the year. A performance indicator or score will be assigned for each Domain at the end of the year. This score will be based on all evidence collected throughout the year. **Evaluators will not average any scores, but rather look for growth over time and trends across the year.**

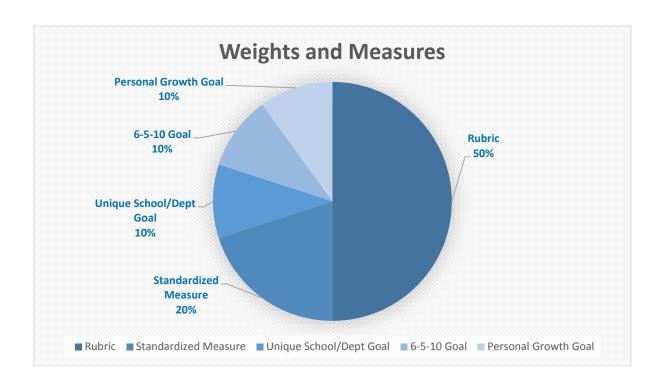
While most staff will use the Teaching Rubric, special roles will use:

- Instructional Specialist Rubric (for coaches)
- Media Specialist Rubric
- Nursing Rubric
- School Psychologist Rubric
- School Counselor Rubric (for counselors, graduation coaches and social workers)
- Therapist Rubric

Lastly, measures that inform performance will be included; in addition to observations. These additional measures are explained in greater detail in Appendix A. Standardized measures for certified staff are explained in an additional Standardized Assessment Guidebook. This book will include the assessment each subject area staff member will use as their standardized measure, as well as a rubric to indicate the target growth and performance for students.



All certified evaluations would include the following multiple measures as required by law at the same percentages with a few exceptions:



Exceptions include:

Psychologists	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
Sped Specialists at multiple	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
schools	
District Content/ESL Coaches	Rubric 50%, C&I Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
Programs for Young Children	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%,
(PYC)	personal goal 10%
Non-Public Services	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%,
	personal goal 10%
SPED Coordinators	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%,
	personal goal 10%
Special Education teacher in	Rubric 50%, Service Minutes 20%, SPED Department Goal 20%,
multiple schools: SLP, Deaf, Blind	personal goal 10%
SPED LC Directors	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, LC Goal 20%, personal
	goal 10%

^{*}specific information for teacher groups found in Appendix C



TEACHER PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

The following are domains with standards of performance that serve as a base for the evaluation process and will be continually in force and effect for all teachers. A performance level will be indicated for each domain.

Teac	her Performance Expectations	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
	Ia. Demonstrating Knowledge of	1	2	3	4
_	Content and Pedagogy				
ıtio	Ib. Demonstrating Knowledge of	1	2	3	4
ara	Students	_			_
Domain I: 3 and Prep	Ic. Setting Instructional Outcomes	1	2	3	4
mai nd F	Id. Demonstrating Knowledge of	1	2	3	4
Do ng a	Resources	_	_		
Domain I: Planning and Preparation	Ie. Designing Coherent Instruction	1	2	3	4
₫	If. Designing Student Assessments	1	2	3	4
DOMAIN TO	I ΓAL SCORE=				
	2a. Creating an Environment of	1	2	3	4
	Respect and Rapport				
t 3	2b. Establishing a Culture for	1	2	3	4
II: oor	Learning				
Domain II: The Classroom Environment	2c. Managing Classroom Procedures	1	2	3	4
Do The (Envi	2d. Managing Student Behavior	1	2	3	4
	2e. Organizing Physical Space	1	2	3	4
DOMAIN TO	TAL SCORE=				
	3a. Communicating with Students	1	2	3	4
	3b. Using Questions and Discussion Techniques	1	2	3	4
Domain III: Instruction	3c. Engaging Students in Learning	1	2	3	4
Dom	3d. Using Assessments in Instruction	1	2	3	4
	3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness	1	2	3	4
DOMAIN TO	TAL SCORE =		1		



TEACHER PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

Teach	er Performance Expectat	ions	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
S	4a. Reflecting on Teach	ing	1	2	3	4
Domain IV: Professional Responsibilities	4b. Maintaining Accurate Records		1	2	3	4
Domain IV: onal Respon	4c. Communicating with Families	h	1	2	3	4
Doma onal R	4d. Participating in a Professional Commu	unity	1	2	3	4
rofessi	4e. Growing and Develo		1	2	3	4
₫.	4f. Showing Professiona	alism	1	2	3	4
	DOMAIN TOTAL S	SCORE =				
Stand	dardized Measure and Go	als	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
	Personal Growth Goal	10%	1	2	3	4
Goals	6-5-10 Goal	10%	1	2	3	4
90	Unique School/Dept. Goal	10%	1	2	3	4
	Standardized Measure	20%	1	2	3	4
	STANDARDIZED MEASURE AND GOALS SCORE =					



TEACHER RATING CALCULATION

The tables below illustrate how a summative rating is calculated for most teachers. Each domain is scored and weighted. An overall rubric score is weighted, and then each additional measure is scored and weighted.

	Score	Weight	
Domain I		x .10	
Domain II		x .40	
Domain III		x .40	
Domain IV		x .10	
		(TOTAL) x.50 =	
Standardized Measure		x .20	
School/Team Goal		x .10	
6-5-10 Goal		x .10	
Personal Goal		x .10	
TOTAL =			



Less than 120 Day or Non-Qualifying Evaluation

This evaluation provides development support to teachers that are not here the entire year (hired late or out on leave for part of the year). Teachers will receive a final rating based on rubric scores only and will not receive additional compensation due to this final rating.

	Score	Weight	
Domain I		x .10	
Domain II		x .40	
Domain III		x .40	
Domain IV		x .10	
Standardized Measure		x 0	
School/Team Goal		x 0	
6-5-10 Goal		x 0	
Personal Goal		x 0	
Total =			

Overall Summative Rating

Highly Effective	Effective	Improvement Necessary	Ineffective
4.0-3.5	3.49-2.5	2.49-1.75	1.74-0



TEACHER EVALUATION PROCESS AND OVERVIEW

Introductory Evaluation and Development Training	Initial training of staff on evaluation rubric, process and expectations by school Teacher Development Team. New teachers will be trained and set up on Standards for Success platform.
	September 2
Initial Goal Setting Conference	Fall meeting with teacher and observer to ensure evaluation process and measures (school goal, 6-5-10 goal, standardized measure) are discussed, and that the teacher has an opportunity to describe and set a relevant personal goal (see guidelines). These goals are entered into Standards for Success as evidence of the meeting.
	September 30
Artifacts	Artifacts should illustrate the teacher's best evidence of components. Maximum of one artifact per component. Artifacts may illustrate more than one component.
	Please submit artifacts for six components by December 9, 2016. Please submit artifacts for the final six components by May 12, 2017.
Observations	Two (minimum one each semester) For the fall observation, debrief conversation is held for any teacher struggling in a domain (or by request). First Semester Observations need to be completed by December 9, 2016.
	All Observations need to be completed by May 12, 2017.
	Four (minimum two each semester spaced at least a week between) – more recommended Debrief conversation upon request.
Mini Observations	First Semester mini observations need to be completed by December 9, 2016.
	All mini observations need to be completed by May 12, 2017.
Final Summative Conference	Spring meeting to discuss cumulative evidence of growth, outcomes of goals and overall rating.
	June 2



OBSERVER QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING

Evaluators in IPS can be any administrator who has been trained on our rubric, process and platform. All teachers will be assigned a primary evaluator, but will also receive feedback from a secondary evaluator where possible on at least one mini observation.

Summer and fall trainings will be offered for all new evaluators. Teacher Development Teams (one of which will be an IEA member) at each school will be trained and provided materials in order to train school staff. These teams will consist of two teachers at each building in addition to trained administrators. Ongoing professional development will be offered at principal and assistant principal meetings throughout the year that focus on observation norming, rubric expectations and skills in providing effective feedback. Evaluation and Development Teacher leaders will work to ensure effective communication directly to teachers on these processes, as well as develop tools and resources for professional development throughout the year (which go through district discussion).

EVALUATIVE EVIDENCE

Evaluative evidence provides documentation of a teacher's attainment of performance expectations and identifies targeted areas for professional growth. The types of evaluative evidence are as follows:

- **OBSERVATION** an unannounced observation (duration at least 20 minutes, but can be longer) to observe any of the domain areas. Teachers receive at least two observations per year; one each semester. If the teacher is on a PIP or Growth Plan, additional observations are required to provide feedback on growth.
- MINI OBSERVATION a short unannounced visitation (duration usually 3–7 minutes, but up to 10 minutes) by the evaluator to observe the teacher in any of the domain areas. Teachers receive at least four mini observations throughout the year, but more are recommended. More frequent, shorter snapshots are an effective way to gather evidence for a summative evaluation and provide feedback to foster professional growth. A secondary evaluator will do at least one mini observation for every teacher. This will ensure teachers get feedback from multiple observers.
- WALK-THROUGH a non-evaluative short visit. Typically 3-5 minutes and only used for coaching, informal feedback that is not part of the formal evaluation process.
- ARTIFACTS evidence of indicators that are difficult to observe. Teachers can present artifacts
 as evidence in Domains I & IV to illustrate the teacher's ability to affect good instruction. (e.g.
 lesson plans, assessments, unit planning materials, study guides, homework assignments,
 student work, professional development documentation, technology integration, student
 intervention documentation, newsletters, communication logs, discipline logs, emails, agendas,
 professional development presentations, IB portfolios and other materials of a similar nature).
 Artifacts can represent evidence for multiple indicators if applicable, but teachers only need one
 single piece of evidence per indicator.



- **FEEDBACK** (as well as evidence) to teachers is always expected to be documented and saved in Standards for Success after each observation or walk-through. Feedback should be received within three days of the observation or walk-through. Teachers can request a debrief conversation based on written feedback to discuss within 10 days of the observation, but one debrief meeting is required after any observation for anyone landing in the "Improvement Necessary" or "Ineffective" rating in any domain.
- EVIDENCE OF OVERALL GROWTH FOR SUMMATIVE EVALUATIONS it is important to note that evidence across the year is not averaged, but rather, evaluators are looking for growth over the year and improvement in scores and evidence as the year progresses.



INITIAL GOAL SETTING CONFERENCE

This conversation should be held early in the fall with each teacher (all completed by September 30). This should set the tone for observations and feedback for the year. If teachers are returning, this is an opportunity for evaluators to review their previous ratings/feedback and for teachers to think about how they want to grow professionally in the coming year and what they want from their evaluators.

At this conference, the teacher and evaluator will:

- 1. Review the evaluation process and expectations for the year.
- 2. Identify the school and 6-5-10 goals for the year.
- 3. Allow the teacher to identify personal growth goals and their expectations.
- 4. Allow the evaluator to review the personal growth goal.
- 5. Ensure SFS is set up correctly for the staff member and goals are entered.



OBSERVATION DEBRIEF

This conversation is to be held, if the evaluator has determined that the teacher's performance in a domain or several indicators is at the Improvement Necessary or Ineffective (growth opportunity) level. A copy of the observation with the evaluator's comments and observation notes will be given to the teacher on Standards for Success within three days after the observation.

At the debrief, the teacher and evaluator will:

- 1. Review all performance expectations.
- 2. Provide encouragement to the teacher to continue with practices that are performed at a high level.
- 3. Suggest pieces of evidence/artifacts the teacher could use to document attainment of performance expectations.
- 4. Review the specific performance expectation(s) not being met.
- 5. Specify what is needed to improve the level of performance.
- 6. Provide resources and guidance to the teacher in goal setting.
- 7. Answer questions and clarify expectations of the evaluator.

The teacher can request representation at this meeting to help develop the plan if the teacher is a member of IEA.

If, during the debrief it is determined that there is a significant lack of proficiency in any domain area or specific teacher performance expectations have been rated as Improvement Necessary and Ineffective, then the teacher and administrator will schedule an additional meeting to develop a growth-plan in Standards for Success. This plan will:

- 1. Identify and review the specific performance expectations not being met.
- 2. Specify what is needed to improve the level of performance as shown.
- 3. Provide suggestions, resources, strategies and support the teacher may use to improve performance.
- 4. Provide timelines of 4–6 weeks for the teacher to follow when addressing performance expectations, ensuring the teacher has reasonable time to show improvement.

The teacher can request representation at this meeting to help develop the plan if the teacher is a member of IEA.

The evaluator should provide ongoing observations/walk-throughs and feedback to the teacher throughout the duration of the plan.

By developing growth plans based on observed evidence, the evaluator is making a direct link between the development of teachers to professional learning—either in the building (i.e. observing other teachers, visiting classrooms, team teaching, book study, developing and leading schoolwide PD) or outside the building (district level PD, external coursework or classes, buildings or classrooms in other schools, etc.) Teachers are able to earn PGP points through this process.



PROFESSIONAL IMPROVEMENT PLANS

If, a teacher shows a significant lack of proficiency the previous year and receiving a summative rating of Ineffective or Improvement Necessary, then in the fall during the Initial Goal Setting Conference, the teacher and administrator will schedule a meeting to develop a Professional Improvement Plan (PIP) in Standards for Success. This plan will:

- 1. Identify and review the specific performance expectation not being met.
- 2. Specify what is needed to improve the level of performance as shown.
- 3. Provide suggestions, resources, strategies and support the teacher may use to improve performance.
- 4. Provide timelines for the teacher to follow when addressing performance expectations, ensuring the teacher has reasonable time to show improvement. No shorter than 90 days.

The teacher who is a member of IEA can request representation at this meeting to help develop the plan.

The evaluator should provide ongoing observations/walk-throughs and feedback to the teacher throughout the duration of the plan.

At the conclusion of the Professional Improvement Plan, the evaluator will make a judgement as to whether the teacher will be recommended for non-renewal or renewal or be placed on an additional PIP plan.

By developing PIPs based on observed evidence and previous summative ratings, the evaluator is making a direct link between the development of teachers to professional learning – either in the building (i.e. observing other teachers, visiting classrooms, team teaching, book study, developing and leading school wide PD) or outside the building (district level PD, external coursework or classes, buildings or classrooms in other schools, etc.) Teachers are able to earn PGP points through this process.

In addition to Professional Improvement Plans, the district will be developing data reports and training principals to help guide building professional development, professional development plans and district professional development plans.



PRELIMINARY (SPRING) SUMMATIVE DEBRIEFS

The primary evaluator will schedule an end of year debrief conversation with all teachers to discuss preliminary summative results, including:

- 1. All performance expectation.
- 2. Discuss outcome of goals if data is available.
- 3. Provide encouragement to the teacher to continue with practices that earned Effective and Highly Effective ratings. (Acknowledge some of the teacher's strengths or achievements that led to Effective and Highly Effective ratings.) And have a final "stay" conversation.
- 4. Answer questions and clarify the reason(s) for the overall performance level.

If the teacher's overall rating is determined to be Improvement Necessary or Ineffective, the evaluator will discuss all of the above and:

- 5. Discuss with the teacher the evaluative recommendation for the next school year (i.e. *Renewal and Performance Improvement Plan or Non-Renewal*).
- 6. Ensure the electronic date and signature in SFS is completed to provide evidence of debrief.

If all data is available for a final summative score, the evaluator can finalize them in SFS and share all data. All information, including individual Performance Indicator scores, comments and available Student Achievement and Growth measure scores will be accessible through Standards for Success. (See Appendix B)

But, due to the likely delay in receiving test scores from the IDOE or delays in testing windows, Final Summative Evaluation documents may not be available to teachers until the following school year. In which case, evaluators should share the available data in this preliminary conference, but not finalize the teacher's evaluation until the fall when data becomes available.

Teacher Submission of Student Achievement Measures as Part of the Summative Evaluation

Prior to submitting scores for standardized measures, teachers must acknowledge that all protocols and expectations were followed with respect to assessment security, integrity and honesty in reporting student information. Should it be determined that expected protocols were not followed, the teacher shall receive a score of "0" for the appropriate Standardized Measure.



NEGATIVE IMPACT ON STUDENT LEARNING

IC 20-28-11.4-4 (c) (4) and (6) requires that the following provision be included in each school district's teacher evaluation plan: A provision that a teacher who negatively affects student achievement and growth cannot receive a rating of Highly Effective or Effective.

Negative Impact on Student Learning will be determined by the following:

Teachers Receiving Growth Measure Data from IDOE (Classroom Teachers Grades 4–8 E/LA and Mathematics):

Negative Impact is characterized by a significant decrease in student achievement and a significantly low level of student growth. If a teacher's ISTEP Individual Growth Model (IGM) score is a 1, then the teacher will be determined to have a Negative Impact on Student Learning. If there is a determination of Negative Impact, and the teacher's combined rubric and student achievement and growth summative level is Effective or Highly Effective, the summative level will be reduced to no higher than Improvement Necessary.

All Other Teachers:

If a teacher scores a 1 (Ineffective) on their standardized measure, then the teacher shall be determined to be having a Negative Impact on Student Learning. If there is a determination of Negative Impact, and the teacher's combined rubric and student achievement and growth summative level is Effective or Highly Effective, the summative level will be reduced to no higher than Improvement Necessary.



DESIGNATION THROUGH RUBRIC ONLY

1. Non-renewals/Cancellation of Contract

The range for an Ineffective rating on the Summative Evaluation is between a score of 0.0 and 1.749 out of the total 4.0 points possible.

When the summative score will result in an Ineffective rating for the teacher and the teacher is up for cancellation of contract or non-renewal, evaluations may be finalized through a rubric score only.

2. Number of Teacher Days Required for a Qualifying Evaluation - Unplanned Leave

A Qualifying Evaluation refers to an evaluation of a teacher that has attended a minimum number of days required (120 days) for the evaluation to be considered for any additional compensation resulting from the collective bargaining process.

If an unplanned extended leave is necessary and the teacher's data measures are no longer appropriate, the evaluation shall be completed using only the rubric at 100% as noted in the chart below.

If the teacher's unexpected illness or absence prevents a principal from completing at least one formal observation and one informal observation, the evaluation shall be declared incomplete.

DAYS PRESENT	EVALUATION PROCESS
120+ days	No change - As prescribed
46–119 days	Summative rating based upon rubric only 100%. Rubric score will include data from at least two observations with a minimum of 30 days in between. Teacher not eligible for raises the following year (does not qualify for year of service).
0–45 days	Observations can/should happen, but Summative Evaluation declared incomplete for the school year. Teachers not eligible for raises the following year (does not qualify for year of service).

NOTE: A teacher who questions how his/her summative rating is affected by an extended leave may request a meeting with the building principal.



APPENDIX A: GUIDANCE FOR DEVELOPING AND SCORING GOALS

Criteria for school/department or program goal:

- Developed by leadership team by soliciting input from teachers
- Measurable and something the staff in the building can collectively impact
- Focused on something the school is focused on for the year schoolwide: student behavior or culture, student outcomes, parent engagement, professional learning communities, etc.
- Rigorous and based on data
- May be a school improvement goal
- Should be aligned with school improvement plan
- Approved by AIO

Examples:

We will increase graduation rates to 70%.

We will increase ECA success rates by 10%.

We will reduce course failures by 25%.

We will increase family attendance for PIT day and parent survey completion to 70%.

Criteria for personal goal:

- Developed by teacher
- Measurable
- Focused on something the teacher would like to work on throughout the year: skill identified in observation feedback, rubric component, based on district focused professional development, classroom culture, peer collaboration, leadership development, parent engagement, etc.
- Is rigorous and based on data
- Will impact classroom effectiveness
- Agreed upon with evaluator

Examples:

Due to the changing student demographic at our school, I will complete a basic conversational skills Spanish class, and make home visits to more directly connect with Spanish speaking parents.

Increase family involvement in my classroom this year by 40% measured by fall and spring attendance in classroom events. I will complete 100% of the following challenges: call all families in the first month of school, make one home visit to each student throughout the year, and host four family events in my classroom.

Increase my effectiveness in 3B in my math instruction. Focus on level of questions and discussion in math instruction. Double the average number of higher order thinking questions and open ended questions I ask in math instruction.

^{*}If you serve multiple buildings, your supervisor will develop a team goal instead.



Focus on 3c on the Danielson rubric "Engaging students in their learning." 50% of the time when an administration observes, students fit the critical attributes of Highly Effective teaching and never fit the critical attributes in ineffective.

Rubric Used to Assess School and Personal Goal

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
Did not meet goal	Met part of goal	Met goal	Met and exceeded goal

If staff touch multiple buildings, then supervisors will develop a team or department goal. The rubric above will be used to determine effectiveness of goal. Example: Special Education Specialists will have a team goal set by the SPED Department. District content coaches will have a team goal set by the C&I Department. School psychologists will have a team goal set by the SPED Department. Graduation coaches will have a team goal set by the Student Services Department, etc.

6-5-10 Goals

These goals are set by the district each year and focus on academic outcomes for students at each building.

Rubric Used to Asses 6-5-10 goal

	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
6	0–1	2–3	4–5	6
5	0–1	2	3–4	5
10	0–3	4–5	6–8	9–10

Certified staff who touch multiple buildings should use the following rubric for their 6-5-10 goals.

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
Did not meet goals at	Met part of goal at	Met and/or	Met or exceeded school's
any schools OR met part	most schools OR met	exceeded school	goals at all schools touched.
of goals at all schools.	of goals at all schools. school goals at some		
Not much progress.	much progress. schools. Some progress		
	evident.		



APPENDIX B: STANDARDS FOR SUCCESS

Recording Observation Data and Finding Resources

The Standard for Success Teacher Training Guide is available on the SFS website. Click <u>here</u> to access the guide. This platform will manage all data collection, storage and will provide administrators with analysis and reports. These reports will help inform individual, school and district professional development throughout the year.

IPS Evaluation Guidebook will also be located on SFS. Staff will be notified of any updates made to the guidelines throughout the year and the latest version will always be found on SFS.

All staff can access the following on SFS:

- 1. All rubrics
- 2. All forms and help documents
- 3. All district created assessments
- 4. Growth Tracker (pre/post-tests)
- 5. All observation evidence
- 6. All growth and PIP plans
- 7. Helpful PDF's/How to's
- 8. All rating

APPENDIX C: TEACHER GROUPS

Group 1	Rubric	Personal	School	6-5-10	Standardized
(Most Teachers)		Goal	Goal	Goal	Measure
	50%	10%	10%	10%	20%

Group 2 (PYC, Non-public, SPED Coordinators)	Rubric	Personal Goal	Program Goal	Department Goal
	50%	10%	20%	20%

Group 3 (Sped Specialists, District Content Coaches, Psych, Alt	Rubric	Personal Goal	Department Goal
Ed)			
	50%	10%	40%

Group 4	Rubric
Less than 120 day teacher	
teather	
	100%

Group 5 Administrator	Rubric	Personal Goal	School Goal	6-5-10 Goal
7 (diffinitistrator	50%	10%	10%	30%

Group 6	Rubric	Personal	School Goal	Standardized
Innovation		Goal		Measure
School				
Teachers, and				
Francis				
Bellamy				
	50%	10%	10%	20%



2. Click login

a. login: email address

b. password (if you are a new teacher, your password will be emailed to you)



Introductory Evaluation and **Development Training**

Indianapolis Public Schools

Evaluation Process Cheat Sheet 2016–2017

September 2

 Initial training of staff on evaluation rubric, process and expectations by school Teacher Development Team. New teachers will be trained and set up on the Standard for Success platform.

Initial Goal Setting Conference October 14

 Fall meeting with teacher and observer to ensure evaluation process and measures are discussed, and that the teacher has an opportunity to describe and set a relevant personal goal. These goals are entered into SFS as evidence of the meeting.

First round of Observations and Artifacts

December 9th

 ½ of all artifacts and walkthroughs must be completed (6 artifacts [3 for Domain 1 and 3 for Domain 4], 2 mini-observations and one observation.)

Observations: All Observations and Artifacts need to be completed by May 12

- 4 (minimum 2 each semester) more
- 2 (minimum 1 each semester)
- Debrief conversation upon request

recommended of mini-observations

• One artifact per compentency total of 12 for Domains 1 and 4.

Final Summative Conference June 2

 Spring meeting to discuss cumulative evidence of growth, outcomes of goals and overall rating.

Teacher Evaluation Rubric Domains and Competencies

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

- 1a. Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy
- 1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students
- 1c. Setting Instructional Outcomes
- 1d. Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources
- 1e. Designing Coherent Instruction
- 1f. Designing Student Assessments

Domain 3: Instruction

- 3a. Communicating with Students
- 3b. Using Questions and Discussion Techniques
- 3c. Engaging Students in Learning
- 3d. Using Assessments in Instruction
- 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment

- 2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Report
- 2b. Establishing a Culture for Learning
- 2c. Managing Classroom Procedures
- 2d. Managing Student Behavior
- 2e. Organizing Physical Space

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities

- 4a. Reflecting on Teaching
- 4b. Maintaining Accurate Records
- 4c. Communicating with Families
- 4d. Participating in Professional Community
- 4e. Growing and Developing Professionally
- 4f. Showing Professionalism

Special Certified Staff

Counselors/Social Workers: Counselor/ Social Worker Rubric

Nurses: Nurses Rubric

Media Specialists: Media Specialist Rubric

Psychologists: Psychologist Rubric

Instructional Specialist (Coaches): Instructional Specialist Rubric

Rubric Ratings

Highly Effective	Effective
4.0–3.5	3.49-2.5
Improvement Necessary	Ineffective
2.49-1.75	1.74-0

Weights and Measures



- Rubric 50%
- Unique School/Deptartment Goal 10%
- Personal Growth Goal 10%

- Standard Measures 20%
- 6-5-10 Goal 10%

Initial Goal Setting Conference

- Review the evaluation process and expectations for the year
- Identify the school and 6-5-10 goals for the year
- Allow the teacher to identify personal growth goals and their expectations
- Allow the evaluator to review the personal growth goal
- To ensure SFS is set up correctly for the staff member and goals are entered

6-5-10 Goals are Goals that are set by the District

- *K-8 buildings have 6 goals: IREAD3, ISTEP-ELA and math, attendance, discipline and Algebra 1, (if they have Grade 8)
- *7-8 buildings have 5 goals: ISTEP-ELA and math, attendance, discipline and Algebra 1. *6-12 buildings have 10 goals: attendance, discipline, graduation rate, scholarships, ISTEP (Grades 7, 8 and 10), ECA Pass Rate (juniors and seniors), CCR, Honor Diploma and enrolled, enlisted or employed (3E verification).

SECTION B

INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENTS GUIDEBOOK 2016—2017

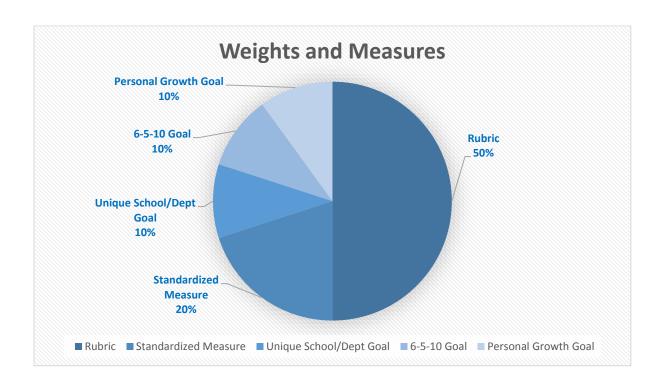




STANDARDIZED MEASURE: STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENTS

One of the five measures used in all certified staff evaluations will be a standardized measure of student achievement/growth. This book helps to outline the measure for each staff member, along with the target expectations for student growth.

Please review the overview below and the detailed pages that align with your content area/grade level.





ASSESSMENT OVERVIEW

Grade/Subject	Assessment Guidance	Page
Pre-K	ISTAR-KR	9
Kindergarten teacher	ELA - MUST use NWEA - if not available, use	10
	DIBELS Pathways of progress	
	AND	
	Math - Must use NWEA - if not available, use district	
	assessment	
Grade 1 teacher	ELA - MUST use NWEA - if not available, use	10
	DIBELS Pathways of progress	
	AND	
	Math - Must use NWEA - if not available, use district	
	assessment	
Grade 2 teacher	ELA - MUST use NWEA - if not available, use DIBELS	10
	Pathways of progress	
	AND	
	Math - Must use NWEA - if not available, use district	
Grade 3 teacher	assessment	11
Grade 3 teacher	ELA - RAPS 360, NWEA or STAR Reading AND	11
	Math - NWEA or district assessment	
Grade 4 teacher	ISTEP ELA and Math	12
Grade 4 teacher ELA	ISTEP ELA	13
Grade 4 teacher Math	ISTEP Math	14
Grade 4 teacher non-ISTEP tested area	District assessment for content area	16
(Science, Social Studies, etc.)	District assessment for content area	
Grade 5 teacher	ISTEP ELA and Math	12
Grade 5 teacher ELA	ISTEP ELA	13
Grade 5 teacher Math	ISTEP Math	14
Grade 5 teacher non-ISTEP tested area	District assessment for content area	16
(Science, Social Studies, etc.)		
Grade 6 teacher	ISTEP ELA and Math	12
Grade 6 teacher ELA	ISTEP ELA	13
Grade 6 teacher Math	ISTEP Math	14
Grade 6 teacher non-ISTEP tested area	District assessment for content area	16
(Science, Social Studies, etc.)		
Grade 7 teacher	ISTEP ELA and Math	12
Grade 7 teacher ELA	ISTEP ELA	13
Grade 7 teacher Math	ISTEP Math	14
Grade 7 teacher non-ISTEP tested area	District assessment for content area	16
(Science, Social Studies, etc.)		
Grade 8 teacher	ISTEP ELA and Math	12
Grade 8 teacher ELA	ISTEP ELA	13
Grade 8 teacher Math	ISTEP Math	14
Grade 8 teacher non ISTEP area (Science,	District assessment for content area	16
Social Studies, etc.)		



High School Science Courses:	District assessments administered each semester	16
Biology	District assessments daministered each semester	
 Earth / Space Science, Chemistry 		
Integrated Chemistry Physics		
Physics		
· ·· , · · ·		
High School Social Studies Courses:	District assessments administered each semester	16
Geography and History of the World		
World History		
U.S. History		
U.S. Government		
 Economics 		
 Sociology 		
 Psychology 		
High School World Language Courses:	District assessments administered each semester	16
 Spanish 1 		
High School Math Courses:	District assessments administered each semester	16
 Algebra 1 		
 Algebra 2 		
 Geometry 		
 Pre-calculus 		
High School English Course:	District assessments administered each semester	16
English 9		
English 10		
English 11		
English 12		
Secondary Reading Teachers	RAPS 360, NWEA or STAR Reading	18
Physical Education Teachers	FitnessGram	19
Elementary Art Teacher	District assessment for Visual Arts given in Grade 3	21
High School Art Teacher	District assessment for Visual Arts given in Grade 9	22
Middle School Art Teacher	District assessment for Visual Arts given in Grade 7	23
Elementary Music Teacher	District assessment for General Music given in Grade 4	24
High School Music Teacher	District assessment for Music given in Grade 9	25
Middle School Music Teacher	District assessment for Music given in Grade 7	26
Secondary Theater Teacher	Teacher-created assessment with evaluator approval	27
	*pre-post tests are necessary.	20
Secondary Instrumental Ensemble	District Instrumental Rubric	28
Secondary Vocal Ensemble	District Vocal Rubric	29
Music Theory Teacher	Terry Eder Theory Assessment for Music	30
High School Special Area Classes	Teacher-created assessment with evaluator approval	31
	*pre/post tests are necessary to utilize the growth tracker and rubrics included below.	
SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHERS	tracker and rubrics included below.	
Special Education Inclusion Teacher in ISTEP	ISTEP shared with co-teacher in content taught	12 12
	ister stiated with co-teather in content taught	12, 13, or 14
grades		01 14



Contribution to the contribution of the contri		0.40
Special Education Inclusion Teacher in non	Standardized assessment option in that grade/subject	9, 10,
ISTEP grades	co-teaching happens	11, or
		16
Special Education Inclusion Teacher in both	Must share ISTEP accountability in classes where they	12, 13,
ISTEP grades and non-ISTEP grades	co-teach	or 14
Special Education Self Contained in ISTEP	ISTEP	9, 10,
grades, ED classrooms		11, or
		16
Special Education Self Contained in non-ISTEP	Standardized assessment option in that grade/subject	16
grades, ED classrooms		
Special Education Teachers who give ISTAR,	Quality IEP goals - rubric and guidance coming soon	15
Life Skills and Arches	from SPED Office	
SCHOOL SUPPORT ROLES		
Elementary Counselor or Graduation Coach	School Attendance Goal	32
Elementary Counselor or Graduation Coach at	School Attendance Goals	32
multiple schools		
Secondary Counselor or Graduation Coach	School Graduation Goal	33
Secondary Counselor or Graduation Coach at	School Graduation Goals	33
multiple schools		
Social Worker	School Attendance Goal	34
Social Worker at multiple buildings	Attendance Goals	34
School Nurse (single or multiple buildings)	National Standards Assessment	35
Math Coach	Building Math Growth Goal	36
Literacy Coach	Building ELA Growth Goal	37
ESL Teacher	Access .5 growth across all ESL students	17
Media Specialists Elementary	ELA ISTEP goal	38
Media Specialists at multiple buildings	ELA ISTEP goals	38
Media Specialists Secondary	ELA ISTEP 10 goal	38
Reggio Coach	School goal	39
IB Coordinator	School goal	39
SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS		
Building Admin, Magnet Coordinators, Alt Ed	6-5-10 Goals	40
Coordinators		
-	I .	1

Measures for Non-Building based special roles that are not tied to 6-5-10 or specific standardized measure have expanded department and/or programs goals. More information found in Evaluation Guidance Handbook Appendix C.

Psychologists	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
Sped Specialists at multiple schools	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
District Content/ESL Coaches	Rubric 50%, C&I Department Goal 40%, personal goal 10%
Programs for Young Children (PYC)	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%, personal goal 10%
Non-Public Services	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%, personal goal 10%
SPED Coordinators	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, Program Goal 20%, personal goal 10%
Special Education teacher in multiple	Rubric 50%, Service Minutes 20%, SPED Department Goal 20%, personal goal 10%
schools: SLP, Deaf, Blind	
SPED LC Directors	Rubric 50%, SPED Department Goal 20%, LC Goal 20%, personal goal 10%



General Guidance for ISTEP grades:

- Classroom teachers are tied to students in the content area they teach. This list of students is reconfirmed in the spring in a state report called the Educator Evaluation report. Here, schools/teachers confirm their list of students and content area links are correct. Teachers automatically receive a growth score called Individual Growth Model score (IGM) from the state.
- Special Education inclusion teachers are also tied to students in the content area they teach. This list of students is reconfirmed in the spring in a state report called the Educator Evaluation report. Here, schools/teachers confirm their list of students and content area links are correct. Co-teaching means that special education teachers are accountable for all students in classrooms where they co-teach. Special Education teachers are expected to co-teach with their general education colleagues. This means, in tested grades, full accountability for both teachers on the student outcomes of all students in the class. Teachers automatically receive a growth score called Individual Growth Model score (IGM) from the state.
 - If special education teachers co-teach in a tested grade level and an untested grade level, they are held accountable for the tested grade.

General Guidance for non-ISTEP classes:

- District assessments will be located on Standards for Success <u>under the forms tab</u>. The
 pre-tests will be available the first day of each semester and should be given to students
 in the first 20 days. For semester based courses posttests will be available two weeks
 prior to the end of the Fall or Spring semester.
- For secondary non-ISTEP courses pick <u>one course/section</u> to test using the district assessment.
- Growth Trackers: pre and post score sheet and alternate trackers are found on Standards for Success (SFS) <u>under the forms tab</u>.
 - 1. Use the growth tracker to calculate projected growth on any district or teacher created pre/post assessments. Enter student names and pretest scores. It will



- automatically calculate the growth target for each student. Growth is half way to proficiency based on pretest score. Enter the posttest scores and it will automatically calculate the percentage of students that have met the growth targets.
- 2. Use the alternate growth tracker to track students who meet or do not meet growth targets for ELA K–3 and Secondary Reading assessments (these tests do not provide scores, but rather an indication that the student did or did not meet their individual growth targets).

Directions for Growth Tracker (pre/posttests)

- Enter the students and their scores for the pretest score sheet. This will create growth targets for each student. Once your posttest scores are entered, the sheet will automatically calculate the total number of students who met their growth targets.
- For high school teachers with semester-based courses you have to pick one section for each semester. To calculate your overall growth metric you will add the total number of students that met their growth target from the first semester and second semester. The sum is divided by the total number of students who took the assessment first and second semester.

Example: If semester number one you taught Sociology and you had a total of 20 students out of 30 meet their growth target, and second semester you taught Psychology you had a total of 25 students out of 35 meet their growth target.

20+25=45 (total students who meet their growth target)

30+35=65 (total number of students tested)

45/65 X 100 = 69.2% of students met their growth target

Some teachers may be using a combination of tests (i.e. Grade 2 teachers).

- If assessments are both NWEA, use alternate growth tracker and list your students twice (once for ELA score and once for Math score). It will generate total percentage that met growth target.
- If you do not use NWEA, you'll need to use both growth tracking sheets. ELA assessment results will go on alternate growth tracker, and math assessment results will go on the pre/post growth tracker. To calculate the number of students that meet growth targets on both tests, simply add the number of students who met their targets



from both exams and divide by the total number of students who took each test. Or you could add your math results from the growth pre/post tracker to the alternate growth tracker and just list your students twice, as you would if you used NWEA and then it will do the calculation for you.

Example: If 16 of 24 met their growth target on the ELA assessment, and 18 out of 24 met their math targets, you had 34 out of 48 students meet their growth targets.

16+18=34 (total students who meet their growth target)

24+24=48 (total number of students tested)

34/48 X 100 = 70.8% of students met their growth target

• Post-testing should only be administered one time (i.e. Students should not be given any opportunity to make corrections. Please reference ethical testing guidelines).



PRE-K

Standardized Measure: ISTAR-KR

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessments to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by met their individualized target growth goal on the spring ISTAR-KR
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
32.99% or less met their	33%–50% met their	50% + 1–74.99% met	75% or more met or
individualized target	individualized target	their individualized	exceeded their
growth goal on the	growth goal on the	target growth goal on	individualized target
spring	spring	the spring	growth goal on the
ISTAR-KR	ISTAR-KR	ISTAR-KR	spring ISTAR-KR

This rubric is subject to change by the SPED office after the fall administration of the ISTAR-KR assessment

- Minimum number of assessments: 2
- Timeline for assessment administration: Fall/Spring
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Alternate Growth Tracker found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting on SFS teacher



GRADE K-2 GENERAL EDUCATION AND SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION OR SELF-CONTAINED ED CLASSES

<u>Standardized Measure: ELA - MUST use NWEA - If not available you use DIBELS Pathways of progress AND Math - NWEA or district assessment</u>

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessments to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the NWEA RIT score, DIBELS pathways to progress, or the pre and post test score for a district math assessment
- After results are in for all assessments, the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report district assessment data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab and NWEA or ELA data on the Alternate Growth Tracker. See guidance on page 7 above to calculate both content areas.
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



GRADE 3 GENERAL EDUCATION AND SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION OR SELF-CONTAINED ED CLASSES

Standardized Measure: ELA - RAPS 360, NWEA or STAR Reading AND Math - NWEA or district assessment

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessments to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the NWEA, RAPS 360 or STAR Reading growth target, or the pre and post test score from district math assessment
- After results are in for all assessments, the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective (1)	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective (3)	Highly Effective (4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1-74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report district assessment data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab and NWEA or ELA data on the Alternate Growth Tracker. See guidance on page 7 above to calculate both content areas
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



GRADE 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 GENERAL EDUCATION AND SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION OR SELF-CONTAINED ED CLASSES

Standardized Measure: ISTEP+ Math and ISTEP+ English

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- The teacher may appeal to *include* students that enrolled after the twentieth (20) student day or were not continuously enrolled in the teacher's class prior to the administration of the assessment used for teacher evaluation. Confirmation of this should be done during the EE report in spring
- Student must take ISTEP to count towards effectiveness
- Effectiveness will be determined by median student growth per IDOE

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
Ratings will be	Ratings will be	Ratings will be	Ratings will be
determined by IDOE	determined by IDOE	determined by IDOE	determined by IDOE
based on median	based on median	based on median	based on median
growth score.	growth score.	growth score.	growth score.

- Indiana Department of Education will be responsible for reporting teacher data to principals for evaluation purposes
- All IPS employees are responsible for adhering to state policy in regards to the administration, security and handling of ISTEP+ materials. Any deviation must immediately be reported
- For all ISTEP administration procedures and policies please visit the Department of Education's <u>Office of Student Assessment</u> webpage



GRADE 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 ELA GENERAL EDUCATION AND SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION OR SELF-CONTAINED ED CLASSES

Standardized Measure: ISTEP+ English

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- The teacher may appeal to *include* students that enrolled after the twentieth (20) student day or were not continuously enrolled in the teacher's class prior to the administration of the assessment used for teacher evaluation. Confirmation of this should be done during the EE report in spring
- Student must take ISTEP to count towards effectiveness
- Effectiveness will be determined by median student growth per IDOE

Ineffe	ective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1	L)		(3)	(4)
Ratings determine based or growth	d by IDOE median	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.

- Indiana Department of Education will be responsible for reporting teacher data to principals for evaluation purposes
- All IPS employees are responsible for adhering to state policy in regards to the administration, security and handling of ISTEP+ materials. Any deviation must immediately be reported
- For all ISTEP administration procedures and policies please visit the Department of Education's Office of Student Assessment webpage



GRADE 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 MATH GENERAL EDUCATION AND SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION TEACHERS OR SELF-CONTAINED ED CLASSES

Standardized Measure: ISTEP+ Math

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- The teacher may appeal to *include* students that enrolled after the twentieth (20) student day or were not continuously enrolled in the teacher's class prior to the administration of the assessment used for teacher evaluation. Confirmation of this should be done during the EE report in spring
- Student must take ISTEP to count towards effectiveness
- Effectiveness will be determined by median student growth per IDOE

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.	Ratings will be determined by IDOE based on median growth score.

- Indiana Department of Education will be responsible for reporting teacher data to principals for evaluation purposes.
- All IPS employees are responsible for adhering to state policy in regards to the administration, security and handling of ISTEP+ materials. Any deviation must immediately be reported.
- For all ISTEP administration procedures and policies please visit the Department of Education's Office of Student Assessment webpage.



SPECIAL EDUCATION SELF CONTAINED LIFE SKILLS/ARCHES

Standardized Measure: Quality of IEPs and IEP Goals

Criteria

• TBD. ISTAR will not provide pass/fail or cut scores in the 2016-17 year, so the SPED Office is drafting guidance on rubrics to measure IEP and IEP goal quality.

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

Data Collection and Reporting Procedures

• TBD. Guidance coming soon from SPED Office.



GRADE 4, 5, 6 AND 7–8 TEACHERS OF SCIENCE AND SOCIAL STUDIES 9–12 TEACHERS OF ELA, MATH, SCIENCE, FOREIGN LANGUAGE AND SOCIAL STUDIES AND/OR SPECIAL EDUCATION INCLUSION TEACHERS OR SELF-CONTAINED CLASSES IN THESE CLASSES/COURSES

(for full assessment list, see table on page 3)

Standardized Measure: District created assessment (*ISTEP 10 has no growth model data)

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective (1)	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective (3)	Highly Effective (4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



ESL TEACHER

Standardized Measure: ACCESS

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by .5 growth on the annual ACCESS assessment from the previous year to the current year. This is not the W/APT placement test. Last year data can be found in eSchool.
- After test results are in, use the chart to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target of .5	33%–50% of the students met their growth target of .5	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target of .5	75% or more of the students met their growth target of .5

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the ESL Growth Tracker found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



SECONDARY READING TEACHERS

Standardized Measure: RAPS 360, NWEA or STAR Reading

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the assessment choice used in the standardized measure
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Alternate Growth Tracker found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



PHYSICAL EDUCATION TEACHERS GRADES K-12

Standardized Measure: PACER Test from Fitness Gram

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

General Guidelines

- The PACER is recommended for all ages, but its use is strongly recommended for participants in grades K–3. Enjoyment and individual growth should be the target for grades K–3.
- Mark the 20-meter (21-yard, 32-inch) course with marker cones to divide lanes and use a tape or chalk line at each end.
- The first time a student does not reach the line by the time of the beep, the student stops
 where he or she is and reverses direction immediately, attempting to get back on pace. The
 test is completed for a student the next time (second time) he or she fails to reach the line by
 the time of the beep.
- Ensure accurate age of student on testing date.

Grades K-3

• Teacher must identify targeted growth for students

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	



Grades 4-12

Ineffective (1)	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their age/gender target in the Healthy Fitness Zone	33%–50% of the	50% +1–74.99% of the	75% or more of the
	students met their	students met their	students met their
	age/gender target in	age/gender target in	age/gender target in
	the Healthy Fitness	the Healthy Fitness	the Healthy Fitness
	Zone	Zone	Zone

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab.
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



ART GRADES K-6

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for Visual Arts Grade 3

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



HIGH SCHOOL ART

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for Visual Arts Grade 9

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



MIDDLE SCHOOL ART

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for Visual Arts Grade 7

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of	33%–50% of the	50% +1–74.99% of	75% or more of the students met their growth target
the students met	students met their	the students met	
their growth target	growth target	their growth target	

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



ELEMENTARY SCHOOL MUSIC

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for General Music Grade 4

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



HIGH SCHOOL MUSIC

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for Music Grade 9

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective (1)	Improvemer Necessary (2		Highly Effective (4)
Less than 33% of students met the growth targe	neir students met t	heir students met the	eir students met their

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



MIDDLE SCHOOL MUSIC

Standardized Measure: District Assessment for Music Grade 7

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



SECONDARY THEATRE TEACHER

Standardized Measure: Teacher Created Pre/post with Approval

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data Fall and Spring or semester tests if semester class
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL ENSEMBLE

Standardized Measure: District Instrumental Rubric

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
No progress on instrumental rubric	Less than 6 point growth on instrumental rubric	6 point growth on instrumental rubric	More than 6 point growth on instrumental rubric

- Deadline for collection of data Fall and Spring or semester tests if semester class.
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Alternate Growth Tracker spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE

Standardized Measure: District Vocal Rubric

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
No progress on instrumental rubric	Less than 6 point growth on instrumental rubric	6 point growth on instrumental rubric	More than 6 point growth on instrumental rubric

- Deadline for collection of data Fall and Spring or semester tests if semester class
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Alternate Growth Tracker spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



MUSIC THEORY

Standardized Measure: Terry Eder Theory Assessment for Music

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective (1)	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of the students met their growth target	33%–50% of the students met their growth target	50% +1–74.99% of the students met their growth target	75% or more of the students met their growth target

- Deadline for collection of data Fall and Spring or semester tests if semester class
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



HIGH SCHOOL SPECIAL AREA CLASSES

Standardized Measure: Teacher Created Pre/post with Approval

Criteria

- Assessment data of students continuously enrolled in a teacher's classroom on or before the twentieth (20) student day will be included in the calculation
- Student must take district assessment to count towards effectiveness
- Student growth is determined by the pre and post test score
- After post testing is complete, the below chart is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 33% of	33%–50% of the	50% +1–74.99% of	75% or more of the students met their growth target
the students met	students met their	the students met	
their growth target	growth target	their growth target	

- Deadline for collection of data teachers should follow district assessment calendar, if math district assessment within 10 days of test
- Method of collection teachers will report data on the Growth Tracker PRE (fall score) /POST (end of year) Spreadsheet found in SFS under forms tab
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



ELEMENTARY COUNSELOR OR GRADUATION COACH

Standardized Measure: School Attendance Goal

Criteria

- Attendance Goal from school 6-5-10 goals
- After state data is complete the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating for counselors or coaches who touch one school

Ineffective (1)	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

Counselors or Graduation Coaches who touch multiple buildings will use:

Ineffective (1)	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress in schools	Progress to goal evident in all schools, but did not meet goals at all schools (comes close)	Met goals at all schools	Met Goal at all schools and Exceeded goal in at least one other school

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



SECONDARY LEVEL COUNSELOR OR GRADUATION COACH

Standardized Measures: School Graduation Goal

Criteria

- Graduation Goal from school 6-5-10 goals
- After state data is complete the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating for counselors or coaches who touch one school

Ineffective (1)	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

Counselors or Graduation Coaches who touch multiple buildings will use:

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress in schools	Progress to goal evident in all schools, but did not meet goals at all schools (comes close)	Met goals at all schools	Met Goal at all schools and Exceeded goal in at least one other school

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



SOCIAL WORKER

Standardized Measures: School Attendance Goal

Criteria

- Attendance Goal from school 6-5-10 goals
- After state data is complete, the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating for social workers who touch one school

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

Social Workers who touch multiple buildings will use:

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress in schools	Progress to goal evident in all schools, but did not meet goals at all schools (comes close)	Met goals at all schools	Met Goal at all schools and Exceeded goal in at least one other school

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



SCHOOL NURSE

<u>Standardized Measure: School Nurse Self-Evaluation form - Virginia School Nurse Institute Partnership</u>

Criteria

- School nurses will begin self-evaluation process by August 15 and continue through December 2, 2016
- The chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective (1)	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective (3)	Highly Effective (4)
Nurse never or rarely reflects or evaluates his/her nursing practice or the reflections are inaccurate and selfserving	Reflections and evaluation of his/her nursing practice are occasionally accurate and lack objectivity	Consistently provides an accurate and objective evaluation of his/her nursing practice	Fulfills criteria for Level 3 and reflections and evaluation of nursing practice are highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific examples
The nurse does not appear to know the Scope & Standards of School Nursing Practice and does not adhere to them	Is aware of Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice, occasionally adhering to them	Consistently adheres to Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice	Always adheres to the Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice

- Each nurse will be responsible for collecting evidence to support their performance of each Standard in the self-evaluation
- No more than one or two pieces of evidence are required for each Standard, as long as it fully demonstrates that all performance indicators are met for that standard
- Evaluator and nurse will meet to discuss self-evaluation and determine final score by December 15, 2016
- Evaluator will record final score for self-evaluation in Standard for Success



INSTRUCTIONAL SPECIALIST, MATH COACH

Standard Measure: Building Math Growth Goal

Criteria

- Math Goal from school 6-5-10 goals
- After state data is complete the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



INSTRUCTIONAL SPECIALIST, LITERACY COACH

Standardized Measure: Building ELA Growth Goal

Criteria

- ELA Goal from school 6-5-10 goals
- After state data is complete the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



MEDIA SPECIALISTS

Standardized Measure: Building ELA Growth Goal

Criteria

- ELA Goal from school 6-5-10 goals (elementary or ELA 10 goal)
- After state data is complete the chart below is used to calculate the effectiveness rating

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary (2)	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)		(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

Media Specialists at Multiple Buildings

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress in schools	Progress to goal evident in all schools, but did not meet goals at all schools. (comes close)	Met goals at all schools	Met goal at all schools and Exceeded goal in at least one other school

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Teacher will enter goal in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using charts above



REGGIO COACH AND IB COORDINATOR

Standardized Measure: School Goal

Criteria

• Enter School Goal in SFS

Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
(1)	Necessary (2)	(3)	(4)
Did not meet goal or make progress	Progress to goal evident, but did not meet (comes close)	Met goal	Exceeded goal

- Confirm school goal's success
- Person responsible for reporting teacher



SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS, MAGNET COORDINATORS, ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION COORDINATORS

Standardized Measure: 6-5-10 Goals

	Goal	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary		Highly Effective
ı	S	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	6 5 10	0–1 0–1 0–3	2–3 2 4–5	4–5 3–4 6–8	6 5 9–10

- District will send administrators the annual growth goals
- Administrators enter them in SFS for approval
- Administrators upload final results for approval and final rating using chart above

SECTION C

INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

EVALUATION RUBRICS 2016—2017





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Domain 1: Planning and Preparation 1a Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy

The teacher's plans and practice reflect extensive knowledge of the content and the structure of the discipline. The teacher actively builds on knowledge of prerequisites and misconceptions when describing instruction or seeking causes for student misunderstanding (1a.HE)

The teacher's plans and practice reflect solid knowledge of the content, prerequisite relationships between important concepts, and the instructional practices specific to that discipline (1a.E)

The teacher's plans and practice reflect some awareness of the important concepts in the discipline, prerequisite relationships between them, and instructional practices specific to that discipline (1a.IN)

The teacher's plans and practice display little knowledge of the content, prerequisite relationships between different aspects of the content, or the instructional practices specific to that discipline (1a.l)

1b Demonstrating Knowledge of Students

The teacher actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs from a variety of sources, and attains this knowledge for individual students (1b.HE)

The teacher actively seeks knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attains this knowledge for groups of students (1b.E)

The teacher indicates the importance of understanding students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attains this knowledge for the class as a whole *(1b.IN)*

The teachers demonstrates little or no knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and does not seek such understanding (1b.l)

1c Setting Instructional Outcomes

Instructional outcomes are stated as goals that can be assessed, reflecting rigorous learning and curriculum standards. They represent different types of content, offer opportunities for both coordination and integration, and take into account of the needs of individual students (1c.HE)

Instructional outcomes are stated as goals reflecting high-level learning and curriculum standards. They are suitable for most students in the class, represent different types of learning, and can be assessed. The outcomes reflect opportunities for coordination (1c.E)

Instructional outcomes are of moderate rigor and are suitable for some students, but consist of a combination of activities and goals, some of which permit viable methods of assessment. They reflect more than one type of learning, but the teacher makes no attempt at coordination or integration (1c.IN)

Instructional outcomes are unsuitable for students, represent trivial or low-level learning, or are stated only as activities. They do not permit viable methods of assessment (1c.l)

Last Modified: June 27, 2016



1d Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources

The teacher seeks out resources in and beyond the school or district in professional organizations, on the Internet, and in the community to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, and for students who need them (1d.HE)

The teacher is fully aware of the resources available through the school or district to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need them (1d.E)

The teacher demonstrates some familiarity with resources available through the school or district to enhance own knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need then. The teacher does not seek to extend such knowledge (1d.IN)

The teacher demonstrates little or no familiarity with resources to enhance won knowledge, to use in teaching, or for students who need them. The teacher does not seek such knowledge (1d.l)

1e Designing Coherent Instruction

The teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of students, and of resources, to design a series of learning experiences aligned to instructional outcomes, differentiated where appropriate to make them suitable to all students and likely to engage them in significant learning. The lesson or unit structure is clear and allows for different pathways according to student needs (1e.HE)

The teacher coordinates knowledge of content, of students, and of resources to design a series of learning experiences aligned to instructional outcomes and suitable for groups of students. The lesson or unit has a clear structure and is likely to engage students in significant learning (1e.E)

The series of learning experiences demonstrates partial alignment with instructional outcomes, and some of the experiences are likely to engage students in significant learning. The lesson or unit has a recognizable structure and reflects partial knowledge of students and resources (1e.IN)

The series of learning experiences is poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes and does not represent a coherent structure. The experiences are suitable for only some students (1e.l)

1f Designing Student Assessments

The teacher's plan for student assessment is fully aligned with the instructional outcomes, with clear criteria and standards that show evidence of student contribution to their development. Assessment methodologies may have been adapted for individuals, and the teacher intends to use assessment results to plan future instruction for individual students (1f.HE)

The teacher's plan for student assessment is aligned with the instructional outcomes, uses clear criteria, and is appropriate to the needs of students. The teacher intends to use assessment results to plan for future instruction for groups of students (1f.E)

The teacher's plan for student assessment is partially aligned with the instructional outcomes without clear criteria, and inappropriate for a least some students. The teacher intends to use assessment results to plan for future instruction for the class as a whole (1f.IN)

The teacher's plan for assessing student learning contains no clear criteria or standards, is poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, or is inappropriate for many students. The results of assessment have minimal impact on the design of future instruction (1f.I)

Last Modified: June 27, 2016



Domain 2: Classroom Environment

2a Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport: Supportive relationships and interactions between teacher and students and among students

Classroom interactions among the teacher and individual students are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring and sensitivity to students' ages, cultures, and levels of development. Students exhibit respect for the teacher and contribute to maintain high levels of civility among members of the class (2a.HE.1)

Teacher-student interactions are friendly and demonstrate general caring and respect. Such interactions are appropriate to the ages, developmental levels, and cultures of the students. Students exhibit respect for the teacher. Interactions among students are generally polite (2a.E.1)

Patterns of classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are generally appropriate but may reflect occasional inconsistencies, favoritism, and disregard for students' ages, cultures, and developmental levels. Students rarely demonstrate respect for one another. Teacher attempts to respond to disrespectful behavior, with uneven results (2a.IN.1)

Patterns of classroom interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are generally appropriate but may reflect occasional inconsistencies, favoritism, and disregard for students' ages, cultures, and developmental levels. Students rarely demonstrate respect for one another. Teacher attempts to respond to disrespectful behavior, with uneven results (2a.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (2a.HE.2)

In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

- * Teacher demonstrates knowledge and caring about individual students' lives beyond school.
- * The teacher's response to a student's incorrect response respects the student's dignity.
- * When necessary, students correct one another in their conduct toward classmates. (2a.HE.3)

Critical Attributes: (2a.E.2)

- * Talk between teacher and students and among students is uniformly respectful.
- * Teacher makes connections with individual students.
- * Students exhibit respect for the teacher.
- * During the lesson, the teacher offers encouragement to students as they struggle with complex learning. This may be 2b, expectations. (2a.E.3)

Critical Attributes: (2a.IN.2)

- * The quality of interactions between teacher and students or among students is uneven, with occasional disrespect.
- * Teacher attempts to respond to disrespectful behavior, with uneven results.
- * Teacher attempts to make connections with individual students, but student reactions indicate that the efforts are not successful. (2a.IN.3)

Critical Attributes: (2a.1.2)

- * Teacher uses disrespectful talk toward students.
- * Student body language indicates feelings of hurt or insecurity.
- * Teacher does not address disrespectful interactions among students.
- * Teacher displays no familiarity with or caring about individual students' interests or personalities.
- *Students use disrespectful talk toward one another with no response from the teacher. (2a.l.3)

2b Establishing a Culture for Learning: The atmosphere in the classroom that reflects high expectations and the importance of the work undertaken by both students and teacher

The classroom culture is characterized by a shared belief in the importance of the learning. Instructional outcomes, activities, and assignments convey high expectations for all students. Classroom interactions may extend learning. Students assume responsibility for high quality work by initiating improvements, making revisions, adding detail, and/or helping peers. High expectations are internalized by students (2b.HE.1)

The classroom culture is a cognitively busy place where learning is valued by all. Students understand their role as learner and consistently expend effort to learn by engaging in the task at hand. Instructional outcomes, activities, and assignments convey high expectations for most students. Classroom interactions support learning (2b.E.1)

The classroom culture is characterized by little commitment to the learning by the teacher or student. Student engagement in the task at hand is inconsistent. The teacher appear to be only "going through the motions, and students indicate that they are interested in completion of a task, rather than quality." (2b.IN.1)

The classroom culture is characterized by a shared belief in the importance of the learning. The classroom culture is characterized by a lack of the teacher or student commitment to the learning and/or little or no investment of student energy into the task at hand. Learning is not expected or valued (2b.l.1)

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Critical Attributes: (2b.HE.2)

In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

- * The teacher communicates a genuine passion for the subject.
- * Students indicate that they are not satisfied unless they have complete understanding.
- * Student guestions and comments indicate a desire to understand the concepts rather than, for example, simply learning a procedure for getting the correct answer.
- * Students recognize the efforts of their classmates.
- * Students take initiative in improving the quality of their work. (2b.HE.3)

Critical Attributes: (2b.E.2)

- * The teacher's energy for the work is halfhearted or unsuccessful at enlisting student
- * The teacher communicates the importance of the work and expectations that all students can be successful in it.
- * Student work and conduct during a lesson indicate commitment to high quality.
- * The teacher demonstrates a high regard for student abilities.
- * The teacher emphasizes the role of hard work in student learning.
- * The teacher expects student effort and recognizes it.
- * The students put forth good effort to complete work of high quality. (2b.E.3)

Critical Attributes: (2b.IN.2)

- * The teacher's energy for the work is halfhearted or unsuccessful at enlisting student
- * The teacher conveys only modest expectations.
- * The teacher trivializes some of the learning goals and assignments.
- * Students comply with the teacher's expectations for learning, but don't indicate commitment on their own initiative for the work
- * Most students indicate that they are looking for an "easy path." (2b.IN.3)

Critical Attributes: (2b.1.2)

- * The teacher conveys that the reasons for the work are external.
- * The teacher convevs to at least some students that the work is too challenging for
- * The teacher trivializes the learning goals and assignments.
- * Students exhibit little or no pride in their work (2b.1.3)

2c Managing Classroom Procedures: Routines and procedures to ensure the smooth operation of the classroom to maximize instructional time

Instructional time is maximized due to efficient classroom routines and procedures. Students contribute to the management of instructional groups, transitions, and/or the handling of materials and supplies. Routines are well understood and engaged in consistently by students (2c.HE.1)

There is little loss of instructional time due to effective classroom routines and procedures. The teacher's management of instructional groups and/or the handling of materials and supplies is consistent. With minimal guidance and prompting, students follow established classroom routines (2c.E.1)

Some instructional time is lost due to only partially effective classroom routines and procedures. The teacher's management of instructional groups, transitions, and/or the handling of materials and supplies is inconsistent, leading to disruption of the learning. With regular guidance and prompting, students follow established routines (2c.IN.1)

Much instructional time is lost due to inefficient classroom routines and procedures. There is little or no evidence of the teacher managing instructional groups. transitions, and/or the handling of materials and supplies. There is little evidence that students know or follow established routines (2c.1.1)

Critical Attributes: (2c.HE.2)

In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

- * Students take the initiative with their classmates to ensure that their time is used productively.
- * Students ensure that transitions are accomplished smoothly.
- * Students take initiative in distributing and collecting materials efficiently.
- * Paraprofessionals and volunteers take initiative in improving learning opportunities for students. (2c.HE.3)

Critical Attributes: (2c.E.2)

- * The students work productively in small aroup work.
- * The teacher has established time-saving procedures for non-instructional activities.
- * Routines for distribution and collection of
- * Volunteers and paraprofessionals have clearly defined roles. (2c.E.3)

Critical Attributes: (2c.IN.2)

- * Procedures for transitions, materials, and non-instructional duties seem to have been established, but their operation is rough.
- * Small groups are only partially engaged while not working directly with the teacher.

Critical Attributes: (2c.1.2)

- * Students not working with the teacher are disruptive to the class.
- * Non-instructional duties, such as taking attendance, consume much time.
- * There are no established procedures for distributing and collecting materials.
- * Procedures are confused or chaotic.
- * Volunteers and paraprofessionals appear confused as to what they are supposed to be doing. (2c.1.3)

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2d Managing Student Behavior: Clear standards of conduct, understood by students, to ensure an orderly and productive learning environment

Student behavior is entirely appropriate. Students take an active role in monitoring their own behavior and that of other students against standards of conduct. The teacher's monitoring of student behavior is subtle and preventive. The teacher's response to student misbehavior is sensitive to individual student needs (2d.HE.1)

Student behavior is generally appropriate. The teacher monitors student behavior against standards of conduct. Teacher response to student misbehavior is consistent, appropriate, and respectful to students (2d.E.1)

Teacher tries, with uneven results, to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior. There is inconsistent implementation of the standards of conduct (2d.IN.1)

There is little or no teacher monitoring of student behavior. Response to students' misbehavior is repressive or disrespectful of student dignity. Students challenge the standards of conduct (2d.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (2d.HE.2)

In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

- * Students can explain the reasons for the different standards of conduct and how they reflect students' own priorities.
- * The teacher monitors student behavior without speaking just moving about.
- * Students respectfully intervene as appropriate with classmates to ensure compliance with standards of conduct. (2d.HE.3)

Critical Attributes: (2d.E.2)

- * Students can describe the standards of conduct
- * Upon a non-verbal signal from the teacher, students correct their behavior.
- * Teacher continually monitors student behavior. (2d.E.3)

Critical Attributes: (2d.IN.2)

- * The teacher attempts to maintain order in the classroom but with uneven success.
- * Classroom rules are posted, but neither teacher nor students refer to them.
- * Teacher attempts to keep track of student behavior, but with no apparent system. *The teacher's response to student misbehavior is inconsistent: sometimes very harsh, other times lenient. (2d.IN.3)

Critical Attributes: (2d.1.2)

- * The classroom environment is chaotic, with no apparent standards of conduct.
- * The teacher does not monitor student behavior.
- * Some students violate classroom rules, without apparent teacher awareness or consequences.
- *When the teacher notices student misbehavior, s/he appears helpless to do anything about it. (2d.1.3)

2e Organizing Physical Space: A safe physical environment, in which the furniture is arranged to support the learning activities

The classroom is safe, and learning is accessible to all students including those with special needs. The teacher makes effective use of physical resources, including computer technology. The teacher ensures that the physical arrangement is appropriate to the learning activities. Students contribute to the use or adaptation of the physical environment to advance learning (2e.HE.1)

The classroom is safe, and learning is accessible to all students; the teacher ensures that the physical arrangement is appropriate to the learning activities. Teacher makes effective use of physical resources, including computer technology (2e.E.1)

The classroom is safe, and essential learning is accessible to most students the teacher's use of physical resources, including computer technology, is moderately effective. The teacher may attempt to modify the physical arrangement to suit learning activities, with partial success (2e.IN.1)

The physical environment is unsafe or some students don't have access to learning. There is poor alignment between the arrangement of furniture and resources, including computer technology, and the lesson activities (2e.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (2e.HE.2) Critical Attributes: (2e.E.2) Critical Attributes: (2e.IN.2) Critical Attributes: (2e.IN.2)

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In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

BR/>* Modifications are made to the physical environment to accommodate students with special needs.

BR/>* There is perfect alignment between the goals of the lesson and the physical environment.

BR/>* Students take the initiative to adjust the physical environment.

BR/>* Teacher makes extensive and imaginative use of available resources and technology. (2e.HE.3)

* The classroom is safe, and all students are able to see and hear.

BR/>* The classroom is arranged to support the instructional goals and learning activities. BR/>* The teacher makes appropriate use of available technology. (2e.E.3)

* The physical environment is safe, and most students can see and hear.

BR/>* The physical environment is not an impediment to learning, but does not enhance it.

BR/>* The teacher makes limited use of available technology and other resources. (2e.IN.3)

* There are physical hazards in the classroom, endangering student safety. BR/>* Some students can't see or hear the teacher or see the board. BR/>* Available technology is not being used, even if its use would enhance the lesson. (2e.l.3)

Domain 3: Instruction

3a Communication with Students: Clear statement of learning outcomes, directions for class activities, and explanations of concepts. Rich and imaginative use of language

The teacher links the instructional purpose of the lesson to student interests; the directions and procedures are clear and anticipate possible student misunderstanding.

Teacher's explanation of content is thorough and clear, developing conceptual understandings. Students contribute to explaining concepts to their classmates. The teacher's spoken and written language is expressive, and the teacher finds opportunities to extend students' vocabularies (3a.HE.1)

The instructional purpose of the lesson is clearly communicated to students, including where it is situated within broader learning; directions and procedures are explained clearly. Teacher's explanation of content is clear and accurate and connects with students' knowledge and experience. Teacher's spoken and written language is clear and correct. Vocabulary is appropriate to the students' ages and interests (3a.E.1)

Teacher's attempt to explain the instructional purpose has only limited success, and/or directions and procedures must be clarified after initial student confusion. Teacher's explanation of the content may contain minor errors. Some portions are clear; other portions are difficult to follow. Teacher's spoken language is correct; however, vocabulary is limited or not appropriate to the students' ages or backgrounds (3a.IN.1)

The instructional purpose of the lesson is unclear to students and the directions and procedures are confusing. The teacher's explanation of the content contains major errors. The teacher's spoken or written language contains errors of grammar or syntax. Vocabulary is inappropriate, vague, or used incorrectly, leaving students confused (3a.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (3a.HE.2)

Critical Attributes: (3a.E.2)

Critical Attributes: (3a.IN.2)

Critical Attributes: (3a.1.2)

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In addition to the characteristics of "proficient."

- * The teacher points out possible areas of misunderstanding.
- * The teacher explains content clearly, using metaphors and analogies to bring content to life
- * All students seem to understand the presentation.
- * The teacher invites students to explain the content to the class, or to classmates.
- * The teacher uses rich language, offering brief vocabulary lessons where appropriate. (3a.HE.3)

- * The teacher states clearly, at some point during the lesson, what the students are learning.
- * When asked by an observer, students can state what they are learning.
- * Students engage with the learning task, indicating that they understand what they are to do.
- * The teacher models the process to be followed.
- * The teacher checks for student understanding of the learning task.
- * The teacher makes no content errors.
- * The teacher's explanation of content is clear and invites student participation and thinking.
- * Vocabulary and usage are correct and completely suited to the lesson. * Vocabulary is appropriate to the students' ages and levels of development. (3a.E.3)

- * The teacher refers in passing to what the students will be learning, or it is written on the board with no elaboration or explanation.
- * The teacher clarifies the learning task so students are able to complete it.
- * The teacher makes no serious content errors, although may make a minor error.
- * Vocabulary and usage are correct but unimaginative.
- * Vocabulary may be too advanced or juvenile for the students. (3a.IN.3)

- * At no time during the lesson does the teacher convey to the students what they will be learning.
- * Students indicate through their questions that they are confused as to the learning task
- * The teacher makes a serious content error that will affect students' understanding of the lesson.
- * Students indicate through body language or questions that they don't understand the content being presented.
- * The teacher's communications include errors of vocabulary or usage.
- * Vocabulary is inappropriate to the age or culture of the students. (3a.l.3)

3b Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques: Use of questioning and discussion to deepen student understanding, and invite students to formulate hypotheses, make connections, or challenge previously held views

The teacher's questions/prompts are of uniformly high quality and fully support the lesson outcomes, with adequate time for students to respond. A variety or series of questions/prompts are used to challenge students cognitively, advance high-level thinking and discourse, and promote metacognition. Students formulate many questions, initiate topics, and make unsolicited contributions. Students themselves ensure that all voices are heard in the discussion (3b.HE.1)

Most of the teacher's questions/prompts are of high quality and support the lesson objectives, with adequate time for students to respond. A variety or series of questions/prompts are used to challenge students cognitively, and advance high-level thinking and discourse. The teacher creates a genuine discussion among students, stepping aside when appropriate. The teacher successfully engages all students in the discussion, employing a range of strategies to ensure that all students are heard (3b.E.1)

The teacher's questions/prompts are a combination of low and high quality, some related to the lesson objectives and of moderate cognitive challenge inviting a thoughtful response. The teacher attempts to engage all students in the discussion and to encourage them to respond to one another, with uneven results (3b.IN.1)

The teacher's questions/prompts are poorly aligned with lesson outcomes, with low cognitive challenge, single correct responses, and asked in rapid succession. Interaction between teacher and students is predominantly recitation style, with the teacher mediating all questions and answers. A few students dominate the discussion (3b.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (3b.HE.2) Critical Attributes: (3b.E.2)

Critical Attributes: (3b.IN.2)

Critical Attributes: (3b.1.2)

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In addition to the characteristics of "proficient,"

- * Students initiate higher- order questions.
- * Students extend the discussion, enriching it.
- * Students invite comments from their classmates during a discussion. (3b.HE.3)
- * Most questions are open- ended, inviting students to think.
- * Most questions have multiple possible answers.
- * Questions are related to the lesson objectives.
- * The teacher makes effective use of wait time.
- * Discussions enable students to talk to one another, without continual mediation by the teacher.
- * The teacher calls on all students, even those who don't initially volunteer.
- * All students actively engage in the discussion. (3b.E.3)

- * Questions are a mix of higher-order and questions with a single correct answer.
- * Some questions are unrelated to the learning outcomes.
- * The teacher invites students to respond directly to one another's ideas, but few students respond.
- * The teacher calls on many students, but only a small number actually participate in the discussion. (3b.IN.3)
- * Questions are rapid-fire and convergent, with a single correct answer.
- * Questions do not invite student thinking.
- * Many questions are unrelated to the lesson outcomes.
- * All discussion is between teacher and students; students are not invited to speak directly to one another.
- * The teacher only calls on students who have their hands up. (3b.1.3)

3c Engaging Students in Learning: Learning activities that enable students to be intellectually active in exploring important and challenging content and engage in high-level thinking

The various elements of the lesson are wellaligned with the instructional outcomes and individual needs of the learners. The lesson is entirely suitable to the students' development, and facilitates all students in constructing knowledge. Learning activities, materials, resources, technology, and instructional grouping are complementary, resulting in active intellectual engagement by each student in important and challenging content. The lesson has a clearly defined structure, and the pacing of the lesson provides students the time needed to intellectually engage with and reflect upon their learning, and to consolidate their understanding. Students have choice in how they complete tasks and may serve as resources for one another (3c.HE.1)

The various elements of the lesson are well-aligned with the instructional outcomes, are suitable to the students' development, and facilitate students in constructing knowledge. Learning activities, materials, resources, technology, and instructional grouping are complementary, resulting in active intellectual engagement by groups of students with important and challenging content. The lesson has a clearly defined structure, and the pacing of the lesson is appropriate, providing most students the time needed to intellectually engage with their learning (3c.E.1)

The various elements of the lesson are partially aligned with the instructional outcomes, with minimal consideration of the students' development stage. Instruction does not facilitate students constructing knowledge, allowing some students to be passive or compliant. Learning activities, materials, resources, technology, and instructional grouping only partially engage students with the content. The lesson has a recognized structure; however the pacing of the lesson may not provide students the time needed to intellectually engage with their learning (3c.IN.1)

The learning activities, materials, resources, instructional groups, and technology are poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, are unsuitable to the students' developmental stage, or do not require students to think. The lesson has no clearly defined structure, or the pace of the lesson is too slow or rushed. Few students are intellectually engaged (3c.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (3c.HE.2) Critical Attributes: (3c.E.2) Critical Attributes: (3c.IN.2) Critical Attributes: (3c.IN.2)

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In addition to the characteristics of "proficient,"

- * Students have choice in how they complete tasks.
- * Students modify a learning task to make it more meaningful or relevant to their needs.
- * Students suggest modifications to the grouping patterns used.
- * Students suggest modifications or additions to the materials being used.
- * Students have an opportunity for reflection and closure on the lesson.
- * Virtually all students are highly engaged in the lesson. (3c.HE.3)

- * Most learning tasks demand higher-order thinking
- * Learning tasks have multiple correct responses or approaches.
- * There is a productive mix of different types of groupings, suitable to the lesson objectives.
- * Materials and resources support the learning goals and students' cultures.
- * The lesson has a clear structure.
- * Most students are intellectually engaged in the lesson. (3c.E.3)

- * Learning tasks are a mix of those requiring thinking and recall.
- * Students have no choice in how they complete tasks.
- * The instructional groups partially serve the instructional purpose.
- * The materials and resources are partially aligned to the lesson objectives, only some of them requiring student thinking.
- * There is a discernible structure to the lesson, but it's not completely successful.
- * Some students are intellectually engaged in the lesson. (3c.IN.3)

- * Learning tasks require only recall or have a single correct response or method.
- * The materials used ask students only to perform rote tasks.
- * Only one type of instructional group is used (whole group, small groups) when variety would better serve the instructional purpose.
- * Instructional materials used are unsuitable to the lesson and/or the students.
- * The materials used clash with students' cultures.
- * Few students are engaged in the lesson. (3c.l.3)

3d Using Assessment in Instruction: Use of formative assessment for teachers to keep their fingers on the pulse of a lesson, monitor student understanding, and, where appropriate, engage students in self-assessment and monitoring of learning

Assessment is fully integrated into the instruction, through student involvement in establishing the assessment criteria. Students self- assess and monitor their progress. A variety of feedback, from both the teacher and peers, is accurate, specific, and advances learning. Students are aware of and may contribute to the assessment criteria. Questions/Prompts/ Assessments are used regularly to diagnose evidence of learning, and instruction is adjusted and differentiated to address individual student misunderstandings (3d.HE.1)

Assessment is regularly used during instruction, through monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students, resulting in accurate, specific feedback that advances learning. Students are aware of the assessment criteria. Questions/Prompts/ Assessments are used to diagnose evidence of learning, and adjustment to instruction is made to address student misunderstandings (3d.E.1)

Assessment is occasionally used to support instruction, through some monitoring of progress of learning by teacher and/or students. Feedback to students is inaccurate or unspecific, and students are only partially aware of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work. Questions/ Prompts/Assessments are not used to diagnose evidence of learning (3d.IN.1)

Assessment or monitoring of student learning is absent or minimal. Feedback is absent or of poor quality. There is no attempt to adjust the lesson as a result of assessment.

Students are not aware of the assessment criteria and do not engage in self-assessment (3d.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (3d.HE.2) Critical Attributes: (3d.E.2) Critical Attributes: (3d.IN.2) Critical Attributes: (3d.IN.2)

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In addition to the characteristics of "proficient,"

- * There is evidence that students have helped establish evaluation criteria.
- * Teacher monitoring of student understanding is sophisticated and continuous: the teacher is constantly "taking the pulse" of the class.
- * The teacher makes frequent use of strategies to elicit information about individual student understanding.
- * Feedback to students is obtained from many sources, including other students.
- * Students monitor their own understanding, either on their own initiative or as a result of tasks set by the teacher. (3d.HE.3)

- * The teacher monitors student learning through a variety of means, including using specifically formulated questions to elicit evidence of student understanding, for at least groups of students.
- * Feedback includes specific and timely guidance on how students can improve their performance.
- * The teacher elicits evidence of individual student understanding once during the lesson.
- * Students are invited to assess their own work and make improvements. (3d.E.3)

- * The teacher requests global indications of student understanding.
- * Feedback to students is not uniformly specific, not oriented toward future improvement of work.
- * The teacher makes only minor attempts to engage students in self- or peer-assessment. (3d.IN.3)
- * The teacher gives no indication of what high-quality work looks like.
- * Assessment is used only for grading.
- * The teacher makes no effort to determine whether students understand the lesson.
- * Feedback is only global.
- * The teacher does not ask students to evaluate their own or classmates' work. (3d.l.3)

3e Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness: Awareness and use of teachable moments to make minor and major adjustments to a lesson, and to incorporate student interests and questions into classroom activities

The teacher seizes an opportunity to enhance learning, building on a spontaneous event or student interests, or successfully makes a major adjustment to a lesson when needed. Teacher persists in seeking effective approaches for students who need help, using an extensive repertoire of instructional strategies and soliciting additional resources from the school or community (3e.HE.1)

Critical Attributes: (3e.HE.2)

In addition to the characteristics of "proficient,"

- *The teacher successfully executes a major lesson readjustment when needed.
- *The teacher seizes on a teachable moment to enhance a lesson.
- *The teacher conveys to students that s/he won't consider a lesson "finished" until every student understands, and that s/he has a broad range of approaches to use.
- *In reflecting on practice, the teacher can cite others in the school and beyond who s/he has contacted for assistance in reaching some students. (3e.HE.3)

The teacher promotes the successful learning of all students, making minor adjustments as needed to instruction plans and accommodating student questions, needs, and interests. Theteacherpersists in seeking approaches for students who have difficulty learning, drawing on a broad repertoire of strategies (3e.E.1)

Critical Attributes: (3e.E.2)

- * The teacher successfully makes a minor modification to the lesson.
- * The teacher incorporates students' interests and questions into the heart of the lesson.
- * The teacher conveys to students that s/he has other approaches to try when the students experience difficulty.
- * In reflecting on practice, the teacher cites multiple approaches undertaken to reach students having difficulty. (3e.E.3)

The teacher attempts to modify the lesson when needed and to respond to student questions and interests, with moderate success. The teacher accepts responsibility for student success, but has only a limited repertoire of strategies to draw upon (3e.IN.1)

Critical Attributes: (3e.IN.2)

- * The teacher's efforts to modify the lesson are only partially successful. * The teacher makes perfunctory attempts to incorporate student questions and interests into the lesson
- * The teacher conveys to students a level of responsibility for their learning, but uncertainty as to how to assist them.
- * In reflecting on practice, the teacher indicates the desire to reach all students, but does not suggest strategies to do so. (3e.IN.3)

The teacher adheres to the instruction plan in spite of evidence of poor student understanding or students' lack of interest. The teacher ignores student questions; when students experience difficulty, the teacher blames the students or their home environment (3e.l.1)

Critical Attributes: (3e.1.2)

- * The teacher ignores indications of student boredom or lack of understanding.
- * The teacher brushes aside student questions.
- * The teacher makes no attempt to
- incorporate student interests into the lesson.
- * The teacher conveys to students that when they have difficulty learning, it is their fault.
- * In reflecting on practice, the teacher does not indicate that it is important to reach all students. (3e.l.3)

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Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities 4a Reflecting on Teaching

The teacher's reflection on the lesson is thoughtful and accurate, citing specific evidence. The teacher draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies and predicts the likely success of each (4a.HE)

The teacher provides an accurate and objective description of the lesson, citing specific evidence. The teacher makes some specific suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved (4a.E)

The teacher provides a partially accurate and objective description of the lesson but does not cite specific evidence. The teacher makes only general suggestions as to how the lesson might be improved (4a.lN)

The teacher does not accurately assess the effectiveness of the lesson and has no ideas about how the lesson could be improved (4a.I)

4b Maintaining Accurate Records

The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and non-instructional records are accurate, efficient, and effective, and students contribute to its maintenance (4b.HE)

The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and non-instructional records are accurate, efficient, and effective (4b.E)

The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and non-instructional records are rudimentary and only partially effective (4b.IN)

The teacher's systems for maintaining both instructional and non-instructional records are either nonexistent or in disarray, resulting in errors and confusion (4b.l)

4c Communicating with Families

The teacher's communication with families is frequent and sensitive to cultural traditions; students participate in the communication. The teacher successfully engages families in the instructional program, as appropriate (4c.HE)

The teacher communicates frequently with families and successfully engages them in the instructional program. Information to families about individual students is conveyed in a culturally appropriate manner (4c.E)

The teacher adheres to school procedures for communicating with families and makes modest attempts to engage families in the instructional program. But communications are not always appropriate to the cultures of those families (4c.IN)

The teacher's communication with families about the instructional program or about individual students is sporadic or culturally inappropriate. The teacher makes no attempt to engage families in the instructional program (4c.l)

4d Participating in a Professional Learning Community

The teacher makes a substantial contribution to the professional community and to school and district events and projects, and assumes a leadership role among the faculty (4d.HE)

The teacher participates actively in the professional community and in school and district events and projects, and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues (4d.E)

The teacher becomes involved in the professional community and in school and district events and projects when specifically asked; relationships with colleagues are cordial (4d.IN)

The teacher avoids participating in a professional community or in school and district events and projects; relationships with colleagues are negative or self serving (4d.l)

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4e Growing and Developing Professionally

The teacher actively pursues professional development opportunities and initiates activities to contribute to the profession. In addition, the teacher seeks feedback from supervisors and colleagues (4e.HE)

The teacher seeks out opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need and actively shares expertise with others. The teacher welcomes feedback from supervisors and colleagues (4e.E)

The teacher participates in professional development activities that are convenient or are required, and makes limited contributions to the profession. The teacher accepts, with some reluctance, feedback from supervisors and colleagues (4e.IN)

The teacher does not participate in professional development activities and makes no effort to share knowledge with colleagues. The teacher is resistant to feedback from supervisors or colleagues (4e.l)

4f Showing Professionalism

The teacher is proactive and assumes a leadership role in making sure that school practices and procedures ensure that all students, particularly those traditionally under-served, are honored in the school. The teacher displays the highest standards of ethical conduct and takes a leadership role in seeing that colleagues comply with school and district (4f.HE)

The teacher displays a high level of ethics and professionalism in dealings with both students and colleagues and complies fully and voluntarily with school and district regulations (4f.E)

The teacher is honest and well-intentioned in serving students and contributing to decisions in the school, but the teacher's attempts to serve students are limited. The teacher complies minimally with school and district regulations, doing just enough to get by (4f.IN)

The teacher has little sense of ethics and professionalism and contributes to practices that are self-serving or harmful to students. The teacher fails to comply with school and district regulations and timelines (4f.I)



Domain 1: Planning and Preparation 1a Demonstrates understanding of the underlying research, theories, knowledge, and skills of the discipline

Specialist demonstrates extensive understanding of the critical concepts and content of the discipline and of an extensive range of research-based practices and strategies to provide the instructional support services. (1a.HE)

Specialist demonstrates solid understanding of the critical concepts and content of the discipline and of a range of research-based practices to provide the instructional support services (1a.E)

Specialist demonstrates limited understanding of the critical concepts and content of the discipline and of the range of proven strategies to effectively provide the instructional support services (1a.IN)

Specialist demonstrates little or no understanding of the critical concepts and content of the discipline (1a.l)

1b Identifies the instructional improvement needs of the teachers served

Specialist proactively seeks additional knowledge about each teacher's instructional improvement needs to understand how to best support teachers in implementing the school's programs (1b.HE)

Specialist knows the instructional improvement needs of the teachers served (1b F)

Specialist has limited knowledge of the teachers' instructional improvement needs (1b.IN)

Specialist has little to no knowledge of the instructional improvement needs of the teachers served (1b.l)

1c Identifies clear, specific, and appropriate goals for the instructional support program

Specialist's goals have been designed in collaboration with teachers and school leaders, and are tightly aligned with both teachers' instructional needs and the school program (1c.HE)

Specialist's goals are clear, specific, and appropriate for the needs of the teachers and the school program. Teachers accept and endorse the goals (1c.E)

Specialist's goals are partially defined and/or minimally aligned with teachers' needs for instructional support (1c.IN)

Specialist's goals are either inappropriate or unclear. The goals do not align with the teachers' needs (1c.l)

1d Identifies resources for the instructional support program that are available within and also outside the school/district

Specialist proactively seeks a wide range of resources from multiple sources to build the instructional capacity of the teachers.

Teachers share their knowledge of external resources with the Specialist (1d.HE)

Specialist can readily identify appropriate human and material resources within the school and district, or beyond, that can help teachers build their instructional capacity (1d.E)

Specialist has limited knowledge of resources within the school and district that can be used to improve teachers' instructional skills (1d.IN)

Specialist does not identify resources to support the instructional support program (1d.l)

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1e Plans a coherent program of instructional support fully integrated with the school program

The planned instructional support program is fully integrated with the school program and designed to drive its goals (1e.HE.1)

The planned instructional support program is fully integrated with the school program

The planned instructional support program is integrated with the school program in limited ways (1e.IN.1)

Specialist's instructional support program is either not planned or planned independently of the school program and the capacity of the faculty to implement the school program (1e.l.1)

The planned instructional support program is coherent and helps bring additional coherence to the school program (1e.HE.2)

The planned instructional support program offers an organized and coherent approach to instructional improvement (1e.E.2)

The planned instructional support program reflects a limited degree of coherence (1e.IN.2)

The planned instructional support program is based on a series of disconnected professional learning ":events": that lacks coherence (1e.l.2)

1f Develops a plan and process for the ongoing assessment and improvement of the instructional support program

Specialist has developed a sophisticated plan Specialist has developed a coherent plan and for assessing the implementation and impact of the instructional support program, relative to the stated goals. Multiple forms of evidence of success, including assessments by the teachers, are clearly defined (1f.HE.1)

process to measure both the implementation of the instructional support program and its impact, relative to the stated goals. Evidence of success is clearly stated (1f.E.1)

Specialist has developed a basic plan and process to assess the instructional support program, but has not indicated how the data will be used to inform improvements (1f.IN.1)

There is no evidence of a plan or process to assess the efficacy of the instructional support program to guide program improvements (1f.I.1)

Assessment data is used to guide practicefocused discussions among stakeholders that will inform program improvement (1f.HE.2)

Assessment data is used to guide program improvement (1f.E.2)

Domain 2: Environment

2a Creates a respectful and emotionally safe culture that promotes collaboration

Teachers work collaboratively with the Specialist to co- develop and participate in improvement-focused professional learning (2a.HE.1)

Most teachers participate in professional learning initiated by the Specialist. Some teachers initiate contacts with the Specialist to seek support for collaborative efforts to improve instructional practices (2a.E.1)

Many teachers participate in professional learning initiated by the Specialist, but there is limited evidence of collaboration in designing the professional learning or in setting goals for improved instruction (2a.IN.1)

Specialist has not created an environment where teachers feel safe asking for assistance. There is no evidence of collaboration in addressing problems of practice (2a.I.1)

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Teachers indicate that their contributions are respected and valued, promoting a culture of collaboration (2a.HE.2)

Teachers indicate that the instructional improvement efforts are respectful and responsive (2a.E.2)

Teachers indicate that they feel relatively safe participating in the professional learning developed by the Specialist (2a.IN.2)

2b Promotes a culture of continuous instructional improvement

Teachers initiate instructional improvement efforts, working collaboratively with the Specialist to define the goals, processes, and methods to measure the implementation and impact of the initiatives (2b.HE)

Specialist creates a culture in which continuous improvement is acknowledged as critical work for all staff. Teachers feel comfortable in reaching out for support in their instructional improvement efforts (2b.E)

Specialist's attempts to build a culture of continuous improvement are mixed. Some teachers acknowledge the importance of continuous improvement and accept support from the Specialist (2b.IN)

Specialist does not communicate that instructional improvement is a continuous process, instead implying that it is a compliance-driven event *(2b.l)*

2c Develops processes and procedures for teachers to participate in support activities

Clear processes and procedures to access the range of services provided are in place and well communicated. The essential stakeholders participated in developing the procedures and promote their use among the teachers (2c.HE) Clear processes and procedures are in place to guide teachers in understanding how to access each of the services provided by the Specialist. Teachers understand the procedures and use them to access services (2c.E)

Teachers have a limited understanding of how to access services offered by the Specialist. Processes and procedures lack the specificity necessary to guide teachers (2c./N) No processes or procedures are in place. Teachers do not know how to access the services provided by the Specialist (2c.l)

2d Establishes clearly defined norms for professional conduct

Teachers observe the established norms for professional conduct, holding themselves and each other accountable for honoring the norms (2d.HE)

Clear norms for guiding professional conduct have been established and promoted within the school. The norms frame productive and respectful interactions among the adults (2d.E) Specialist makes limited attempts to establish norms for adult interactions. Adult interactions are inconsistently productive and respectful (2d.IN)

Norms for professional conduct have not been defined. Adult interactions can be described as unproductive and often disrespectful (2d.I)

2e Organizes physical space for professional learning

Teachers and the Specialist collaborate to ensure the physical space is well organized and flexibly designed to support multiple approaches to professional learning (2e.HE.1)

Professional learning spaces are well organized to minimize lost time, ensure the engagement of participants, and provide an "adult" environment that is free of distractions (2e.E.1)

Spaces for group work are sufficiently organized so that they do not constrain the professional learning (2e.IN.1)

Spaces for group work are poorly organized, resulting in lost time, a sense of chaos, and lack of engagement. The physical environment and the activities designed to support professional learning are poorly aligned (2e.l.1)

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Teachers are comfortable in the physical space and often use it for their own meetings (2e.HE.2)

Teachers are comfortable in the physical space (2e.E.2)

Teachers generally feel comfortable in the workspace (2e.IN.2)

Teachers do not feel comfortable in the space (2e.l.2)

Domain 3: Delivery of Services

3a Collaborates with teachers to design rigorous, standards-based classroom instruction

Teachers take the initiative to work with Specialist to design classroom instruction that is standards-based, rigorous, and engaging (3a.HE)

Specialist promotes and engages in collaborative efforts to work with teachers to design standards-based classroom instruction (3a.E)

Specialist provides limited support to teachers in designing classroom instruction. The support is often more cooperative than collaborative (3a.IN)

Specialist does not collaborate with teachers in designing classroom instruction (3a.I)

3b Addresses the instructional improvement needs of the teachers served

The Specialist offers teachers an opportunity to inform the workshops and modeling services in order to ensure a tight alignment with their instructional improvement needs (3b.HE)

The instructional improvement support designed and delivered by the Specialist is of high quality and appropriately addresses the needs of the teachers served *(3b.E)*

The instructional improvement support designed and delivered by the Specialist is of mixed quality, addressing the needs of a limited number of the teachers served (3b.IN)

The instructional improvement support delivered by the Specialist is of poor quality and does not address the needs of the teachers served *(3b.I)*

3c Engages teachers in learning new instructional strategies and practices

Specialist and teachers collaborate on identifying topics for professional learning about instructional strategies and practices. Teachers are highly motivated participants in ongoing professional learning (3c.HE)

Specialist successfully engages teachers in learning new instructional strategies and practices. Teachers participate in the professional learning (3c.E)

Specialist has limited success in promoting opportunities for professional learning. Some teachers engage in the professional learning provided (3c.IN)

Specialist is not successful in promoting professional learning. Teachers do not take part in professional learning *(3c.l)*

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3d Provides relevant and timely feedback to teachers

Specialist integrates multiple types of evidence, including teacher's self-assessments, to provide timely and consistent feedback to teachers regarding their professional growth. Specialist works with teachers to use the feedback to update professional learning goals and/or develop new goals to support ongoing improvement (3d.HE)

Specialist provides timely and consistent feedback to teachers based on clearly communicated goals for professional growth (3d.E)

Teachers are aware of their learning goals, but feedback to teachers is minimal and inconsistent (3d.IN)

There is little or no feedback given to teachers regarding their professional growth. Teachers do not appear to be aware of their professional learning goals and do not engage in self-assessment (3d.l)

3e Provides responsive professional support

Specialist solicits input from key stakeholders to ensure the professional support is appropriate and responsive to the existing and emerging interests and needs of teachers. Services are adapted as needed to ensure responsiveness (3e.HE)

Specialist provides responsive services by adapting and adjusting plans for services as teacher needs and interests change (3e.E)

Specialist sometimes modifies plans/approaches in response to teacher requests or evident needs (3e.IN)

Specialist offers a rigid approach to professional support that is followed regardless of impact or appropriateness (3e.l)

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities 4a Reviews and reflects on practice to inform improvement

Specialist's reflections are both specific and perceptive, framed by clear evidence for the recommendations provided. Specialist's professional judgment and expertise help shape specific recommendations for alternative approaches to meeting the instructional improvement goals (4a.HE)

Specialist accurately reflects on the implementation and the impact of the instructional improvement services, providing concrete and specific examples of challenges and successes (4a.E.1)

Specialist's reflections are vague, informing recommendations for improvement that are too global to be actionable (4a.IN.1)

Specialist either does not review the counseling practice or provides inaccurate recommendations for improvement (4a.l.1)

Recommendations for improvement are specific and focused on program improvement (4a.E.2)

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4b Follows established procedures for developing and submitting accurate and timely records, budgets, and reports

Specialist follows and informs the improvement of established procedures for developing and submitting required reports. Budgets are designed to support improvement by reflecting diagnosed needs. Required documents are accurate, submitted on time, and generally viewed as exemplars to guide the work of others (4b.HE)

Specialist follows established procedures to guide the development of budgets, service records, and reports. Required documents are accurate and submitted on time (4b.E)

Specialist has limited success in following established procedures to prepare accurate budgets, service records, and reports.

Required documents are often submitted late (4b.IN)

Specialist does not follow procedures that have been established for developing and submitting required documents. Required documents are usually inaccurate and late (4b.l)

4c Coordinates improvement efforts with other Specialists

Specialist seeks opportunities to coordinate improvement efforts with other Specialists at the school and with other stakeholders, including external stakeholders, who can provide support for the improvement work (4c.HE)

Specialist consistently coordinates improvement efforts with other Specialists at the school, creating a single vision of effective instruction and a clear and aligned approach to leveraging this (4c.E)

Specialist is inconsistent in coordinating improvement efforts with other Specialists at the school, inhibiting a common vision and aligned focus for the work (4c.IN)

Specialist tends to work in isolation, not coordinating improvement efforts in any way with other Specialists at the school (4c.l)

4d Engages with the larger school community

Specialist seeks opportunities to engage in school events, projects, and/or committees and makes significant contributions to these, often taking a leadership role (4d.HE)

Specialist actively participates in, supports, and contributes to school committees, projects, and/or events. Professional relationships are positive, cooperative, and productive (4d.E)

Specialist selectively engages with school committees, projects, and/or events, typically when asked. Relationships with colleagues are professionally courteous (4d.IN)

Specialist does not participate in school committees, projects, and/or events. Professional relationships with peers are distant or negative (4d.l)

4e Enhances professional capacity through ongoing professional learning

Specialist seeks out formal and informal professional learning, including feedback from colleagues and attendance at professional conferences (4e.HE.1)

Specialist seeks professional learning opportunities, including coaching, to improve professional practice (4e.E.1)

Specialist participates only in professional learning required by the district or state (4e.IN.1)

Specialist does not participate in professional learning (4e.l.1)

Specialist applies this learning to improve the counseling services and to increase the professional knowledge and skills of colleagues (4e.HE.2)

Specialist schedules opportunities to share the professional learning with colleagues (4e.E.2)

Specialist makes limited attempts to share the professional learning with school staff (4e.IN.2)

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4f Demonstrates professionalism by adhering to the highest standards of integrity and confidentiality

Specialist is well regarded as someone who
consistently displays the highest standards of
honesty, integrity, and confidentiality,
challenging negativity and promoting high
standards of professionalism throughout the
school (4f.HE.1)

Specialist frames all professional interactions with high standards of professional honesty, integrity, and confidentiality (4f.E.1)

Specialist is inconsistent in honoring both confidentiality and professional integrity (4f.IN.1)

Specialist violates teachers' confidentiality and acts with low levels of integrity (4f.1.1)

Teachers seek out and trust this Specialist (4f.HE.2)

Teachers trust this Specialist (4f.E.2)

Teachers have low levels of trust in this Specialist (4f.IN.2)

Teachers do not trust this Specialist (4f.1.2)

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Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

1.1 Demonstrates knowledge of the practice of school nursing by utilizing education, skills and judgment in planning nursing care of students

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally consistently exhibits a pattern of effectively demonstrating the ability to compare and contrast clinical findings with normal and abnormal variations, child development and cultural diversity in the development, implementation and evaluation of appropriate plan of action/care (1.1.HE.1)

Nurse consistently and effectively demonstrates the ability to compare and contrast clinical findings with normal and abnormal variations, child development and cultural diversity in the development, implementation and evaluation of effective plan of action/care (1.1.E.1)

Nurse occasionally demonstrates the ability to compare and contrast clinical findings with normal and abnormal variations, child development and cultural diversity in planning and developing appropriate plan of action/care (1.1.IN.1)

Nurse rarely or never demonstrates the ability to compare and contrast clinical findings with normal and abnormal variations, child development and cultural diversity in planning and developing appropriate plan of action/care (1.1.1.1)

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally consistently integrates and applies an understanding of nursing knowledge by using the nursing process to develop and evaluate health care services for students. Effectively and efficiently facilitates connections with student service personnel, health care providers, and other agencies (1.1.HE.2)

Nurse consistently and effectively integrates understanding of nursing knowledge by using the nursing process to develop and evaluate school health care services and program for students. Facilitates connections with student services personnel and health care providers (1.1.E.2)

Nurse occasionally integrates an understanding of nursing knowledge by using the nursing process to develop and evaluate a school health services program for students (1.1.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never integrates an understanding of nursing knowledge by using the nursing process to develop a school health services program for students (1.1.1.2)

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally is an active member of the crisis team and has incorporated emergency care and first aid measures in the School Safety Plan for all students and students and staff have been trained in their responsibilities in case of emergencies (1.1.HE.3)

Nurse consistently utilizes and demonstrates knowledge of current epidemiology of injuries and emergencies in planning health care of students. Every student needing emergency care has an emergency care plan and first aid measures are communicated to all school personnel. Nurse follows the building and District emergency/safety plan (1.1.E.3)

Nurse occasionally demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the epidemiology of injuries and emergencies in planning health care services of students. Emergency care plans are minimal. Nurse has limited knowledge of the building and District emergency/safety plan (1.1.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never demonstrates current knowledge of the epidemiology of injuries and emergencies in planning health care of students There are no emergency care plans. Nurse is unaware of the emergency/safety plan for the building and District (1.1.1.3)

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally is consistent in effectively and efficiently using evidence based medication and treatment regimens for students in planning and documenting nursing care, which includes teaching students and engaging students in their health care (1.1.HE.4)

Nurse consistently verifies knowledge of evidence based medication and treatment regimens for the students in planning and documenting nursing care (1.1.E.4)

Nurse occasionally demonstrates knowledge of evidence based medication and treatment regimens for the students in planning and documenting nursing care (1.1.IN.4)

Nurse rarely or never demonstrates current knowledge of evidence based medication and treatment regimens for the students in planning and documenting nursing care (1.1.1.4)

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Nurse consistently and effectively applies current knowledge of the epidemiology of infectious and communicable diseases in planning and evaluating the school health services program, which includes an immunization program (1.1.E.5)

Nurse occasionally displays familiarity of current epidemiology of infectious and communicable diseases in planning the school health services program, which includes an immunization program (1.1.IN.5)

Nurse rarely or never demonstrates limited or no current knowledge of the epidemiology of infectious and communicable diseases in planning the

school health services program, which

Consistently collaborates with parents, health care providers, school personnel and local and state health departments is evident

Occasionally shows evidence of collaboration with local and state health departments (1.1.IN.6)

Rarely or never collaborates with local health department (1.1.1.6)

includes an immunization program (1.1.1.5)

Nurse consistently and efficiently uses current knowledge of the pathophysiology, signs, symptoms, and treatment of acute and chronic conditions in planning and evaluating the school health services program (1.1.E.7)

(1.1.E.6)

Nurse occasionally integrates current knowledge of the pathophysiology, signs and symptoms of acute and chronic conditions in planning the school health services program (1.1.IN.7)

Nurse rarely or never displays current knowledge of the patho-physiology, signs, symptoms, and treatment of acute and chronic conditions in planning the school health services program (1.1.1.7)

1.2 Demonstrates knowledge of child and adolescent development related to learning, health literacy, and health education

The nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally actively seeks to increase evidence based knowledge of the students served (1.2.HE)

Nurse consistently demonstrates an effective and accurate practice through use of current knowledge and understanding of physical, mental and psychosocial development of students during school assessment of health status, instruction and education (1.2.E)

Nurse occasionally displays current knowledge and understanding of physical, mental and psychosocial development of student, assessment of health status, instruction and education of students (1.2.IN)

Nurse rarely or never displays current knowledge of physical, mental, and psychosocial development of student, assessment of health status, inst (1.2.l)

1.3 Establishes goals and outcomes for nursing services appropriate to the educational setting, vision and mission of the school, and the physical, mental, emotional and psychosocial needs of students. Evaluates plans for school nursing services and manages urgent and emergent health care needs of students

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally conducts a formal assessment for the annual evaluation of the school health services program, which is communicated to the administration (1.3.HE.1)

A formal assessment of the school health services program is consistently developed and implemented (1.3.E.1)

Nurse occasionally develops and implements assessments of the school health services program in the school *(1.3.IN.1)*

Nurse rarely or never develops assessments of the school health services program (1.3.1.1)

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally evaluates school health programs on completion of the program (1.3.HE.2)

Nurse consistently and routinely evaluates school health programs annually (1.3.E.2)

Nurse occasionally performs an evaluation of the school health program (1.3.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never evaluates the nursing service program in the school (1.3.1.2)

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Nurse consistently develops goals and objectives that effectively reflect alignment of the health and education needs of the students, vision and mission of the school, and the school improvement plan (1.3.E.3)

Nurse occasionally develops goals and objectives that are suitable for some students, but are not aligned to the health and education needs of the students (1.3.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never develops goals and objectives without alignment of priority health and education needs/problems of the students, vision and mission of school, and the school improvement plan (1.3.1.3)

1.4 Demonstrates knowledge of local, state, and federal governance, health and education laws and rules, school district policies, procedures and resources

The nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally contacts various agencies to facilitate referral and utilization of resources for health care, housing and financial issues (1.4.HE.1)

The nurse fulfills the criteria for Level 3 and additionally has a knowledge community norms when planning for the health, safety and well- being of students (1.4.HE.2)

Nurse consistently maintains a list of resources available for the needs of students and their families that include health care, housing, and financial issues (1.4.E.1)

Nurse consistently demonstrates knowledge of school governance, state regulations, health and education laws and rules and school policies and procedures that is consistently evident in practice of nursing (1.4.E.2)

Nurse occasionally displays an awareness of regulations and resources for students available through the school district and has limited in knowledge of resources available in the community (1.4.IN.1)

Nurse occasionally demonstrates knowledge of school governance, state regulations, health and education laws, school policies and procedures and is occasionally evident in nursing practice (1.4.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never displays knowledge of resources that are available for the school population (1.4.1.1)

Nurse rarely or never exhibits knowledge of school governance, health and education laws and rules and school policies and procedures in planning and is rarely or never evident in nursing practice (1.4.1.2)

Domain 2: The Environment and Delivery of Services

2.1 Creates a safe, healthy and nurturing environment with disciplined, respectful, honest behavior that reflects a caring and supportive relationship and follows the Code of Ethics for Nurses

The nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally students seek out the nurse, reflecting a high degree of comfort, trust and respect in the relationship for receiving effective health care (2.1.HE.1)

Interactions of the nurse with students are consistently positive and respectful while recognizing culture and diversity (2.1.E.1)

Interactions of the nurse with students occasionally are a mixture of positive and negative, with some students refusing to visit the nurse (2.1.IN.1)

Interactions of the nurse with many students are negative and/or inappropriate in providing care or responding to needs of students (2.1.1.1)

The Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally has a leadership role in the School's Safety/Wellness Committee (2.1.HE.2)

Nurse serves on and is a contributing member of the School Safety/Wellness Committee (2.1.E.2)

Nurse is a member of the School Safety/Wellness Committee but only occasionally attends meetings (2.1.IN.2) Nurse is not a member of the School Safety/Wellness Committee, but rarely or never attends meetings (2.1.1.2)

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The nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally models a caring and supportive relationship that provides an environment that is safe, healthy and promotes well- being within the school environment (2.1.HE.3)

Nurse consistently models behaviors that provide an environment that is safe, healthy that promotes well-being (2.1.E.3)

Nurse occasionally is known for providing an environment that is safe, healthy, that promotes well being (2.1.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never provides an environment that is safe, healthy, that promotes well being (2.1.1.3)

The nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally the culture in the school for health and wellness while guided by the nurse is maintained by both staff and students (2.1.HE.4)

Nurse consistently promotes a culture for health and wellness throughout the school (2.1.E.4)

Nurse occasionally attempts to promote a culture of health throughout the school (2.1.IN.4)

Nurse rarely or never attempts to establish a culture of health and wellness throughout the school (2.1.1.4)

2.2 Follows health protocols and procedures for safe and effective health care that is evidenced based. Collaborates with local and state health departments, and other county and state government agencies

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally ensures that procedures and protocols for the nursing office are seamless and prepared and anticipates unexpected situations (2.2.HE.1)

Procedures are readily available, consistently up-dated and reflect evidence based practice (2.2.E.1)

Procedures are available, but occasionally not up-dated or followed (2.2.IN.1)

Procedures for the nursing office are nonexistent or in disarray (2.2.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally initiates collaborative relationships with local and state departments of health, and other government agencies (2.2.HE.2)

Nurse consistently collaborates with health departments and other county and uses state and local government resources (2.2.E.2)

Nurse occasionally uses state and local governmental resources (2.2.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never uses state and local governmental resources (2.2.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally ensures that information for substitute nurses are assessable, well organized, and covers all situations (2.2.HE.3)

Information is consistently available and organized for substitute nurses and covers all the necessary curriculum (2.2.E.3)

Occasionally some information is available for substitute nurses and may not cover all situations (2.2.IN.3)

Rarely or never is information available for substitute nurses (2.2.1.3)

2.3 Organizes health office physical space with equipment and supplies readily available. Follows confidentiality as required by HIPPA/ FERPA requirements and utilizes universal precautions

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally the health office is efficiently organized, safe, and is highly appropriate for all planned and emergency care and activities (2.3.HE.1)

Health office is consistently well organized and is appropriately safe and effective for planned and emergency care and activities (2.3.E.1)

Occasionally attempts to create a wellorganized and safe physical environment are partially successful (2.3.IN.1) Health office is in disarray and not prepared for planned activities for emergency care (2.3.1.1)

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Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally the 5 Rights of Medication Administration are displayed (2.3.HE.2)

Medications are consistently properly stored and labeled with student's name and easily accessible for student administration (2.3.E.2)

Medications are occasionally stored properly and may not be labeled with student's name and occasionally difficult to find for each student (2.3.IN.2)

Medications are rarely or never properly stored, labeled with student's name or easily to find for each student (2.3.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally the daily schedule of students' medications and treatments is well organized and always is readily accessible to nurse and/or substitute nurse (2.3.HE.3)

A daily schedule of medications and treatments is consistently accessible to nurse and substitute nurse (2.3.E.3)

Occasionally an organized schedule of medications and treatments are not available and accessible to nurse or substitute nurse (2.3.IN.3)

No schedule of medications and treatments is rarely or never readily accessible for nurse or substitute nurse (2.3.1.3)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally a high level of confidentiality and respect is the norm for care, information and record keeping in the nurse's office (2.3.HE.4)

Nurse consistently respects and ensures confidentiality of health status, information and records of students (2.3.E.4)

Nurse occasionally makes an effort to ensure confidentiality of health status, health information and records of students (2.3.IN.4)

Nurse rarely or never ensures and maintains confidentiality of health status, information and records of students (2.3.1.4)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally HIPAA/FERPA and universal precaution are seamlessly incorporated into delivery of nursing services (2.3.HE.5)

HIPPA and FERPA regulations are consistently followed (2.3.E.5)

HIPPA and FERPA regulations are occasionally followed (2.3.IN.5)

HIPPA and FERPA regulations are rarely or never followed (2.3.1.5)

Nurse consistently follows universal precautions when delivering health services (2.3.E.6)

Nurse inconsistently follows universal precautions when delivering health services (2.3.IN.6)

Nurse rarely or never adheres to or follows universal precautions when delivering health services (2.3.1.6)

2.4 Assessment of Student Health Needs

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally conducts individualized detailed assessments of student's needs to contribute to the promotion of maximum student health and performance (2.4.HE)

Nurse consistently assesses individual student's health needs and consistently knows the range of student needs in the school (2.4.E)

Nurse assessments of students are superficial and occasionally done without care or interest of students health needs (2.4.IN)

Nurse assessments rarely or never results in accurate conclusions of students health needs (2.4.1)

2.5 Administers health care regimens for medications, treatments, and anticipatory health counseling

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally nurse assists students in becoming independent in self-management for timely appointments, or independently taking medications according to designated safe routines and procedures (2.5.HE)

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Medications are consistently administered by nurse following school policy, Indiana state laws, and the Indiana Nurse Practice Act (2.5.E.2) Medications are occasionally administered by nurse following school board policy, Indiana state law, and Nurse Practice Act (2.5.IN.2)

Medications are administered by nurse without regard or knowledge of school policy, Indiana state laws, and the Indiana Nurse Practice Act (2.5.1.2)

Training for staff is consistently planned, implemented, supervised and recorded by nurse (2.5.E.3)

Training for staff is occasionally done with minimal planning, supervision, and recording by nurse (2.5.IN.3)

Training is rarely or never done for staff by the nurse (2.5.1.3)

Medication administration information is consistently recorded in appropriate format (2.5.E.4)

Medication administration information is occasionally recorded in appropriate format (2.5.IN.4)

Medication administration information is rarely or never recorded in appropriate format (2.5.1.4)

Signed release and parent permission forms are conveniently stored and always available for review when needed (2.5.E.5)

Signed release and parent permission forms are occasionally stored and occasionally available for review (2.5.IN.5)

Signed release and parent permission forms are rarely or never stored and rarely or never available for review (2.5.1.5)

Physician orders for treatments are up to date and easy to access (2.5.E.6)

Physician orders are occasionally available for treatments inconsistent and are occasionally not stored for quick retrieval (2.5.IN.6)

Physician orders for treatments are rarely or never available and rarely or never stored properly for retrieval (2.5.1.6)

All treatment information is consistently documented in an organized manner (2.5.E.7)

Treatment information is occasionally documented (2.5.IN.7)

Treatment information is rarely or never documented (2.5.1.7)

2.6 Promotion of staff and student wellness through policies, coordination, intentional individual interactions and group presentations and activities

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally nurse's coordination of wellness promotion activities, intentional individual interactions and group presentations are consistently effective with students and staff assuming an active role in the school in promoting wellness, a healthy lifestyle, and preventing disease (2.6.HE.1)

Nurse efforts to promote staff and student wellness, health promotion, and/or disease prevention through intentional individual interactions and group presentations are consistently completed without organization or evaluation that help students adopt a healthy lifestyle that promotes wellness, and prevents disease (2.6.E.1)

Nurse efforts to promote staff and student wellness, health promotion, and/or disease prevention through intentional individual interactions and group presentations are occasionally completed without organization or evaluation (2.6.IN.1)

Nurse efforts to promote staff and student wellness, health promotion, and/or disease prevention through intentional individual interactions and group presentations are rarely or never completed (2.6.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally data collection and evaluation methods are in place, well organized and maintained (2.6.HE.2)

Data collection and evaluation methods are consistently in place (2.6.E.2)

Nurse occasionally needs assistance with data collection and evaluation (2.6.IN.2)

There is no data collection done (2.6.1.2)

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2.7 Develop specialized IEP's and IHP's for students with diverse medical and cultural needs. Identify students meeting 504 requirements and works effectively with parents, health care providers, staff and community members

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally initiates collaboration with parents, health care providers, school staff and administration in completing health assessments and in developing IEP's, IHP's, and 504 plans (2.7.HE.1)

Nurse consistently collaborates with parents, health care providers, school staff, and administration in developing IEP's, IHP's and 504's for students with diverse health and educational needs (2.7.E.1)

Nurse occasionally collaborates with parents, health care providers, classroom teachers and administrators in developing IEP's, IHP's and 504's when specifically asked (2.7.IN.1)

Nurse rarely or never collaborates with parents, health care providers, and classroom teachers and administrators to develop specialized IEP's, IHP's and 504's for students (2.7.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally IHP's are developed for all diabetic students and are constantly updated and evaluated (2.7.HE.2)

IHP's are consistently developed for all diabetic students (2.7.E.2)

IHP's are occasionally developed for diabetic students (2.7.IN.2)

IHP's are rarely or never developed for diabetic students (2.7.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally locates and shares information and resources both within and outside the school for the safe, effective and specialized nursing care of students (2.7.HE.3)

Health assessments are consistently completed for students in special education, or that meet the 504 qualifications, thereby signifying an effective nursing practice (2.7.E.4)

Consistently gives assistance in the 504 process for students (2.7.E.5)

Occasionally displays a lack of initiative and planning for the health and safety needs of students (2.7.IN.4)

Occasionally gives some assistance in the 504 process for students (2.7.IN.5)

Rarely or never displays initiative and the planning for the health and safety needs of students (2.7.1.4)

Declines to assist with the 504 process for students (2.7.1.5)

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Domain 3: Professional Responsibilites

3.1 Knows and utilizes the Indiana Nurse Practice Act, Student Services Rule, Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice, Code of Ethics for Nursing as well as health and educational laws and rules. Displays current licensure from the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency, and School Services Personnel, Professional School Nurse License from IDOE... CPR/AED certification is current

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3
and additionally nurse continues to pursue
professional development and education
related to school nursing. Nurse has earned
a Masters Degree, Professionalized IDOE
License, or earned National Certification as a
School Nurse (3.1.HE.1)

Registered nurse license from IPLA is consistently in good standing and has an IDOE School Nurse Certification (3.1.E.1)

Registered Nurse license is in good standing from IPLA. Nurse's IDOE School Nurse Certification is current (3.1.IN.1)

Nurse rarely or never maintains a Professional Nurse License from IPLA. Nurse does not meet Indiana DOE School Nurse Certification requirements (3.1.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally always adheres to the Indiana Nurse Practice Act, Scope and Standards of School Nursing, Code of Ethics for Nurses, Student Services Rule and Indiana laws pertaining to school health (3.1.HE.2)

Nurse consistently adheres to the Indiana Nurse Practice Act, Scope and Standards of School Nursing, Code of Ethics for Nurses, Student Services Rule and Indiana laws pertaining to school health (3.1.E.2) Nurse is aware of the Indiana Nurse Practice Act, Student Services Rule, Code of Ethics for Nurses, Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice and Indiana laws pertaining to school health occasionally adhering to them (3.1.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never appear to know the Indiana Nurse Practice Act, Student Services Rule, Scope and Standards of School Nursing Practice, Code of Ethics for Nurses and other Indiana laws that pertain to school health (3.1.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally reflections and evaluation of his/her nursing practice are highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific examples (3.1.HE.3)

Consistently provides an accurate and objective evaluation of his/her own practice (3.1.E.3)

Nurse reflections and evaluations of his/her own practice are occasionally accurate, but objectivity is lacking (3.1.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never reflects and evaluates his/her own practice or the reflections are inaccurate or self-serving (3.1.1.3)

CPR/AED certification is consistently certified (3.1.E.4)

CPR/AED certification is occasionally not current (3.1.IN.4)

CPR/AED Certification is rarely or never current (3.1.1.4)

Nurse consistently gives specific suggestions regarding the improvement of school health services in a detailed plan for change (3.1.E.5)

Nurse's suggestions for improvement are occasionally global, but specific suggestions for improvement of school health services (3.1.IN.5)

Nurse's rarely or never gives suggestions for improvement of school health services (3.1.1.5)



3.2 Maintaining health records in accordance with school board policy, HIPAA/FERPA, and state and federal requirements; all reports are accurate and timely to meet accreditation requirements, and ensure health and safety of students

Nurse is consistently proficient in recording information on all students in the building (3.2.E.1)

Nurse occasionally keeps current information on all students in the building (3.2.IN.1)

Nurse rarely or never keeps up-to- date health information on all students in building and Information is in disarray and incomplete (3.2.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally student health plans are fully effective and parents, staff and students participate in their development (3.2.HE.2)

Student health plans are effective and complete. Immunization records, medication and treatment documentation are timely, complete, and follow state and district requirements (3.2.E.2)

Student health plans are occasionally incomplete or partially effective and information is limited and not efficiently recorded (3.2.IN.2)

Student health plans rarely or never exists or are in disarray (3.2.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally Immunization records, medication and treatment documentations are always timely, complete, and follow state and district requirements (3.2.HE.3)

Reports, records, and documentation of student health records are accurate and submitted in a timely manner (3.2.E.3)

Reports, records and documentation are occasionally accurate, but occasionally late and do not follow Record Retention Policy (3.2.IN.3)

Reports, records, and documentation are rarely or never accurate and are late or inaccurate (3.2.1.3)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally confidentiality is highly and totally maintained (3.2.HE.4)

Confidentiality is consistently and well maintained (3.2.E.4)

Confidentiality is occasionally not maintained (3.2.IN.4)

Confidentiality is rarely or never maintained (3.2.1.4)

Health status records are kept and reviewed for safe, effective nursing (3.2.E.5)

Health and immunization records and medication and treatment documentation are not adequately maintained and follow state and district requirements (3.2.IN.5)

Health and immunization records, medication, treatment and health status documentation rarely or never existed and/or are incomplete (3.2.1.5)

3.3 Communicating with students, school staff, families, and community members and about school health. Communication with health care providers with a parent signed release of information

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally is frequently in the leadership role by being proactive in providing complete information to others regarding the school health program (3.3.HE.1)

Nurse consistently provides thorough and accurate information to others regarding the school health and nursing program (3.3.E.1)

Nurse occasionally provides limited information to others regarding the school health and nursing program (3.3.IN.1)

Nurse rarely or never provides information to others regarding school health and nursing practice (3.3.1.1)

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Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally utilizes a variety of communication techniques (3.3.HE.2)

Nurse consistently communicates respectfully with individual families regarding their child's health needs (3.3.E.2)

Nurse occasionally interacts and communicates respectfully with families about their child's health care needs (3.3.IN.2)

Nurse avoids parent contact, rarely or never shows respect for families, or has an established method for parent communication concerning their child's health needs (3.3.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally is proactive and assumes leadership in handling routine, unexpected and emergency situations with parents and treats parents with respect and empathy (3.3.HE.3)

Nurse is consistently respectful and friendly to families, handles routine, unexpected and emergency situations, and adheres to confidentiality practices (3.3.E.3)

Nurse occasionally has difficulty with confidentiality in obtaining and using health information in multiple situations (3.3.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never maintains confidentiality in obtaining and using health information in multiple situations (3.3.1.3)

Nurse consistently communicates effectively with health care providers after obtaining a parent signed release of information (3.3.E.4)

Nurse occasionally communicates and/or has limited contact with health care providers even with a parent signed release of information (3.3.IN.4)

Nurse rarely or never communicates with health care providers or communicates without a parent signed release of information (3.3.1.4)

3.4 Actively participates in the professional community for professional growth and development regarding the performance of and delivery of safe and effective school health services

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally is always supportive and cooperative with all staff as an active member of the team (3.4.HE.1)

Nurse consistently works in a cooperative effort with staff and peers (3.4.E.1)

Nurse's occasionally works with staff and relationships with staff and peers is cordial (3.4.IN.1)

Nurse's rarely or never works in a cooperative effort with staff and relationships with staff and peers are negative and self-serving (3.4.1.1)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally always volunteers and participates in building and district events and committees and assumes a leadership role (3.4.HE.2)

Nurse consistently volunteers and participates in building and district events and committees, making a substantial contribution to the learning environment of students, and reflective of a practice (3.4.E.2)

Nurse occasionally participates in required building and district events and other committees and activities only when requested (3.4.IN.2)

Nurse rarely or never participates in required building events and avoids involvement in building and district committees and events (3.4.1.2)

Nurse fulfills most of the criterion in Level 3 and in additionally actively pursues and attends professional development activities, and makes a contribution by volunteering for committee work at local and state meetings and leading workshops (3.4.HE.3)

Nurse fulfills most of the criteria for Level 3 and additionally contributes to the development of other nurses by mentoring other school nurses, student nurses and students of other health disciplines and leading workshops (3.4.HE.4)

Nurse consistently understands the connection between health and education (3.4.E.3)

Nurse occasionally participates in professional development on a limited basis when required (3.4.IN.3)

Nurse rarely or never participates in professional development when it is clearly a necessity for developing and maintaining nursing knowledge and skills (3.4.1.3)

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Nurse consistently attends IPS School Nurse meetings (3.4.E.5)

Nurse consistently seeks professional development opportunities in health and education, by attending local and state acti (3.4.E.6)

Nurse consistently contributes to the IDOE Learning Connection resources (3.4.E.7)

Nurse occasionally attends some IPS School Nurse meetings (3.4.IN.5)

Nurse occasionally participates in local, state or national professional organizations (3.4.IN.6)

Nurse is a member of the IDOE Learning Connection and occasionally contributes to **IDOE** Learning Connection resources (3.4.IN.7)

Nurse rarely or never attends IPS School Nurse meetings (3.4.1.5)

Nurse rarely or never participates in state and national professional organizations (3.4.1.6)

Nurse is not a member of the IDOE Learning Connection (3.4.1.7)

Domain 4: Core Professionalism

4.1 Attendance / On-Time Arrival

Individual has not demonstrated a pattern of unexcused absences*

Individual has not demonstrated a pattern of unexcused late arrivals (late arrivals that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement) (4.1.MS)

Individual demonstrates a pattern of unexcused absences *

Individual demonstrates a pattern of unexcused late arrivals (late arrivals that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement) (4.1.DNMS)

Greater than 63 hours sick or unexcused (Non-FLMA Days within the evaluation cycle in the current school year.

Greater than 5 days tardy of 10 minutes or more within the evaluation cycle in the current school year. (4.1.G)

4.2 Policies and Guidelines/ District Core Values

Individual demonstrates a pattern of following state, corporation, and school policies and procedures (e.g. procedures for submitting discipline referrals, policies for appropriate attire, etc)

Individual demonstrates a pattern of interacting with students, colleagues, parents/guardians, and community members in a respectful manner and/or demonstrating the District Core V alues (4.2.MS)

Individual demonstrates a pattern of failing to follow state, corporation, and school policies and procedures (e.g. procedures for submitting discipline referrals, policies for appropriate attire, etc)

Individual demonstrates a pattern of failing to interact with students, colleagues, parents/guardians, and community members in a respectful manner and/or demonstrate the District Core Values (4.2.DNMS)

Follows and reinforces the District Core Values of

Excellence Scholarship Courage Respect (4.2.G)

IPS Danielson School Psychologist Rubric

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Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

1a Demonstrates knowledge and skill in using psychological instruments to evaluate students

Psychologist uses a wide range of psychological instruments to evaluate students and knows proper situations in which each should be used to provide practical interpretation to teachers and parents regarding assessment results (1a.HE)

Psychologist uses multiple psychological instruments to evaluate students and determine accurate diagnoses based on student strengths and cultural background and verbalizes rationale for selecting specific testing instruments. Psychologist is able to provide practical interpretation to teachers and parents regarding assessment results (1a.E)

Psychologist uses a limited number of psychological instruments to evaluate students. Psychologist attempts to answer parent or teacher questions accurately – and seeks out information if uncertain.

Psychologist attempts to answer instruction considerate and seeks out information if uncertain.

Psychologist attempts to answer instructions relevations accurately – and seeks out information limited beyond scores, ranges, and percentiles when describing student performance (1a.IN)

Psychologist demonstrates little or no knowledge and skill in using psychological instruments to evaluate students without consideration of referral question or cultural relevance and reports scores with minimal or limited interpretation for teachers and parents (1a.l)

1b Demonstrates knowledge of child and adolescent development and psychopathology

Psychologist applies extensive knowledge of typical child development, psychopathology and corresponding interventions for the classroom (1b.HE)

Psychologist exhibits thorough knowledge of child and adolescent development and psychopathology. Psychologist can access information pertaining to classroom intervention approaches to address these areas (1b.E)

Psychologist demonstrates basic knowledge of child and adolescent development and psychopathology (1b.IN)

Psychologist shows little or no knowledge of child and adolescent development and psychopathology with limited knowledge of effective interventions (1b.I)

1c Demonstrates knowledge of state and federal regulations and resources within and beyond the school and district

Psychologist's knowledge of governmental regulations and of resources for students is extensive including those available through the school or district and in the community (1c.HE)

Psychologist is aware of state and federal regulations and of resources for students available through the school or district and has some familiarity with resources external to the district. Psychologist provides this information to others in order to connect families and students to supports (1c.E)

Psychologist participates in departmentally or district mandated professional development in order to become familiar with new policies and procedures. Psychologist researches and/or connects with available district and community resources when specifically asked to do so (1c.IN)

Psychologist shows little or no knowledge of governmental regulations or of resources for students available through the school or district. Psychologist has limited knowledge of district and community resources (1c.l)

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1d Plans to meet the needs of general and special education students

Psychologist's plan is highly coherent and preventive and serves to support students individually, within the broader educational program (1d.HE)

Psychologist has developed a plan that includes the important aspects of work in the setting (1d.E)

Psychologist is developing knowledge related to the continuum of services. Psychologist's plan includes some worthwhile activities but others don't fit with broader goals (1d.IN)

Psychologist has limited knowledge of continuum of services. Psychologist works only on referrals to special education (1d.l)

1e Establishes goals for the psychology program appropriate to the setting and the students served

Psychologist's goals for the treatment program are highly appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students and have been developed following consultations with students, parents and colleagues (1e.HE)

Psychologist's goals for the treatment program are clear and appropriate to the situations in the school and to the age of the students (1e.E)

Psychologist's goals for the treatment program are rudimentary and partially suitable to the situation and the age of the students (1e.IN)

Psychologist has no clear goals for the psychology program or they are inappropriate to either the situation or the age of the students (1e.l)

Domain 2: The Environment 2a Establishes rapport with students

Students seek out the psychologist, reflecting a high degree of comfort and trust in the relationship. Psychologist can be called upon when a student cannot be reached by other staff members (2a.HE)

Psychologist's interactions with students are positive and respectful (2a.E)

Psychologist's interactions with students are a mixture of positive and negative; the psychologist's efforts at developing rapport are partially successful (2a.IN)

Psychologist engages in negative interactions with students that often include punishments and negative consequences. Students appear uncomfortable in the testing environment (2a.I)

2b Establishes a culture in the school for positive mental health of the students and staff

Psychologist facilitates workshops with themes of mental health and well-being. Colleagues and students, while guided by the psychologist, maintain the culture in the school for positive mental health among students and teachers (2b.HE)

Psychologist promotes a culture throughout the school for positive mental health in the school among students and teachers (2b.E)

Psychologist's attempt to promote a culture throughout the school for positive mental health in the school among students and teachers is partially successful (2b.IN)

Psychologist makes no attempt to establish a culture for positive mental health in the school as a whole, either among or between students or teachers (2b.l)

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2c Establishes and maintains clear procedures for referrals

Procedures for all aspects of referral and testing protocols are clear to everyone and have been developed in consultation with teachers and administrators (2c.HE)

Procedures for referrals and for meetings and consultations with parents and administrators are clear to everyone. Psychologist makes staff and parents aware of the pre-referral process (2c.E)

Psychologist has established procedures for referrals, but the details are not always clear (2c.IN)

No procedures for referrals have been established; when teachers want to refer a student for special services, they are not sure how to go about it (2c.l)

2d Demonstrates flexibility and responsiveness to meet the needs of students and their families

Psychologist encourages communication with parents and students on a regular basis. The psychologist often provides guidance and insight while using a multitude of communication devices (2d.HE)

Psychologist is readily and easily accessible. Family is kept consistently informed (2d.E)

Psychologist attempts to monitor and correct negative student behavior. Communication with the family is intermittent using inadequate avenues (2d.IN)

Psychologist does not respond to student and family inquires and is not available for consultation and guidance (2d.I)

2e Establishes standards of conduct in the testing environment

Standards of conduct have been established. Psychologist's monitoring of students is subtle and preventive and students engage in self-monitoring of behavior (2e.HE)

Standards of conduct have been established. Psychologist monitors student behavior with standards of conduct; response to students is appropriate and respectful (2e.E)

Standards of conduct appear to have been established. Psychologist's attempts to monitor and correct negative student behavior during an evaluation are only partially successful (2e.IN)

Standards of conduct have not been established. Psychologist fails to address negative student behavior during an evaluation (2e.l)

Domain 3: Delivery of Services

3a Consults with colleagues and parents in responding to referrals

Psychologist consults frequently with colleagues, contributing detailed insights to questions raised in the referrals and concerns identified in the classroom (3a.HE)

Psychologist consults frequently with colleagues to concerns identified in the classroom and tailors evaluations to the questions raised in the referral (3a.E)

Psychologist consults on a sporadic basis with colleagues, making partially successful attempts to tailor evaluations to the questions raised in the referral (3a.IN)

Psychologist fails to consult with colleagues (3a.l)

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3b Evaluates student needs in compliance with National Association of School Psychologists guidelines

Psychologist selects, from a broad repertoire, assessments that are most appropriate to the referral, questions and conducts information sessions with colleagues to ensure that they fully understand and comply with procedural and safeguards (3b.HE)

Psychologist administers appropriate evaluation instruments to students and ensures that all procedures and safeguards are faithfully adhered to (3b.E)

Psychologist attempts to administer appropriate evaluation instruments to students but does not always follow established safeguards (3b.IN)

Psychologist resists administering evaluations, selects instruments inappropriate to the situation, or does not follow established procedures and guidelines. (3b.l)

3c Facilitates and participates in team meetings

Psychologist takes initiative in assembling materials for meetings. IEPS are prepared in an exemplary manner (3c.HE)

Psychologist works effectively with a team to develop suitable plans for students that are aligned with identified needs. Prepares detailed IEPs (3c.E)

Psychologist does not always work effectively with a team, and student plans partially meet identified needs (3c.IN)

Psychologist does not work effectively with a team, does not show initiative, and fails to develop plans that are suitable to student needs (3c.1)

3d Completes thorough interpretation and reports in a timely manner

Psychologist makes thorough interpretations, generates relevant implications for learning, and complies with procedural timelines for reports (3d.HE)

Psychologist makes interpretations, generates implications for learning, and complies with procedures regarding reports (3d.E)

Psychologist attempts to provide information regarding interpretation of reports, but does not always follow established procedural timelines (3d.IN)

Psychologist resists making thorough interpretations and does not generate implications for learning or follow establish procedural timelines for reports (3d.l)

3e Engages in the CSE process

Psychologist works effectively with a team in developing students' IEPs and provides valuable insights during CSE meetings (3e.HE)

Psychologist works with a team in developing students' IEPs and provides insights during CSE meetings (3e.E)

Psychologist works with a team in developing students' IEPs when directed to do so, and prepares adequate IEPs (3e.IN)

Psychologist declines to assume a role in the development of students' IEPs and in the overall CSE process (3e.I)

3f Maintains contact between school community and mental health resources

Psychologist maintains ongoing contact with physicians and community mental health service providers, and initiates contacts, when needed (3f.HE)

Psychologist maintains ongoing contact with physicians and community mental health service providers, as needed (3f.E)

Psychologist maintains occasional contact with physicians and community mental health service providers (3f.IN)

Psychologist declines to maintain contact with physicians and community mental health service providers (3f.I)

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Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities 4a Reflecting on Practice

Psychologist's reflection is highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific positive and negative characteristics. Psychologist draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies (4a.HE)

Psychologist's reflection provides an accurate and objective description of practice, citing specific positive and negative characteristics. Psychologist makes some specific suggestions as to how the practice might be improved (4a.E)

Psychologist's reflection on practice is moderately accurate and objective without citing specific examples, and with only global suggestions as to how it might be improved (4a.IN)

Psychologist does not reflect on practice, or the reflections are inaccurate or self- serving (4a.l)

4b Communicating with Families & Soliciting Family Involvement

Psychologist secures necessary permissions and communicates with families in a manner highly sensitive to cultural and linguistic traditions. Psychologist reaches out to families of students to enhance trust and bridge the home and school environments (4b.HE)

Psychologist communicates with families and secures necessary permission for evaluations and does so in a manner sensitive to cultural and linguistic traditions (4b.E)

Psychologist's communication with families is partially successful; permissions are obtained, but there are occasional insensitivities to cultural and linguistic traditions (4b.IN)

Psychologist fails to communicate with families and secure necessary permission for evaluations or communicates in an insensitive manner (4b.l)

4c Maintaining Accurate Records

Psychologist's records/reports are accurate and legible, well organized, and stored in a secure location. They are written to be understandable to their intended audience (4c.HE)

Psychologist's records/reports are accurate and legible, well organized, and stored in a secure location (4c.E)

Psychologist's records/reports are accurate and legible and are stored in a secure location (4c.IN)

Psychologist's records/reports are in disarray; they may be missing, illegible, or stored in an insecure location (4c.l)

4d Participating in a Professional Community

Psychologist makes a substantial contribution to school and/or district events and projects and assumes leadership with colleagues. Participates in local, state, or national organizations (4d.HE)

Psychologist participates actively in school and/or district events and projects and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues. Participates in local, state, or national organizations (4d.E)

Psychologist's relationships with colleagues are cordial, and psychologist participates in school and/or district events and projects when specifically requested (4d.IN)

Psychologist's relationships with colleagues are negative or self-serving, and psychologist avoids being involved in school and/or district events or projects (4d.l)

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4e Engaging in Professional Development

Psychologist actively pursues professional development opportunities, and enhanced knowledge is reflected in day to day practice. This could include such activities as presenting to school or district staff (4e.HE)

Psychologist seeks out opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need (4e.E)

Psychologist's participation in professional development activities is limited to those that are required (4e.IN)

Psychologist does not participate in professional development activities, even when such activities are clearly needed for the ongoing development of skills (4e.l)

4f Showing Professionalism

Psychologist can be counted on to hold the highest standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality and to advocate for students, taking a leadership role with colleagues (4f.HE)

Psychologist displays high standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality in interactions with colleagues, students and the public and advocates for students when needed (4f.E)

Psychologist is honest in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public, plays a moderate advocacy role for students, and does not violate confidentiality (4f.IN)

Psychologist displays dishonesty in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public and violates principles of confidentiality (4f.I)



Domain 1: Planning and Preparation 1a Demonstrating knowledge of literature and current trends in library/media practice and information technology

Drawing on extensive professional resources, library/media specialist demonstrates rich understanding of literature and of current trends in information technology (1a.HE)

Library/media specialist demonstrates thorough knowledge of literature and of current trends in practice and information technology (1a.E)

Library/media specialist demonstrates limited knowledge of literature and of current trends in practice and information technology (1a.IN) Library/media specialist demonstrates little or no knowledge of literature and of current trends in practice and information technology (1a.l)

1b Demonstrating knowledge of the school's program and student information needs within that program

Library/media specialist takes a leadership role within the school and district to articulate the needs of students for information technology within the school's academic program (1b.HE)

Library/media specialist demonstrates thorough knowledge of the school's content standards and of students' needs for information skills within those standards (1b.E) Library/media specialist demonstrates basic knowledge of the school's content standards and of students' needs for information skills within those standards (1b.IN)

Library/media specialist demonstrates little or no knowledge of the school's content standards and of students' needs for information skills within those standards (1b.l)

1c Establishing goals for the library/media program appropriate to the setting and the students served

Library/media specialist's goals for the media program are highly appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students and have been developed following consultations with students and colleagues. (1c.HE)

Library/media specialist's goals for the media program are clear and appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students (1c.E)

Library/media specialist's goals for the media program are rudimentary and are partially suitable to the situation in the school and the age of the students. (1c.IN)

Library/media specialist has no clear goals for the media program, or they are inappropriate to either the situation in the school or the age of the students (1c.l)

1d Demonstrating knowledge of resources, both within and beyond the school and district, and access to such resources as interlibrary loan

Library/media specialist is fully aware of resources available for students and teachers and actively seeks out new resources from a wide range of sources to enrich the school's program (1d.HE)

Library/media specialist is fully aware of resources available for students and teachers in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to advance program goals (1d.E)

Library/media specialist demonstrates basic knowledge of resources available for students and teachers in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to advance program goals (1d.IN)

Library/media specialist demonstrates little or no knowledge of resources available for students and teachers in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to advance program goals (1d.l)

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1e Planning the library/media program integrated with the overall school program

Library/media specialist's plan is highly coherent, taking into account the competing demands of scheduled time in the library, consultative work with teachers, and work in maintaining and extending the collection; the plan has been developed after consultation with teachers (1e.HE)

Library/media specialist's plan is well designed to support both teachers and students in their information needs (1e.E)

Library/media specialist's plan has a guiding principle and includes a number of worthwhile activities, but some of them don't fit with the broader goals (1e.IN)

Library/media program consists of a random collection of unrelated activities, lacking coherence or an overall structure (1e.I)

1f Developingaplantoevaluate the library/media program

Library/media specialist's evaluation plan is highly sophisticated, with imaginative sources of evidence and a clear path toward improving the program on an ongoing basis (1f.HE) Library/media specialist's plan to evaluate the program is organized around clear goals and the collection of evidence to indicate the degree to which the goals have been met (1f.E)

Library/media specialist has a rudimentary plan to evaluate the library/media program (1f.IN)

Library/media specialist has no plan to evaluate the program or resists suggestions that such an evaluation is important (1f.l)

Domain 2: The Environment

2a Library/media specialist has no plan to evaluate the program or resists suggestions that such an evaluation is important

Interactions among the library/media specialist, individual students, and the classroom teachers are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring and sensitivity to students' cultures and levels of development. Students themselves ensure high levels of civility among students in the library (2a.HE)

Interactions, both between the library/media specialist and students are and among students, are polite and respectful, reflecting general warmth and caring, and are appropriate to the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students (2a.E)

Interactions, both between the library/media specialist and student and among students, are generally appropriate and free from conflict but may be characterized by occasional displays of insensitivity or lack of responsiveness to cultural or developmental differences among students (2a.IN)

Interactions, both between the library/media specialist and students and among students, are negative, inappropriate, or insensitive to students' cultural backgrounds and are characterized by sarcasm, put-downs, or conflict (2a.l)

2b Establishing a culture for investigation and love of literature

Library/media specialist, in interactions with both students and colleagues, conveys a sense of the essential nature of seeking information and reading literature. Students appear to have internalized these values (2b.HE) Library/media specialist, in interactions with both students and colleagues, conveys a sense of the importance of seeking information and reading literature (2b.E) Library/media specialist goes through the motions of performing the work of the position, but without any real commitment to it (2b.IN)

Library/media specialist conveys a sense that the work of seeking information and reading literature is not worth the time and energy required (2b.I)

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2c Establishing and maintaining library procedures

Media center routines and procedures (for example, for circulation of materials, working on computers, independent work) are seamless in their operation, with students assuming considerable responsibility for their smooth operation. Library assistants work independently and contribute to the success of the media center (2c.HE)

Media center routines and procedures (for example, for circulation of materials, working on computers, independent work) have been established and function smoothly. Library assistants are clear as to their role (2c.E)

Media center routines and procedures (for example, for circulation of materials, working on computers, independent work) have been established but function sporadically. Efforts to establish guidelines for library assistants are partially successful (2c.IN)

Media center routines and procedures (for example, for circulation of materials, working on computers, independent work) are either non-existent or inefficient, resulting in general confusion. Library assistants are confused as to their role (2c.l)

2d Managing student behavior

Standards of conduct are clear, with evidence of student participation in setting them. Library/media specialist's monitoring of student behavior is subtle and preventive, and response to student misbehavior is sensitive to individual student needs. Students take an active role in monitoring the standards of behavior (2d.HE)

Standards of conduct appear to be clear to students, and the library/media specialist monitors student behavior against those standards. Library/media specialist's response to student misbehavior is appropriate and respectful to students (2d.E)

It appears that the library/media specialist has made an effort to establish standards of conduct for students and tries to monitor student behavior and respond to student misbehavior, but these efforts are not always successful (2d.IN)

There is no evidence that standards of conduct have been established, and there is little or no monitoring of student behavior. Response to student misbehavior is repressive or disrespectful of student dignity (2d.I)

2e Organizing physical space to enable smooth flow

Library/media specialist makes highly effective use of the physical environment, resulting in clear signage, excellent traffic flow, and adequate space devoted to work areas and computer use. In addition, book displays are attractive and inviting (2e.HE)

Library/media specialist makes effective use of the physical environment, resulting in good traffic flow, clear signage, and adequate space devoted to work areas and computer use (2e.E)

Library/media specialist's efforts to make use of the physical environment are uneven, resulting in occasional confusion (2e.IN)

Library/media specialist makes poor use of the physical environment, resulting in poor traffic flow, confusing signage, inadequate space devoted to work areas and computer use, and general confusion (2e.I)

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Domain 3: Delivery of Service

3a Maintaining and extending the library collection in accordance with the school's needs and within budget limitations

Library/media specialist selects materials for the collection thoughtfully and in consultation with teaching colleagues, and periodically purges the collection of outdated material. Collection is balanced among different areas (3a.HE) Library/media specialist adheres to district or professional guidelines in selecting materials for the collection and periodically purges the collection of outdated material. Collection is balanced among different areas (3a.E)

Library/media specialist is partially successful in attempts to adhere to district or professional guidelines in selecting materials, to weed the collection, and to establish balance (3a.IN)

Library/media specialist fails to adhere to district or professional guidelines in selecting materials for the collection and does not periodically purge the collection of outdated material. Collection is unbalanced among different areas (3a.l)

3b Collaborating with teachers in the design of instructional units and lessons

Library/media specialist initiates collaboration with classroom teachers in the design of instructional lessons and units, locating additional resources from sources outside the school. (3b.HE)

Library/media specialist initiates collaboration with classroom teachers in the design of instructional lessons and units (3b.E)

Library/media specialist collaborates with classroom teachers in the design of instructional lessons and units when specifically asked to do so (3b.IN)

Library/media specialist declines to collaborate with classroom teachers in the design of instructional lessons and units (3b.l)

3c Engaging students in enjoying literature and in learning information skills

Students are highly engaged in enjoying literature and in learning information skills and take initiative in ensuring the engagement of their peers (3c.HE)

Students are engaged in enjoying literature and in learning information skills because of effective design of activities, grouping strategies, and appropriate materials (3c.E)

Only some students are engaged in enjoying literature and in learning information skills due to uneven design of activities, grouping strategies, or partially appropriate materials (3c.IN)

Students are not engaged in enjoying literature and in learning information skills because of poor design of activities, poor grouping strategies, or inappropriate materials (3c.l)

3d Assisting students and teachers in the use of technology in the library/media center

Library/media specialist is proactive in initiating sessions to assist students and teachers in the use of technology in the library/media center (3d.HE)

Library/media specialist initiates sessions to assist students and teachers in the use of technology in the library/media center (3d.E)

Library/media specialist assists students and teachers in the use of technology in the library/media center when specifically asked to do so (3d.IN)

Library/media specialist declines to assist students and teachers in the use of technology in the library/media center (3d.l)

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3e Demonstrating flexibility and responsiveness

Library/media specialist is continually seeking ways to improve the library/media program and makes changes as needed in response to student, parent, or teacher input (3e.HE)

Library/media specialist makes revisions to the library/media program when they are needed (3e.E)

Library/media specialist makes modest changes in the library/media program when confronted with evidence of the need for change (3e.IN)

Library/media specialist adheres to the plan, in spite of evidence of its inadequacy (3e.l)

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities 4a Reflecting on practice

Library/media specialist's reflection is highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific examples. Library/media specialist draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies and their likely success (4a.HE)

Library/media specialist's reflection provides an accurate and objective description of practice, citing specific positive and negative characteristics. Library/media specialist makes some specific suggestions as to how the media program might be improved (4a.E) Library/media specialist's reflection on practice is moderately accurate and objective, without citing specific examples and with only global suggestions as to how it might be improved (4a.IN)

Library/media specialist does not reflect on practice, or the reflections are inaccurate or self-serving (4a.l)

4b Preparing and submitting reports and budgets

Library/media specialist anticipates teacher needs when preparing requisitions and budgets, follows established procedures, and suggests improvements to those procedures. Inventories and reports are submitted on time (4b.HE)

Library/media specialist honors teacher requests when preparing requisitions and budgets and follows established procedures. Inventories and reports are submitted on time (4b.E)

Library/media specialist's efforts to prepare budgets are partially successful, responding sometimes to teacher requests and following procedures. Inventories and reports and sometimes submitted on time (4b.IN)

Library/media specialist ignores teacher requests when preparing requisitions and budgets or does not follow established procedures. Inventories and reports are routinely late (4b.l)

4c Communicating with the larger community

Library/media specialist is proactive in reaching out to parents and establishing contacts with outside libraries, coordinating efforts for mutual benefit (4c.HE)

Library/media specialist engages in outreach efforts to parents and the larger community (4c.E)

Library/media specialist makes sporadic efforts to engage in outreach efforts to parents or the larger community (4c.IN)

Library/media specialist makes no effort to engage in outreach efforts to parents or the larger community (4c.l)

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4d Participating in a professional community

Library/media specialist makes a substantial contribution to school and district events and projects and assumes leadership with colleagues (4d.HE)

Library/media specialist participates actively in school and district events and projects and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues (4d.E)

Library/media specialist's relationships with colleagues are cordial, and the specialist participates in school and district events and projects when specifically requested (4d.IN)

Library/media specialist's relationships with colleagues are negative or self-serving, and the specialist avoids being involved in school and district events and projects (4d.l)

4e Engaging in professional development

Library/media specialist actively pursues professional development opportunities and makes a substantial contribution to the profession through such activities as offering workshops to colleagues (4e.HE)

Library/media specialist seeks out opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need (4e.E)

Library/media specialist's participation in professional development activities is limited to those that are convenient or are required (4e.IN)

Library/media specialist does not participate in professional development activities, even when such activities are clearly needed for the enhancement of skills (4e.I)

4f Showing professionalism

Library/media specialist can be counted on to hold the highest standards of honesty and integrity and takes a leadership role with colleagues in ensuring there is no plagiarism or violation of copyright laws (4f.HE)

Library/media specialist displays high standards of honesty and integrity in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public; adheres carefully to copyright laws (4f.E) Library/media specialist is honest in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public; respects copyright laws (4f.IN)

Library/media specialist displays dishonesty in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public, violates copyright laws (4f.I)



Domain 1: Planning and Preparation 1a Demonstrates knowledge of counseling theory and techniques

Counselor demonstrates deep and thorough understanding of counseling theory and techniques (1a.HE)

Counselor demonstrates understanding of counseling theory and techniques (1a.E)

Counselor demonstrates basic understanding of counseling theory and techniques (1a.IN)

Counselor demonstrates little understanding of counseling theory and techniques (1a.l)

1b Demonstrates knowledge of child and adolescent development

In addition to accurate knowledge of the typical developmental characteristics of the age group and exceptions to the general patterns, counselor displays knowledge of the extent to which individual students follow the general patterns (1b.HE)

Counselor displays accurate understanding of the typical developmental characteristics of the age group, as well as exceptions to the general patterns (1b.E)

Counselor displays partial knowledge of child and adolescent development (1b.IN)

Counselor displays little or not knowledge of child and adolescent development (1b.l)

1c Establishes goals for the counseling program appropriate to the setting and the students served

Counselor's goals for the counseling program are highly appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students and have been developed following consultations with students, parents and colleagues (1c.HE)

Counselor's goals for the counseling program are clear and appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students (1c.E)

Counselor's goals for the counseling program are rudimentary and are partially suitable to the situation and the age of the students (1c.IN)

Counselor has no clear goals for the counseling program, or they are inappropriate to either the situation or the age of the students (1c.l)

1d Demonstrates knowledge of state and federal regulations and of resources both within and beyond the school and district

Counselor's knowledge of governmental regulations and of resources for students is extensive, including those available through the school or district and in the community (1d.HE)

Counselor displays awareness of governmental regulations and of resources for students available through the school or district, and some familiarity with resources external to the school (1d.E)

Counselor displays awareness of governmental regulations and of resources for students available through the school or district, but no knowledge of resources available more broadly (1d.IN)

Counselor demonstrates little or no knowledge of governmental regulations and of resources for students available through the school or district (1d.I)

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1e Plans the counseling program, integrated with the regular school program

Counselor's plan is highly coherent and serves to support not only the students individually and in groups, but also the broader educational program (1e.HE)

Counselor has developed a plan that includes the important aspects of counseling in the setting (1e.E)

Counselor's plan has a guiding principle and includes a number of worthwhile activities, but some of them don't fit with the broader goals (1e.IN)

Counseling program consists of a random collection of unrelated activities, lacking coherence or an overall structure (1e.l)

1f Develops a plan to evaluate the counseling program

Counselor's evaluation plan is highly sophisticated with imaginative sources of evidence and a clear path toward improving the program on an ongoing basis (1f.HE)

Counselor's plan to evaluate the program is organized around clear goals and the collection of evidence to indicate the degree to which the goals have been met (1f.E)

Counselor's plan to evaluate the program is organized around clear goals and the collection of evidence to indicate the degree to which the goals have been met (1f.IN)

Counselor has no plan to evaluate the program or resists suggestions that such an evaluation is important (1f.I)

Domain 2: The Environment 2a Creates an environment of respect and rapport

Students seek out the counselor, reflecting a high degree of comfort and trust in the relationship. Counselor teaches students how to engage in positive interactions (2a.HE)

Counselor's interactions with students are positive and respectful, and the counselor actively promotes positive student-student interactions (2a.E)

Counselor's interactions are a mix of positive and negative; the counselor's efforts at encouraging positive interactions among students are partially successful (2a.IN)

Counselor's interactions with students are negative or inappropriate, and the counselor doe s not promote positive interactions among students (2a.I)

2b Establishes a culture for productive communication

The culture in the school for productive and respectful communication between and among students and teachers, while guided by the counselor, is maintained by both teachers and students (2b.HE)

Counselor promotes a culture throughout the school for productive and respectful communication between and among students and teachers (2b.E)

Counselor's attempts to promote a culture throughout the school for productive and respectful communication between and among students and teachers are partially successful (2b.IN)

Counselor makes no attempt to establish a culture for productive communication in the school as a whole, either among students or among teachers, or between students and teachers (2b.l)

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2c Manages routines and procedures

Counselor's routines for the counseling center or classroom are seamless, and students assist in maintaining them (2c.HE)

Counselor's routines for the counseling center or classroom work effectively (2c.E)

Counselor has rudimentary and partially successful routines for the counseling center or classroom (2c.IN)

Counselor's routines for the counseling center or classroom work are nonexistent or in disarray (2c.l)

2d Establishes standards of conduct and contributes to the culture for student behavior throughout the school

Counselor has established clear standards of conduct for counseling sessions, and students contribute to maintaining them. Counselor takes a leadership role in maintaining the environment of civility in the school (2d.HE)

Counselor has established clear standards of conduct for counseling sessions and makes a significant contribution to the environment of civility in the school (2d.E)

Counselor's efforts to establish standards of conduct for counseling sessions are partially successful. Counselor attempts, with limited success, to contribute to the level of civility in the school as a whole (2d.IN)

Counselor has established no standards of conduct for students during counseling sessions and makes no contribution to maintaining an environment of civility in the school (2d.I)

2e Organizes physical space

Counseling center or classroom arrangements are inviting and conducive to the planned activities. Students have contributed ideas to the physical arrangement (2e.HE)

Counseling center or classroom arrangements are inviting and conducive to the planned activities (2e.E)

Counselor's attempts to create an inviting and well-organized physical environment are partially successful (2e.IN)

The physical environment is in disarray or is inappropriate to the planned activities (2e.l)

Domain 3: Delivery of Services 3a Assesses student needs

Counselor conducts detailed and individualized assessments of student needs to contribute to program planning (3a.HE)

Counselor assesses student needs and knows the range of student needs in the school (3a.E)

Counselor's assessments of student needs are perfunctory (3a.IN)

Counselor does not assess student needs, or the assessments result in inaccurate conclusions (3a.l)

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3b Assists students and teachers in the formulation of academic, personal/social, and career plans, based on knowledge of student needs

Counselor helps individual students and teachers formulate academic, personal/social, and career plans (3b.HE)

Counselor helps students and teachers formulate academic, personal/social, and career plans for groups of students (3b.E)

Counselor's attempts to help students and teachers formulate academic, personal/social, and career plans are partially successful (3b.IN)

Counselor's program is independent of student needs (3b.l)

3c Uses counseling techniques in individual and classroom programs

Counselor uses an extensive range of counseling techniques to help students acquire skills in decision making and problem solving for both interactions with other students and future planning (3c.HE)

Counselor uses a range of counseling techniques to help students acquire skills in decision making and problem solving for both interactions with other students and future planning (3c.E)

Counselor displays a narrow range of counseling techniques to help students acquire skills in decision making and problem solving for both interactions with other students and future planning (3c.IN)

Counselor has few counseling techniques to help students acquire skills in decision making and problem solving for both interactions with other students and future planning (3c.l)

3d Brokers resources to meet needs

Counselor brokers with other programs and agencies both within and beyond the school or district to meet individual student needs (3d.HE)

Counselor brokers with other programs within the school or district to meet student needs (3d.E)

Counselor's efforts to broker services with other programs in the school are partially successful (3d.IN)

Counselor does not make connections with other programs in order to meet student needs (3d.1)

3e Demonstrates flexibility and responsiveness

Counselor is continually seeking ways to improve the counseling program and makes changes as needed in response to student, parent, or teacher input (3e.HE)

Counselor makes revisions in the counseling program when they are needed (3e.E)

Counselor makes modest changes in the counseling program when confronted with evidence of the need for a change (3e.IN)

Counselor adheres to the plan or program, in spite of evidence of its inadequacy (3e.I)

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Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities 4a Reflects on practice

Counselor's reflection is highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific examples that were not fully successful for at least some students. Counselor draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies (4a.HE)

Counselor's reflection provides an accurate and objective description of practice, citing specific positive and negative characteristics. Counselor makes some specific suggestions as to how the counseling program might be improved (4a.E)

Counselor's reflection on practice is moderately accurate and objective without citing specific examples and with only global suggestions as to how it might be improved (4a.IN)

Counselor does not reflect on practice, or the reflections are inaccurate or self- serving (4a.l)

4b Maintains accurate records

Counselor's approach to record keeping is highly systematic and efficient and serves as a model for colleagues in other schools (4b.HE) Counselor's reports, records and documentation are accurate and submitted in a timely manner (4b.E)

Counselor's reports, records and documentation are generally accurate but are occasionally late (4b.IN)

Counselor's reports, records and documentation are missing, late, or inaccurate, resulting in confusion (4b.l)

4c Communicates with families

Counselor is proactive in providing information to families about the counseling program and about individual students through a variety of means (4c.HE)

Counselor provides thorough and accurate information to families about the counseling program as a whole and about individual students (4c.E)

Counselor provides limited though accurate information to families about the counseling program as a whole and about individual students (4c.IN)

Counselor provides no information to families, either about the counseling program as a whole or about individual students (4c.l)

4d Participates in a Professional Community

Counselor makes a substantial contribution to school and district events and projects and assumes leadership with colleagues (4d.HE)

Counselor participates actively in school and district events and projects and maintains positive and productive relationships with colleagues (4d.E)

Counselor's participation in professional development activities is limited to those that are convenient or are required (4d.IN)

Counselor's relationships with colleagues are negative or self-serving, and counselor avoids being involved in school and district events and projects (4d.l)

4e Engages in Professional Development

Counselor actively pursues professional development opportunities and makes a substantial contribution to the profession through such activities as offering workshops to colleagues (4e.HE)

Counselor seeks out opportunities for professional development based on individual assessment of need (4e.E)

Counselor's participation in professional development activities is limited to those that are convenient or required (4e.IN)

Counselor does not participate in professional development activities even when such activities are clearly needed for the development of counseling skills (4e.l)

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4f Shows Professionalism

Counselor can be counted on to hold the highest standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality and to advocate for students taking a leadership role with colleagues (4f.HE)

Counselor displays high standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality in interactions with colleagues, students and the public; advocates for students when needed (4f.E)

Counselor is honest in interactions with colleagues, students and the public; does not violate confidentiality (4f.IN)

Counselor displays dishonesty in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public; violates principles of confidentiality (4f.l)

IPS Danielson Therapuetic Specialist Rubric



CRITERION 1: KNOWLEDGE AND SCHOLARSHIP IN A SPECIAL FIELD						
	UNSATISFACTORY	BASIC	PROFICIENT	DISTINGUISHED		
1a: Demonstrating knowledge and skill in the specialist therapy area			Specialist demonstrates extensive knowledge and skill in the therapy area.			
1c: Demonstrating knowledge of district and state guidelines and federal laws	ate guidelines and guidelines. and guidelines. and guidelines.		Specialist meets "proficient criterion" and takes a leadership role in reviewing and revising district guidelines.			
1d: Demonstrating knowledge of resources, both within and beyond the school and district	Specialist demonstrates little or no knowledge of resources for students available through the school or district.	Specialist demonstrates limited knowledge of resources for students available through the school or district.	Specialist demonstrates thorough knowledge of resources for students available through the school or district and some familiarity with resources in the larger community.	Specialist demonstrates extensive knowledge of resources for students available through the school or district and in the larger community.		
1e: Planning the therapy program, integrated with the regular school program, to meet the needs of individual students with special needs	Specialist's program consists of a random collection of unrelated activities, lacking coherence or an overall structure.	Specialist's plan has a guiding principle and includes a number of related activities, but some of them don't fit with the broader goals.	Specialist has developed a plan that includes a number of related activities that fit with the broader goals.	Specialist's plan is highly coherent and integrated and serves to support students individually, within the broader educational program.		
1f: Developing a plan to evaluate the individuals or groups of students in the therapy program	Specialist has a limited plan to evaluate individuals or groups of students within the therapy program.	Specialist has a minimal plan to evaluate individuals or groups of students within the therapy program.	Specialist's evaluation plan is organized around clear goals and the collection of evidence to indicate the degree to which the goals have been met.	Specialist's evaluation plan is highly sophisticated, with a wide variety of sources of evidence and a clear path toward improving the program on an ongoing basis.		



CRITERION 2: SPECIALIZED SKI	CRITERION 2: SPECIALIZED SKILLS					
		BASIC	PROFICIENT	DISTINGUISHED		
3a: Evaluating student needs	Specialist makes incomplete or untimely, but not out of compliance, evaluation of student needs.	Specialist adequately evaluates student needs.	Specialist thoroughly evaluates student needs in a timely manner.	Specialist evaluates student needs proactively and with a high level of expertise.		
3b: Collecting information and writing evaluations	Specialist neglects to collect relevant information on which to base-recommendations. Evaluation reports are inaccurate and unclear or not tailored to the audience.	Specialist collects most of the relevant information on which to base recommendations. Evaluation reports are accurate but lacking in clarity or are somewhat tailored to the audience.	Specialist collects all the relevant and critical information on which to base recommendations. Evaluation reports are accurate, clear and tailored to the audience.	Specialist is proactive in collecting relevant information, interviewing teachers and parents if necessary. Evaluation reports are accurate and clearly written and are tailored for the audience and interpreted with a high level of expertise.		
3c: Developing IEPS to promote individual students' growth	Specialist fails to develop goals and objectives suitable for students, or IEP goals and objectives are not aligned with the findings of the evaluation recommendations or "Present Levels of Performance."	Specialist's IEP goals and objectives for students are partially aligned with the-evaluation recommendations or current "Present Levels of Performance."	Specialist's IEPs goals and objectives for students are specific, objective, quantifiable, and are aligned with the evaluation recommendations or current "Present Levels of Performance."	Specialist's goals and objectives meet the "proficient criterion" and are clear and understandable to all members of the IEP team.		
3d: Implementing and using an effective data-management system	Specialist's data-management system is rudimentary or in disarray; it cannot be used effectively to monitor student progress or to adjust therapy when needed.	Specialist implements a data- management system for monitoring student progress and occasionally uses it to adjust treatment when needed.	Specialist implements an effective data-management system to collect relevant data for monitoring student progress and consistently uses it to adjust therapy when needed.	Specialist implements an effective data-management system for monitoring and analyzing student progress, and consistently uses it to adjust therapy when needed. Specialist uses the system to communicate with teachers and parents.		



CRITERION 3: MANAGEMENT OF SPECIAL AND TECHNICAL ENVIRONMENT						
	UNSATISFACTORY	BASIC	PROFICIENT	DISTINGUISHED		
Establishing a focus for the-building level therapy program, appropriate to the setting and the students served	Specialist has no clear focus for the building level therapy program, or they are inappropriate to either the situation or the developmental age of the students.	Specialist's focus for the building level therapy program is minimal and is partially suitable to the situation and to the developmental age of the students.	Specialist's focus for the building level therapy program is clear and appropriate to the situation and to the developmental age of the students.	Specialist's focus for the building level therapy program is highly appropriate to the situation and to the developmental age of the students and has been developed following consultations with administrators and		
2b: Organizing time effectively	Specialist fails to set priorities, resulting in confusion, missed deadlines, and conflicting schedules.	Specialist's time-management skills are moderately well developed; essential activities are carried out, but not always in the most efficient manner.	Specialist sets priorities, resulting in clear schedules and important work being accomplished in an efficient manner. Teachers and students have been informed of their	Specialist demonstrates excellent time-management skills, accomplishing all tasks in a seamless manner. Teachers and students have been informed of their		
2c: Establishing standards of conduct in the therapy environment	No standards of conduct have been established, and specialist disregards or fails to address negative student behavior during evaluation or treatment.	Standards of conduct appear to have been established for the testing and therapy environment. Specialist's attempts to monitor and correct negative student behavior during evaluation and treatment are partially successful.	Standards of conduct have been established for the testing and therapy environment. Specialist monitors student behavior against those standards; response to students is appropriate and respectful. Correction of negative student behavior during evaluation and therapy is successful a majority of the time.	Standards of conduct have been established for the testing and therapy environment. Specialist's monitoring of students is preventive, and students engage in developmentally appropriate self-monitoring of behavior.		
2d: Organizing physical space for testing of students and providing therapy	The testing and therapy environment is disorganized and poorly suited to working with students. Materials are usually available.	The testing and therapy environment is moderately well organized and moderately well suited to working with students. Materials are difficult to find when needed.	The testing and therapy environment is well organized and includes purposeful supports that elicit positive behaviors and interactions; materials are available when needed.	The testing and therapy environment is highly organized and is inviting to students. Purposeful supports are fully integrated and smoothly elicit positive behaviors and interactions. Materials are convenient when needed.		



CRITERION 4: SUPPORT PERSON AS A PROFESSIONAL					
	UNSATISFACTORY	BASIC	PROFICIENT	DISTINGUISHED	
4a: Reflecting on practice	Specialist does not reflect on practice, or the reflections are inaccurate or self-serving.	Specialist's reflection on practice is moderately accurate and objective without citing specific examples, and with only global suggestions as to how it might be improved.	Specialist's reflection provides an accurate and objective description of practice, citing specific positive and negative characteristics. Specialist makes some specific suggestions as to how the therapy program might be improved.	Specialist's reflection is highly accurate and perceptive, citing specific examples that were not fully successful for at least some students. Specialist draws on an extensive repertoire to suggest alternative strategies, has a plan to implement, and finds creative ways to meet student needs.	
4d: Participating in a professional community	Specialist's relationships with colleagues are negative or self-serving, and specialist avoids being involved in school and district events and projects.	Specialist's relationships with colleagues are cordial, and specialist participates in the following, in order of priority: 1) school events; 2) projects and committees; or 3) district events when specifically asked to do so.	Specialist maintains a positive and productive relationship with colleagues. Specialist participates in the following, in order of priority: 1) school events; 2) projects and committees; or 3) district events	Specialist meets "proficient criterion" and assumes a leadership role with colleagues.	
4e: Engaging in professional development	Specialist does not participate in professional development activities, even when such activities are clearly needed for the development of skills.	Specialist's participation in professional development activities is limited to those that are convenient or are required.	Specialist seeks out opportunities for professional development based on an individual assessment of need.	Specialist actively pursues professional development opportunities and makes a substantial contribution to the profession through such activities as offering workshops to colleagues.	
4f: Showing professionalism, including integrity, advocacy, and maintaining confidentiality	Specialist displays dishonesty in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public and violates principles of confidentiality.	Specialist is honest in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public, plays a moderate advocacy role for students, and does not violate principles of confidentiality.	Specialist displays high standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public and advocates for students when needed.	Specialist can be counted on to hold exemplary standards of honesty, integrity, and confidentiality and to advocate for students, taking a leadership role with colleagues in demonstrating ethical practices.	



CRITERION 5: INVOL	CRITERION 5: INVOLVEMENT IN ASSISTING PUPILS, PARENTS AND EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL					
	UNSATISFACTORY	BASIC	PROFICIENT	DISTINGUISHED		
2a: Establishing rapport with students	Specialist's interactions with students are negative or inappropriate; students appear uncomfortable during testing and therapy.	Specialist's interactions are a mix of positive and negative; the specialist's efforts at developing rapport are partially successful during testing and therapy.	Specialist's interactions with students are positive and respectful; students appear comfortable during testing and therapy.	Specialist's interactions with students are positive and respectful, reflecting a high degree of comfort and trust in the relationship during testing and therapy.		
3e: Implementation of therapy	Specialist adheres rigidly to the lesson plan or therapy activities, even when a change is clearly needed.	Specialist attempts to adjust a lesson plan or therapy activities when needed, with only partially successful results.	Specialist makes a minor adjustment to a lesson plan or therapy activities and the adjustment occurs smoothly.	Specialist successfully makes a major adjustment to a lesson plan or therapy activities when needed.		
4b: Communicating with families	Specialist fails to communicate with families or communicates in an insensitive manner.	Specialist's communication with families is partially successful; but there are occasional insensitivities to cultural and linguistic traditions.	Specialist communicates with families doing so in a manner sensitive to cultural and linguistic traditions.	Specialist communicates with families in a manner highly sensitive to cultural and linguistic traditions. Specialist reaches out to families of students to enhance trust.		
4c: Collaborating with teachers and administrators	Specialist is not available to staff for questions and planning and declines to provide background material when requested.	Specialist is available to staff for questions and planning and provides background material when requested.	Specialist initiates contact with teachers and administrators to confer regarding individual cases.	Specialist proactively seeks out teachers and administrators to confer regarding cases, soliciting their perspectives on individual students.		

SECTION D

INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

ADMINISTRATIVE EVALUATION PLAN GUIDEBOOK 2016—2017





ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

District Team Members

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Facilitators

Cassandra M. Cole, *INTASS*Hardy Murphy, *INTASS*

The IPS Evaluation Steering Committee spent 2015–2016 reviewing current evaluation practices, resources and tools used in the district to evaluate certified staff, and also planned improvements and a new approach. This guidebook is the outcome of the hard work the people listed above invested over the course of the year. The members of this committee serve for two years and will continue to monitor the effective rollout and implementation. They will gather feedback from annual surveys, focus groups and district discussion meetings, and will make revisions as needed. Meetings with the Steering Committee will happen quarterly.



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INDIANAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS GUIDELINES FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS

IPS Core Commitments and Beliefs

- All IPS students can achieve their full potential, learn at high levels and graduate prepared to succeed in post-secondary school, career and life.
- Effective teachers and great schools are the key to students' success.
- All IPS schools must be great places to teach and learn.
- The IPS Central Administration exists solely to support the work of teachers and schools, and must be a high-performing organization.
- IPS families and the entire Indianapolis community have a shared responsibility for student success and will benefit from this success.

Vision Statement for IPS Educator Evaluation

The purpose of the IPS Educator Evaluation System is to define and facilitate great teaching and learning.

Belief Statements

We believe the IPS Educator Evaluation System must:

- Be a collaborative process.
- Empower and support staff with differentiated supports in continuous growth and development.
- Facilitate the instructional leadership of principals through their daily engagement in classrooms.
- Reflect an investment in educators as the most important source of talent for IPS.



ADMINISTRATIVE PERFORMANCE COMPONENTS

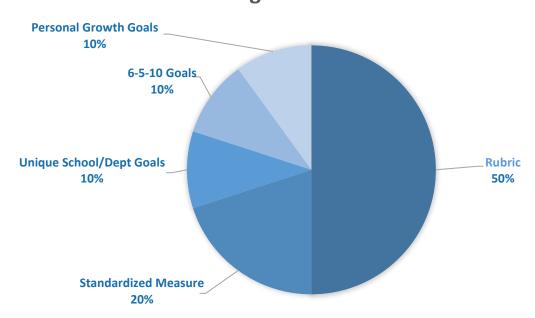
Indiana law requires IPS to evaluate all certified staff annually with rigorous measures of effectiveness and give each staff member a designation in one of four rating categories (Highly Effective, Effective, Improvement Necessary or Ineffective). IPS performance components outlined below fulfill the state's requirements.

An adapted version of the Indiana Department of Education's Turnaround Principle Rubric (Appendix C: Groups for Weighting) will serve as the basis for the evaluation and development process and illustrates the benchmark for school leadership for all leaders throughout the year. If necessary, additional rubrics can be used to support specific feedback on most indicators. These can be found in Appendix D: IPS Building Administrator Rubric and are separate documents uploaded on the Standard For Success website under the Forms tab. Standard For Success (SFS) will serve as the tool for documentation of the evaluation process (see Appendix B: Standards for Success).

A performance indicator or score will be assigned for each indicator at the end of the year. This score will be based on all evidence collected throughout the year. Evaluators will not average any scores, but rather they will look for growth over time and trends across the year. Lastly, measures that inform performance will be included, in addition to observations. These additional measures are explained in greater detail in Appendix A: Guidance for Developing and Scoring Goals.

All certified evaluations will include the following multiple measures at the same percentages required by law, with a few exceptions:

Weights and Measures





ADMINISTRATIVE RATING CALCULATION

The tables below illustrate how a summative rating is calculated for administrators. An overall rubric score is weighted and then each additional measure is scored and weighted. Note: The Standardized Measure for administrators is 6-5-10 Goals.

	Score	Weight	
Overall Rubric Score		x .5	
Standardized Measure and 6-5- 10 Goals		x.3	
School/Team Goals		x.1	
Personal Goals		x.1	
		Total	

	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
Total	0-1.74	1.75-2.49	2.5-3.34	3.5-4.0



ADMINISTRATIVE EVALUATION PROCESS AND OVERVIEW

Principals Develop School Goals	Principals should develop School Goals with Leadership Team and get approval from an Academic Improvement Officer (AIO) so the goals can be shared with staff. Teachers are required to have this as part of their evaluations, so the information will need to be incorporated into Goal Setting Conferences with teachers. August 19
Initial Goal Setting Conference	Fall meeting to ensure evaluation process and measures are discussed. During the meeting, the administrator has an opportunity to describe and set personal goals (see guidelines). These goals are entered into SFS as evidence of the meeting. October 14
Mid-Year Conference	Required for Struggling administrators only. Growth Plan developed or non-renewal conversations held. December 15
Final Summative Conference	Final meeting to discuss evidence of growth, outcomes of goals and overall rating. June 2 (10-month administrators) June 30 (12-month administrators)



INITIAL GOAL SETTING CONFERENCE

This conversation should be held early in the fall with each administrator. This should set the tone for the year. If administrators are returning, this is an opportunity for evaluators to review their previous ratings/feedback. Additionally, administrators are able to think about how they want to grow professionally in the coming year and what they want from their evaluators.

At this conference, the administrator and evaluator will:

- 1. Review the evaluation process and expectations for the year.
- 2. Identify the School and 6-5-10 Goals for the year.
- 3. Allow the administrator to identify Personal Growth Goals and their expectations.
- 4. Allow the evaluator to review the Personal Growth Goals.
- 5. Allow the administrator to share School Goals.
- 6. Ensure SFS is set up correctly for the staff member and goals are entered.

GROWTH PLANS

If it is determined that there is a significant lack of proficiency in any indicator area, then the evaluator will schedule an additional meeting to develop a Growth Plan in SFS.

This plan will:

- 1. Identify and review the specific performance expectations not being met.
- 2. Specify what is needed to improve the level of performance shown.
- 3. Provide suggestions, resources, strategies and support the teacher may use to improve performance.
- 4. Provide timelines for the administrator to follow when addressing performance expectations.

By developing Growth Plans based on observed evidence, the evaluator is making a direct link between the professional development of administrators and professional learning.



SUMMATIVE DEBRIEFS

The evaluator will schedule an end-of-year debrief conversation with administrators to:

- 1. Discuss all performance expectations.
- 2. Discuss outcome of goals, if data is available.
- 3. Provide encouragement to the administrator to continue with practices that earned Effective and Highly Effective ratings. (Acknowledge some of the administrator's strengths or achievements that led to Effective and Highly Effective ratings.)
- 4. Answer questions and clarify the reason(s) for the overall performance level.

A final Summative Evaluation will be provided at the conclusion of the rating process. This may or may not be available at the time of a Summative Evaluation Conference. Due to the likely delay in receiving test scores from the Indiana Department of Education (IDOE), or delays in testing windows, Summative Evaluation documents may not be available until the following school year.



APPENDIX A: GUIDANCE FOR DEVELOPING AND SCORING GOALS

School Goals

- Developed by Leadership Team through input solicited from teachers
- Measurable and something the staff in the building can collectively impact
- Focused on a year-long schoolwide area of concentration, e.g.: student behavior or culture, student outcomes, parent engagement, professional learning communities, etc.
- Rigorous and based on data
- Approved by AIO

Examples:

- We will increase graduation rates to 70%.
- We will reduce course failures by 25%.
- We will reduce administrative time spent on discipline by 25%.
- We will ensure all parents are contacted by classroom teachers once during the year with a positive report, and we will increase parent attendance at Parents In Touch Day to 70%.

Personal Goals

- Developed by teacher
- Measurable
- Focused on areas the teacher would like to work on throughout the year, e.g.: a skill identified in observation feedback that are based on district-focused professional development, classroom culture, peer collaboration, leadership development, parent engagement, etc.
- Rigorous and based on data
- Agreed upon with evaluator

Examples:

- Due to the changing student demographic at our school, I will complete a basic conversational skills Spanish class and make home visits to more directly connect with Spanish speaking parents.
- I will increase the percent of time I am in classrooms by 25%, reserving and tracking time through my calendar and surveying teachers on the quality of my support.
- I will lead a book study on leadership and management with my administrative team.
- I will increase my effectiveness in managing meetings and leadership coaching, as measured by meeting exit slips.



Rubric Used to Assess School and Personal Goals

Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
Did not meet goal	Met part of goal	Met goal	Met and exceeded goal

6-5-10 Goals

These goals are set by district each year and focus on academic outcomes for students at each building.

Rubric Used to Assess 6-5-10 Goals

	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective
6	0-1	2-3	4-5	6
5	0-1	2	3-4	5
10	0-3	4-5	6-8	9-10



APPENDIX B: STANDARDS FOR SUCCESS

Recording Observation Data and Finding Resources

The Standard For Success Teacher Training guide is available on the SFS website. Click <u>here</u> to access the guide. This platform will manage all data collection and storage and will provide administrators with analysis and reports. These reports will help inform individual, school and district professional development throughout the year.

The IPS Evaluation Guidebook is also located on SFS. Staff will be notified of any updates made to the guidelines throughout the year and the latest version will always be found on SFS.

All staff can access the following on SFS:

- 1. All rubrics
- 2. All forms and help documents
- 3. All district-created assessments
- 4. Growth Tracker (pretests/posttests)
- 5. All observation evidence
- 6. All Growth and Performance Improvement Plans
- 7. Helpful PDFs/How-tos
- 8. All ratings



APPENDIX C: GROUPS FOR WEIGHTING

Group 1 (Most Teachers)	Rubric	Personal Goals	School Goals	6-5-10 Goals	Standardized Measure
	50%	10%	10%	10%	20%
Group 2 (PYC, Non-public, SPED Coordinators)	Rubric	Personal Goals	Program Goals Department Goals		Department Goals
	50%	10%	20	%	20%
Group 3 (SPED Specialists, District Content Coaches, Psych)	Rubric	Personal Goals	Department Goals		nt Goals
	50%	10%		409	%
Group 4 Less than 120-days Teacher	Rubric				
	100%				
Group 5 School Administrators	Rubric	Personal Goals	School Goals	6	-5-10 Goals
	50%	10%	10%		30%



APPENDIX D: IPS BUILDING ADMINISTRATOR RUBRIC

(Adapted from IDOE Summative Turnaround Rubric)

SCHO	SCHOOL LEADERSHIP: ABILITY TO LEAD						
Indicators		Sources of Evidence	Ineffective	Improvement Necessary	Effective	Highly Effective	
	marcators	Sources of Evidence	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1.1	The principal uses data to establish a coherent vision that is understood and supported by the entire school community.	 School Improvement Plan School vision and belief statements School climate surveys School focus groups School documents, meetings and artifacts showing vision and core beliefs in action Documented plan to deploy funds 	There is no visible alignment between school practices and rituals and vision.	The principal and some teachers may be the only ones to align school practices and rituals with the vision.	There is a visible alignment between school practices and rituals and the vision.	The school community demonstrates commitment to the school vision and core beliefs through behaviors and actions consistent with the vision.	
1.2	The principal develops and promotes a coherent strategy and plan for implementing the school vision, which includes clear measurement goals, aligned strategies and a plan for monitoring progress and driving continuous improvement.	 School Improvement Plan School vision and mission statements School climate surveys 	The principal develops a School Improvement Plan to comply with regulations and refers to the plan infrequently.	The principal uses past student achievement data to inform the development of a School Improvement Plan, which includes goals, some milestones and benchmarks of progress.	A School Improvement Plan is developed by the leadership team and aligned to the school's needs assessment with SMART goals, milestones and strategies, and assigned accountabilities — with the urgent goal of making dramatic student achievement gains within the first two years.	and community. SMART	



1.3	The principal uses data to work collaboratively with staff to maintain a safe, orderly and equitable learning environment.	Administrative walk-through data — student engagement indicator School climate surveys School focus groups School Discipline Plan School faculty/student handbooks Teacher observation and evaluation data Master and bell schedules PLC	The principal has not successfully put in place a clear and consistent student behavior system, either stated or in practice, and accepts that a teacher's response to classroom incidents varies from classroom to classroom. [2.1]	The principal has in place a stated and consistent behavior system of rewards and consequences – though does not consistently track implementation data; issues are dealt with as they arise. [2.1]	The principal has in place and monitors a behavior system of rewards and consequences to ensure consistent implementation (with age appropriate differentiation) across classrooms, grades and content areas. [2.1]	There are clear and consistent behavior systems of rewards and consequences in use; goals are consistently met or surpassed. [2.1]
1.4	The principal communicates high expectations to staff, students and families, and supports students in achieving them.	surveys	The principal may express a vision for high quality teaching, but does not have systems in place to foster or monitor it in every classroom. [2.3]	The principal expects high quality teaching in every classroom and conducts weekly formal and informal observations and administrative walk-throughs. [2.3, 4.2]	The principal is committed to high quality teaching and ensures classrooms are visited daily to support and monitor high quality instruction. [2.3]	The principal and teachers are continuously engaged in inquiry about instructional improvement; the principal and instructional leaders continuously monitor to ensure high quality instruction is present in every classroom all the time. [2.3]



1.5	The principal ensures that a rigorous and coherent standards-based curriculum and aligned assessment system are implemented with fidelity.	 Administrative walk-through data Teacher observation and evaluation data District curriculum guides Lesson plan format Formative assessments Data management systems PLC agendas and minutes Grade-level and content-level meeting agendas and minutes Evidence of mastery learning 	The district may have formative assessments in literacy and math, but using teacherdeveloped assessments is the norm. There is not a system in place to collect and analyze formative assessment data. [4.3]	The principal monitors implementation of district-provided formative assessments in ELA and math; challenges persist in keeping to the district formative assessment schedule. [4.3]	The principal implements formative assessments with fidelity and analyzes results in ELA and math across all grade levels linked to the Standardsaligned curriculum, and ensures that the results are returned to teachers in a teacher friendly manner for timely analysis. [4.3]	The principal monitors and analyzes formative assessments in ELA and math across all grade levels linked to the standards-aligned curriculum, and uses the data to inform instructional improvement.
1.6	The principal ensures that classroom level instruction is adjusted based upon formative and summative results from aligned assessments.	Administrative walk-through data Common assessments Professional Development Plan Grade- and content-level meeting agendas and minutes PLC agendas and minutes Data Team agenda and minutes Evidence using mastery learning cycle	The principal does not set expectations for how teachers use collaboration time to collect and analyze formative assessment data. [4.3]	The principal sets the expectations and ensures that teachers use collaboration time to focus on formative assessment data, but does not monitor implementation and rigor. [4.3, 6.3]	The principal sets the expectation that teachers use collaboration time to review formative assessment data to determine if students met specific goals for improvement and to make instructional adjustments as necessary. [4.3, 6.3]	The principal provides teachers with a data management system that contains analytic tools to gain insight into how students are performing and how to design ongoing instruction, and monitors the teachers' use of the system tools during collaboration time. [4.3]



1.7	The principal uses informal and formal observation data and ongoing student learning outcome data to monitor and improve schoolwide instructional practices, and to ensure the achievement of learning goals for all students (including SWD and ELS).	 Administrative wall through data Common assessme data Teacher observation and evaluation data Grade- and content level meeting agendas and minut PLC agendas Data Team agendas and minutes 	observations and available student assessment data, limited progress on key instructional practices exist. [6.3]	Based on informal and formal observation data, leader walk-throughs and multiple measures of student assessment data, progress is evident for some teachers on some priorities; student learning outcomes can be linked to these improvements. [6.3]	Based on informal and formal observation data, leader walk-throughs and multiple measures of student assessment data, the principal and instructional leaders identify and focus on a select number of schoolwide teaching practices through targeted and job-embedded PD. [6.3]	Based on informal and formal observation data, leader walk-throughs and multiple measures of student assessment data, progress is evident for all teachers on all instructional priorities and student outcomes are positively impacted. [6.3] Students who are not mastering lesson objectives are quickly identified and provided additional instructional supports until they achieve mastery. [3.5]
1.8	The principal ensures that the schedule is intentionally aligned with the School Improvement Plan in order to meet the agreed upon school-level learning goals.	 Master schedule School Improvement Plan Lesson plans PLC agendas Grade- and content level meeting agendas and minut PLC 	professional development, teacher team meetings or common meeting times. [7.3]	There is a basic calendar of teacher collaboration time. [7.3]	The principal and instructional leaders ensure teachers have sufficient planning time for grade-/content-level meetings, as well as vertical staff collaboration. [7.3]	Teachers have ongoing, consistent and sufficient times for grade/content meetings, as well as vertical staff collaboration. [7.3]
1.9	The principal effectively employs staffing practices (e.g., recruitment and selection, assignment, shared leadership, jobembedded professional development and observations) with meaningful	 Master schedule Policy for teacher placement Staffing assignment chart School climate surveys School focus group School Improvement Plan Formal and informations observations and evaluations 	[5.1] The principal has significant staff turnover in the building throughout the year and annually. No retention strategies are developed or implemented.	The principal uses traditional channels and procedures to recruit new teachers. [5.1] The principal does not have an articulated retention strategy and has significant turnover in the building.	The principal and instructional leaders use established processes to identify staffing needs proactively and early, and manage recruitment efforts by casting a wide net for candidates including, but not limited to, traditional venues. [5.1] The principal has a well-formed retention strategy, implements strategies regularly and retains the most effective teachers.	The principal uses creative and traditional means to proactively recruit teachers who possess the expertise to deliver quality instruction using a teacher screening process, and ensures there are no persistent teacher vacancies. [5.1] The principal focuses heavily on retention of highly effective staff and rarely loses these teachers (outside of promotions or personal reasons).



instructional feedback and evaluation) in order to continuously improve instruction and meet student learning goals.	 Grade and content agenda and minutes PLC agenda and minutes Data Team agenda and minutes 				
1.10 The principal uses data and research-based practices to work with staff to increase academically focused family and community engagement.	 School climate surveys School focus groups School, staff, parent, student handbooks List of family and community engagement activities and attendance List of outreach programs for families with struggling students Parent communication log 	The principal ensures progress reports and report cards are sent to parents and/or guardians, but there are not systems in place for further engagement.	The principal ensures family members are informed about student learning progress through traditional means such as parent-teacher conferences, progress reports and report cards. [8.1]	The principal and instructional leaders create high value opportunities to engage family members in discussing student learning progress toward explicit goals; successes are celebrated and gaps are acknowledged and addressed. [8.1]	The principal, parents and community members are actively involved in key student learning demonstrations (e.g., presentations, student-parent-teacher conferences). [8.1]