-Draft- Providence Public Schools2014-15 Educators' Evaluation Handbook

(Updated Sept 10, 2014)

Goals and Objectives of Educator Evaluation

The goal of a quality Educator Evaluation is to improve student outcomes by providing Educators with the opportunity to do the following:

- measurably and remarkably improve practice
- work collaboratively and collegially with colleagues and evaluators
- engage in professional development that provides time to share, learn, plan, and reflect
- develop strategies and standards that lead to effective results
- become life-long learners committed to continuous improvement, while learning the skills that cultivate self-reflection and self-assessment
- grow and develop
- measurably improve student outcomes

Providence Public Schools Educator Evaluation Models

- Teachers: Providence Public Schools (PPSD) & Rhode Island Innovation Consortium (RIIC) Teacher
 Evaluation Model/Rubric: Danielson Option.
- Support Professionals: PPSD/RIIC Support Professional's Evaluation Model/Rubric
- Building Administrators: Rhode Island Department of Education Model/Rubric for Evaluation of Building Administrators.

Effective Use of this Document

PPSD is the largest district in Rhode Island, with a pool of over 1900 teachers, 100 administrators, and 24,000+ students. To be effective, Evaluators will require sufficient time to engage in and complete evaluations rich with data and evidence that will help them to develop, guide, and/or improve their Educators' practice.

To ensure that Educators are provided sufficient time to demonstrate their best work, demonstrate progress, attain their goals, and impact student achievement at the highest levels, every effort must be made by both Educators and Evaluators to follow the process and timeline with the utmost fidelity. All are urged to must study this handbook copiously and refer to it <u>regularly</u> to accomplish the following:

- Understand evaluation expectations and criteria
- Understand respective workflows
- Track milestones, deadlines, and progress towards completion of the process
- Find answers to frequently asked questions
- Find resources to help facilitate a successful and productive evaluation
- Use in conjunction with the appropriate guidebooks for additional and pertinent details during the 2014-15 SYR

Table of Contents

.	
Page	Contents
3	Workflows
	Support Professionals & Teachers
4-5	Evaluation Timelines
	Support Professionals & Teachers
6-11	Evaluation Guidelines
	Support Professionals & Teachers
	Cyclical Model
	Professional Development The state of the state
	The Beginning of Year Conference (BOY) Leaves Black
	Lesson PlanObservations
	 Observations The Short Summary- Guidelines
	Evidence Collection
	The Middle of Year Conference (MOY)
	The End of Year Conference (EOY)
	The Professional Growth Goal
	 The Student Learning Objective
	 Assessments, Targets, Approval, Rating
12-15	Student Attendance & the SLO
	The Support Professionals' Evaluation Process
4-46	- 1
15-16	The Special Educator
	Retirements and Extended Absences
	Long Term Substitute in pool/Long Term Sub
17-20	Building Administration Timeline
	Implementation Guidelines
	FFTPS Observer Training/Certification
	Calibration
	 Professional Development
21	Evaluation Supports
	Quick Reference Guide
22	Evaluation Process at a Glance
	Quick Reference Guide
23	Glossary
24	Terms and Explanations Resources

2014-2015 Teacher & Support Professionals Evaluation

TEACHER & SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS			
EVALUATION WORKFLOW CRITERIA			
ACTIVITY	New! SUPPORT PROFESSIONAL WORKFLOW	TEACHER (EDUCATOR) WORKFLOW	
	(NOTE: Workflow still in production, subject to revision.)		
MILESTONE/EVALUATION	1-Beginning of Year (BOY)	1-Beginning of Year (BOY)	
CONFERENCES	AND	AND	
	1-Mid Year (MOY)	1-Mid Year (MOY)	
	AND	AND	
	1-End of Year (EOY)	1-End of Year (EOY)	
OBSERVATIONS/IN-	At least 1 In-person Assessment	1 Lesson Plan	
PERSON ASSESSMENTS/	(Evidence may be collect during day to day	1 Formal Observation	
SITE VISITS	interactions as well.)	At least 2 Informal Observations	
	Feedback after one In-Person	Feedback after each Obs	
&	At least 1 Post Conference	At least 1 Post Conference	
FEEDBACK			
PROFESSIONAL GROWTH GOAL	At least 1	At least 1	
STUDENT LEARNING (or OUTCOME) OBJECTIVE	At least 2	At least 2	
STUDENT GROWTH	Determined by RIDE	Determined by RIDE	
RATING			
FINAL EFFECTIVENESS	Professional Practice +Professional Growth	Professional Practice +Professional	
RATING	and Responsibilities	Foundations	
	+ SLO Rating=Final Effectiveness Rating	+SLO Rating=Final Effectiveness Rating	

MONTH		SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS ACTIVITY	TARGET		TEACHER EVALUATION ACTIVITY	TARGET
AUG	•	Prepare for BOY- Participate in RIDE Online SOO Modules Participate in District Summer/Fall Eval Workshops Review and analyze 2013/14 SOO/PGG results Participate in PPSD PD and Teachscape Online PD Develop draft SOO/PGG	Aug 1-Sep 30 (suggested)	•	Prepare for BOY- Participate in RIDE Online SLO Modules Participate in District Summer/Fall Eval Workshops Review and analyze 2013/14 SLO/PGG results Participate in PPSD PD and Teachscape Online PD Develop draft SLO/PGG	Aug 1-Sep 30 (suggested)
SEPT	•	Begin BOY & Schedule In Person Assessment SP's begin submit 1	Sept 2	•	Evaluators begin BOY & Schedule Formal Obs Teachers begin submit Lesson	Sept 2
	•	PGG/2 SOO's Evaluators begin approve PGG/SLO (Semester 1 teachers first)	Sept 15	•	plan Teachers begin submit 1 PGG/2 SLO's	Sept 15
	•	SP's Complete assessments for baseline data needed for SOO	Sept 26	•	Teachers complete assessments for baseline data needed for SLO	Sept 26
ОСТ	•	In person Assessment Scheduling Complete Begin In person Assessment (New, Non- tenured, I/D first)	Oct 30	•	Evaluators begin approve PGG/SLO (Semester 1 teachers first) Lesson Plans Submitted BOY/Formal Obs Scheduling Complete Begin Formal Observations (New, Non- tenured, I/D first)	Oct 1
	•	All SLO/SOO/PGG Approved	Oct 30	•	All SLO/PGG Approved	Oct 30
NOV	•	In person Assessment (New, Non- tenured, I/D first) continue		•	Begin Informal Obs(New, Non- tenured, I/D first)	Nov 3
	•	Semester 1 Only Begin MOY (if applicable)	Nov 12	•	Semester 1 Courses Only Begin MOY	Nov 12 Page

DEC	1	Compartment Coll	Dan 3	Compatent Commence	Dog 2
DEC	•	Semester 1 Only	Dec 2	Semester 1 Courses Only Complete MOY	Dec 2
		Complete MOY (if		Complete MOY	
		applicable) In person assessments		Formal/Informal Observations continue	
	•	continue		Continue	
JAN	•	In person assessments	Jan 5	All formal observations	Jan 5
JAN		cont.	Jan 5	completed	Jan 5
	•	Begin MOY		Begin MOY	Jan 12
			Jan 12		
	•	All MOY completed (All		MOY completed (All EOY	
		EOY scheduled)		scheduled)	Jan 30
			Jan 30		
FEB	•	Begin MOY	Feb 24	 Semester 2 Courses Only SLO/SOO approved 	Feb 13
	•	All In Person			
		Assessments completed	Feb 28		
MAR	•	Complete MOY	March 7	Informal Obs & Collection of Additional Evidence	N/A
APRIL	•	Semester 2 Only Begin	April 6	Semester 2 Courses Only Begin	April 6
		MOY (if applicable)		MOY	
	•	Teachers begin to			
		Gather/Review /Analyze		Informals Completed	
		PGG/ SLO Data in prep	April 13	Teachers begin to Gather/Review	April 13
		for EOY		/Analyze PGG/ SLO Data in prep	
	•	Semester 2 Only		for EOY	
		Complete MOY (if	April 17	Semester 2 Courses Only Complete MOY	April 17
MAY	+-	applicable)		Complete MOY	
JUNE	•	Evaluators Begin EOY EOY Completed-Final	May 1	Evaluators Begin EOYEOY Completed-Final Ratings/	May 1
JOINE	•	Ratings/	June 5	Review/ Finalize Professional	June 5
		Review/Finalize	firm	Growth Plan and PD/Planning for	firm
		Professional Growth Plan		Next SYR	
		and PD/Planning for			
		Next SYR			

TEACHER & SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS EVALUATION IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES		
New! CYCLICAL		
What is a cyclical model?	Any teacher who obtains or earns a rating of "highly effective," or a number "4," or any equivalent thereof shall, subsequent to such evaluation, be evaluated not more than once every three years thereafter. Any teacher who obtains or earns a rating of "effective," or a number "3," or any equivalent thereof shall, subsequent to such evaluation, be evaluated not more than once every two years thereafter."	
Who is approved to participate in a cyclical model?	Only tenured Highly Effective (HE) and Effective (E) teachers can participate in the cyclical model.	
When will Highly Effective Teachers be evaluated?	Tenured HE teachers will be evaluated every three years.	
When will Effective Teachers be evaluated?	Tenured E teachers will be evaluated every two years.	
What will be required of teachers who are HE and E in between cycles?	The development of SLO's and PGG's is not required during non-evaluation years. However, this does not preclude nor exclude those teachers from participating in looking at student work, assessing student data, using data to drive instruction, etc., while supporting the goals identified by the Principal in the SIP.	
New! PROFES	SIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
What role does professional development play in evaluation?	Professional development is vital for growth and development for every professional. The best opportunities are those in which there is opportunity for collaboration. Teachers are encouraged to seek opportunities to work with colleagues to share, learn, plan, and reflect.	
What types of professional development are available to me?	In addition to school-based and district professional development, the Teachscape LEARN platform offers a suite of online courses geared towards increasing the teacher and evaluator's knowledge of the Standards and Domains: • Teachscape Professional Learning Suite • Teachscape Framework for Effective Teaching Series	
Does Teachscape offer any other online courses that I can benefit from?	Yes, Teachscape Learning Resources located in LEARN, has consists of ten Content Libraries organized into 40 topics representing more than 160 online courses. The Content Libraries are as follows: • The Common Core Series, • The Competency-Based Learning Series • The Data-Driven Instruction Series • The Effective Instructional Strategies Series • The Elementary Science Series • The English Language Learner Series • The Literacy Series • The Mathematics Series • The New Teacher Support Series • The Early Childhood Series	

THE TEACHER EVALUATION PROCESS		
	F YEAR CONFERENCE (BOY)	
Why is the BOY important?	The BOY provides the Educator and Evaluator time to discuss the Educator's plans for the PGG and SLO/SOO as well as supports and guidance that s/he may require to be successful during the evaluation process. The Evaluator may clarify questions about the evaluation process. The formal observation must be scheduled during the BOY.	
What must the Educator bring to the BOY?	The Educator must bring a draft/final PGG and SLO to the	
	BOY as well as questions about the evaluation process.	
	SSON PLAN	
When and how is the lesson plan submitted?	The lesson plan must be submitted via Teachscape Reflect no later than October 1. The lesson plan does not have to represent the actual lesson that the Evaluator will see during the formal observation.	
May I use a lesson plan that has been submitted	No. The lesson plan must be one that has not been	
and scored previously by myself or others?	previously submitted and scored as part of anyone's evaluation.	
When will the Educator receive scores for the lesson plan I have submitted?	As usual, the Educator will receive his/her scores after the formal observation is completed and prior to the post conference.	
Will there be an opportunity to discuss the scores for Standard 1 (lesson plan)?	During the post conference, the evaluator and the Educator will discuss all scores for Standards 1-4.	
Will there be an opportunity for the Educator to resubmit or improve the lesson plan?	The Educator will have two weeks after the post conference to resubmit the lesson plan or submit additional evidence of Standard 1.	
Does the lesson plan have to be presented to the evaluator before the formal can be scheduled and/or conducted?	No. The lesson plan must be submitted by October 1, however it does not preclude the Evaluator from scheduling and completing the formal observation as the lesson plan can, but does not have to reflect the actual lesson that the Educator will be presenting during the formal observation.	
OB	SERVATIONS	
Is a pre-observation conference required before the formal observation is conducted?	A pre-observation conference is required before the formal observation can be conducted.	
What should the Educator present to the Evaluator	The Educator must forward a short summary of the lesson	
prior to the pre-observation conference?	that s/he will be presenting during the formal observation, at least 24 hours in advance of the conference. It is in the	
	Educator's best interest to include enough information in the	
	short summary to help the Evaluator understand what s/he	
	will be observing that day. The summary should include the	
	answer the questions below at a minimum.	
	 Objective-What do you want students to know and be able to do? Method-How will you teach the lesson? (Strategies/Approach, etc.) Assessment-How will you know if your objective has been met? Evaluation-How will you evaluatenot your studentsbut your own lesson? 	
Can informal observations occur before formal	The purpose of the informal observation is to gather additional evidence based on the feedback discussed during	
observations?	additional evidence based on the feedback discussed during	

	T
	the post observation conference. Thus, no, the informal
	observation cannot be completed before formal observation
	has been completed and its results have been discussed in
	the post conference.
How long will the observations last?	Formal observations will last from 30-60 minutes. Informal
	observations will last a minimum of 10 to 20 minutes.
When should the aligned (and scored) evidence be	The aligned (and scored) evidence must be submitted to the
provided to the Educator?	Educator no more than 72 hours after the formal observation
	has been completed. However, it cannot be shared until the
	Evaluator has received and scored the self-reflection.
When should the reflection be submitted to the	The teacher self-reflection must be submitted to the
Evaluator?	Evaluator no more than 24 hours after the formal
	observation has been completed. Once the Evaluator has
	received and scored the reflection and all pertinent
	components from the formal observation, s/he can share
	his/her scores.
When should the teacher be able to view the	Once the Evaluator has shared his/her scores, the teacher
Evaluator's scores?	may submit self-scores. Once the teacher submits his/her
2.44.44.61.000.001	self-scores, s/he will be able to view both sets of scores-
	his/hers as well as the Evaluator's.
When should the post-observation conference be	The post-observation conference must be held no more than
held?	48 hours after the Evaluator has received the teacher self-
neid:	scores.
Will the aligned/scored evidence be discussed	Yes, this year, after the formal observation, the Evaluator
during the post-observation conference this year?	and the Educator must score the aligned evidence
during the post observation conference this year:	separately, and then they must meet to discuss the scores as
	part of the post-observation conference.
How many informal observations can be conducted	No fewer than 2 informal observations can be conducted.
during the evaluation process?	Evaluators may decide to conduct more, if more evidence is
during the evaluation process:	req.
Will evidence collected during the informal	The Evaluator must align and score evidence collected during
observations be aligned and scored and submitted	each informal observation and submit it to the Educator.
to the educator?	cacif informat observation and sability it to the Educator.
How soon after an informal observation is	Aligned/scored evidence must be submitted to the Educator
completed should aligned/scored evidence be	no more than 72 hours after each informal observation is
provided to the Educator? Is there a post	completed. There is no post-observation conference
observation conference after each informal?	required after an informal observation.
Will building administrators visit classrooms outside	The Building Administrator serves as the instructional leader.
of the evaluation process?	Thus, s/he is always expected to visit classrooms regularly
of the evaluation process:	and conduct Walkthrus.
The PPSD descriptors in the PPSD rubric are called	This year we are using a hybrid rubric which consists of the
"Standards" and "Domains". Why are two different	RIIC rubric (Standards 1&4) and Charlotte Danielson's
words used to refer to the descriptors in the	updated 2011 rubric (Domains 2 &3). Teachscape has
teacher evaluation rubric?	
teacher evaluation rubrics	acquired the rights to the Danielson rubric. Since both
	rubrics are copyrighted PPSD cannot alter the descriptors. So
	we will continue to use the following when referring to our
	RIIC/RIDE approved PPSD-specific rubric: Standards 1 and 4 & Domains 2 and 3
THE MIDDLE OF	
	The MOY provides the Educator and Evaluator the
Why is the MOY important?	The MOY provides the Educator and Evaluator the
	opportunity to review progress of the Educator's attainment

	of goals and student learning (outcome chiestives, tagether
	of goals and student learning/outcome objectives, together.
	t is at this time that adjustments may be made to one or
	both SLO/SOO's if deemed necessary and appropriate
	according to RIDE criteria. The EOY must be scheduled
	during the MOY.
_	Minimally, the Educator must bring his/her PGG and
	SLO/SOO evidence of progress to the MOY and be prepared
	o discuss progress, challenges, and/or adjustments that s/he
	eels should be made to the outcomes or objectives.
Is the MOY timeline adjusted for those Educators	es. Please refer to the MOY timeline (pg. 3) for Educators
who teach students in semester courses?	who teach students in semester courses.
THE END OF YEA	R CONFERENCE (EOY)
Why is the EOY important?	During the EOY, the Educator and the Evaluator review final
	results of attainment of the PGG and SLO as well as final
	overall effectiveness rating against the rubric. Together, the
	Educator and Evaluator discuss plans for improvement. The
	Educator must leave the EOY with a clear understanding of
	nis/her final rating, how it was determined, and steps that
	s/he can take to improve in the upcoming school year.
	Please see EOY memo located at the Providence Schools
9	Educator Evaluation website at www.providenceschools.org.
	Eddedtor Evaluation Website at WWW.providencesenboisiong.
	E COLLECTION
How is evidence collected for Standard 1?	The Evaluator collects evidence from the Educator's lesson
p	olan.
How is evidence collected for Dom 2 and 3?	The Evaluator collects evidence from the formal and informal
C	observations.
How is evidence collected for Standard 4 (all)?	The Evaluator collects evidence from the Educator's self-
r	reflection, PGG, and other sources of evidence which the
E	Educator feels will address Standard 4 (student
	communication logs, parent communication logs,
l p	professional learning community activities, etc.).
	L GROWTH GOAL (PGG)
	Each Educator is required to develop at least 1 PGG.
, ,	PGG's specifically address Educators' growth and
	achievement. SLO's address Students' growth and
l u	
Which Standard in the teacher evaluation rubric is	achievement.
	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG
used to assess the PGG?	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG
used to assess the PGG?SWhat happens if the Educator fails to submit theT	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating.
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t New! THE STUDENT O	Schievement. Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. SUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO)
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide me a deeper understanding of the SOO and help me	Achievement. Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c – Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student tearning Guidebook for Support Professionals located on the
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide me a deeper understanding of the SOO and help me	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? t New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide me a deeper understanding of the SOO and help me to successfully navigate the SOO process?	Achievement. Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c – Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student tearning Guidebook for Support Professionals located on the
used to assess the PGG? What happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide me a deeper understanding of the SOO and help me to successfully navigate the SOO process? R	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c – Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student tearning Guidebook for Support Professionals located on the RIDE website. The link is located on the last page of this document and on our Educator Evaluation website.
what happens if the Educator fails to submit the PGG? New! THE STUDENT O Where can I find the information that will provide me a deeper understanding of the SOO and help me to successfully navigate the SOO process? What is the Student Outcome Objective (SOO)?	Standard 4.4.b-Evidence for approval of the PGG Standard 4.4.c –Evidence for attainment of the PGG The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating. DUTCOME OBJECTIVE (SOO) The best source of information is in the Measures of Student Learning Guidebook for Support Professionals located on the RIDE website. The link is located on the last page of this

	OO ASSESSMENTS
and same doubt.	your second SLO for the second semester.
the same course?	choose to do this, you MUST write a different objective for
If I teach a semesterized course, can I use the same student learning objective for both semesters for	Yes, but it will still count as just 1 SLO because the objective hasn't changed and it is the same course. NOTE: If you
If I touch a competarized course, can I use the same	Geometry semester=2 objectives-1 each semester Ves. but it will still count as just 1 SLO because the chiestive
	Geometry yearlong= 2 objectives/outcomes/year
	courses. For example:
	who are teaching semesterized courses and yearlong
	outcome objectives each year. This stands true for teachers
required to complete each year?	complete at least 2 student learning objectives/student
How many student learning objectives am I	Teachers and support professional s are required to
	SLO, targets must be tiered.
	ensure that the needs of all students are addressed within a
Why is it necessary for SLO targets to be tiered?	Within each class, the needs of students may differ. To
1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	etc.
	one must account for all students in a class, group, course,
	analyze student data first, to set targets. Remember that
	teacher's class (es) is different. Teachers must review and
	different because the makeup of the students in each
	objective for each SLO. The targets for each teacher must be
	encouraged to work together to develop a common
Should teachers work together to develop SLO's?	Yes, teachers of the same content and/or grade level are
	objective
	The evidence to support the level of attainment of the
	The targets
	The baseline data
	The rationale
	The student learning objective statement
What are the major components of the SLO?	The major components of the SLO are as follows:
	document and on our Educator Evaluator Website.
to the second in the second process.	document and on our Educator Evaluator Website.
to successfully navigate the SLO process?	website. The link is located on the last page of this
me a deeper understanding of the SLO and help me	Learning Guidebook for Teachers located on the RIDE
Where can I find the information that will provide	The best source of information is in the Measures of Student
g expense (e.e.,	students.
What is a Student Learning Objective (SLO)?	A SLO is a long-term academic goal set for groups of
NOTE. All SEO guidance in a	SLO/SOO
	his section applies to the SOO as well.
THE STIIDENT IS	EARNING OBJECTIVE (SLO)
appropriate combination of SOO's and SLO's?	use the <i>Decision Tree</i> found in the RIDE Guidebook to select the appropriate combination of SOO's and SLO's.
How will Support professionals select the	Support professionals who are being evaluated this year will

How will PPSD Teachers determine baseline, Teachers will use multiple measures for determination of progress monitoring, and final assessment for the baseline, progress monitoring and final assessment for the Student Learning/Outcome Objectives (SLO/SOO)? Student Learning/Outcome Objective (SLO/SOO). All Math (1-12) Teachers and ELA/Reading Teachers (4-12) will use multiple measures, including STAR, for determination of baseline, progress monitoring, final assessment for the Student Learning/Outcome Objective (SLO/SOO) in grades listed above. What will be the focus of the SLO for teachers who Educators who teach students math in grade K and/or teach students in grades or courses in which STAR is reading in grades K-3 will select one math and one not administered? ELA/Reading SLO and are encouraged, to use **STAR** to serve Math in grade K and/or ELA in grades K-3 as part of their multiple measures for their baseline, progress Non- ELA and Math content teachers (foreign monitoring, and final assessment. language, physical education, electives, etc.) Educators who teach students Science and Social Studies are required to write one math or ELA SLO and are encouraged, to use STAR to serve as part of their multiple measures for their baseline, progress monitoring, and final assessment. The second SLO may be content related. Educators who teach students physical education must write one health-related SLO and may choose to write one SLO in physical education or one Math or ELA related SLO if it is appropriate and are encouraged, to use **STAR** to serve as part of their multiple measures for their baseline, progress monitoring, and final assessment. Educators who teach students foreign language and elective courses may choose to write at least one Math or ELA related SLO if it is appropriate. Otherwise, Educators may write both SLO's related to their content area. Which additional assessments are available and Currently, PPSD is working diligently to develop district acceptable for use with the SLO process for common assessments which provide baseline data and include benchmarks. Until these common assessments teachers, especially those who teach students the following courses where **STAR** is not administered? become available, teachers, especially those teaching in the same grade level and/or content area (and no assessment is available), must work together to develop common assessments. Furthermore, teachers must use strategies and protocols for scoring that include more than one teacher. Teachers shall not score their own assessments that are used May teachers score their own assessments? for SLO's without approval from the Evaluator. Why are schools not allowed to use data from DIBELS, GRADE, and other progress monitoring tools which DIBELS and GRADE for their SLO's? explicitly state in their technical manuals that they should not be used for evaluation purposes and/or other high stakes accountability measures can NOT be used.

How should the Educator report the final results of the SLO/SOO? SLO TARGETS, AP	Final results for Educators using STAR may be reported as indicated in the STAR Guidance located on the PPSD Educator Evaluation website. Final results for those using multiple measures which may or may not include STAR, must include the number of students AND the %- proficient, on watch, on urgent intervention, etc. For example: • 100/125 students (80%) • 20/125 students (16%) • 5/125 students (4%)	
What SLO Scoring Guide will PPSD use to determine	The PPSD SLO scoring Guide is as follows:	
final results at the EOY?	 EXCEEDED-Final results are 10% or more above the target. MET-Final results are less than or equal to 5% away from the target. NEARLY MET-Final results are greater than 5% but less than or equal to 10% away from the target. NOT MET-Final results are more than 10% away from the target. 	
What should be the focus of the SLO?	With few exceptions, the teacher's SLO's must be related to the administrator's SLO's (which must be related to the District's goals). Overall, the SLO foci must be ELA and/or Math. Exceptions may be Educators who do not teach students Math and ELA and/or Educators who teach students elective courses.	
Which tool will be used to approve the SLO/SOO?	PPSD will use RIDE's Student Learning/Outcome Objective Quality Review Tool to approve SLO's and SOO's. It can be located on the RIDE website. See the last page of this handbook for the hyperlinked address.	
Who developed the formula that is used to determine the final SLO rating and the matrix that is used to determine the final effectiveness rating (FER) for Educators that is reported to RIDE?	The formula and Matrix were designed by RIDE. All RI districts (Innovation Districts included) must use RIDE's formula for determining the final SLO rating (SLR) that is reported to RIDE. Once the SLR is determined, it is plotted into the RIDE Matrix to determine the Final Effectiveness Rating that is reported to RIDE.	
Is the SLO timeline adjusted for those Educators who teach students in semester courses?	Yes. Please refer to the timeline to review info for Educators who teach students in semester courses, as well as the SLO deadline as it differs from that of those teachers who teach full year courses.	
What happens if an Educator fails to submit SLO?	The Educator will receive the lowest rating. This will affect the Educator's overall final rating.	
Where can I find more information about SLO's and SOO's?	The best source of information is on the RIDE website. The link is located on the last page of this document.	
STUDENT ATTENDANCE & THE SLO/SOO (FULL YEAR/SEMESTER COURSES)		

I teach full year courses and I have a few students who have been out of school more than 20 days. I am doing everything I can by myself and collaboratively to get my chronically absent students either back to school and/or back on track for regular attendance. I fear, however, that their lack of attendance may jeopardize my SLO results. What can I do?

This should be discussed at the MOY. Prior to the EOY, when the Educator submits his/her final SLO/SOO data, s/he should include two data sets: one that includes the results of this group of students and one that does not. The Evaluator will be required to analyze and confirm results and select the data set that is most favorable, as long as the Educator has produced satisfactory evidence that that s/he is working individually (send letters, make phone calls, etc.) and collaboratively with others (family, guidance, TST, targeted team, assistant principal, community liaison, child advocate, mentor, truant officer, etc.), to encourage these students to attend school and class regularly.

I teach semester courses and I have a few students who have been out of school more than 10 days. I am doing everything I can by myself and collaboratively to help these students return to school or back on track for regular attendance. But I fear that their lack of attendance may jeopardize my SLO results. What can I do?

This should be discussed at the MOY. Prior to the EOY, when the Educator submits his/her final SLO/SOO data, s/he should include two data sets: one that includes the results of this group of students and one that does not. The Evaluator will be required to analyze and confirm these results and select the data set that is most favorable, as long as the Educator has produced satisfactory evidence that s/he is working individually (send letters, make phone calls, etc.) and collaboratively with others (family, guidance, TST, targeted team, assistant principal, community liaison, child advocate, mentor, truant officer, etc.), to encourage these students to attend school and class regularly.

THE SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS EVALUATION PROCESS

Which Evaluation Model will be used to evaluate PPSD Support Professionals?

Support Professionals are evaluated using the RIIC Support Professionals Evaluation Handbook. This year is the first full year of implementation also known as the baseline year. The Support Professionals' Rubric is will soon be available at www.providenceschools.org. The rubric/process used for the evaluation of support professionals differs, slightly, from the rubric/process used to evaluate teachers and administrators; however, all guidelines regarding PGG's and SLO's/SOO's activities are the same.

New! SPECIAL EDUCATORS-INCLUSION/RESOURCE/ALTERNATE ASSESSMENT

Will there be a specially designed rubric for Special Educators?

In most cases, the Educator Evaluation Rubric, Danielson Option 2011 will be utilized in its entirety for Special Educators. In some cases where a Special Educator is not teaching in a public school and is working as a transition teacher or a special education specialist other considerations may apply.

Special education teachers provide instruction in a variety of settings. How can the current rubric be applied appropriately when evaluating teachers who work in/with:

It is recommended that the Special Educator clearly describe to the Evaluator the unique circumstances in the classround setting where they will be observed. This can be done in the

a) Inclusion classrooms short summary or, although it is not mandated, during a preb) Students with severe disabilities on conference meeting (recommended) to explain to the alternate assessment (i.e. non-verbal, Evaluator how the components and indicators are addressed medically fragile, visually or hearing in the specific instructional setting in which they s/he being impaired observed. During a pre-conference, the Special Educator and c) Resource classrooms Evaluator may have a thorough discussion regarding how the components of the rubric apply to a Special Educator's unique instructional settings. What are some important questions that could be What does the Special Educator bring to the discussed during a pre-conference or addressed in classroom that would not be present otherwise? the summary? In what ways does the Special Educator plan with the regular Educator? How does the Special Educator plan using data? What strategies or modifications does the Special Educator bring to the classroom? Which indicators and components are addressed and what they will look like in the specific setting? How are lessons planned in a way that fulfills the goals and objectives of multiple IEPs? What are some of the responsibilities of the It is important for Evaluators to be familiar with the unique Evaluator in preparing for the evaluation of Special needs of the students and the structure of the classroom Educators? settings when observing special educators. Evaluators should also be familiar with Federal and State Special Education requirements. Evaluators who are not should contact the Special Education Administrator for further assistance with these requirements. Additionally, an informal classroom visit might be helpful in advance of the required observation. Will Special Educators be required to create No. Each Special Educator will be evaluated based on their artificial settings or perform in an atypical manner practice and the manner in which he/she instructs their to meet the criteria of the evaluation model? students and rated against the criteria in the evaluation Rubric. No. In a co-teaching model, two or more Educators are During the observation of an inclusion setting (coteaching), is the expectation that only one teacher expected to share the responsibility for teaching some or all will be allowed to speak? of the students assigned to a classroom. This means that the responsibility for planning, instruction, and evaluation for a classroom of students is distributed amongst all Educators involved. Therefore asking one teacher not to share or be part of the lesson would create an artificial setting or an atypical experience. The Special Educator will be evaluated based on his/her role How will the inclusion Special Educator be evaluated if he/she is not the lead teacher during during that period and indicators may be adapted as his/her own observations? necessary by the evaluator. The indicators in Domains 2 & 3 are based on instructional Must the inclusion Special Educator who is not content certified at the secondary level in a content techniques that could apply and be adapted to any teache area have to present, lead or teach instructional and in any instructional content. Therefore, as it concerns

content during the observation?	Classroom Environment and Managing Classroom Behaviors,
	the Special Educator should be evaluated on his/role in
	relation to Domain 2 & 3.
	To help meet students' needs, a Special Educator may
	work alongside a general education teacher in an
	inclusion classroom. The role of a Special Education in
	such an arrangement may vary according to the
	needs of individual students.
	 The amount of actual instruction a Special Educator
	gives in an inclusion classroom varies. In some
	inclusion classrooms, the two teachers take turns
	presenting lessons. This may be done on a daily basis,
	with each teacher taking a portion of the lesson, or
	the Special Educator may teach the class one or two
	days a week.
	When not teaching the entire class, the Special
	Educator may sit beside students and provide one-on-
	one help or additional instruction.
	The Special Educator may not be in the inclusion classroom
	every day, unless a student's needs require it.
If feedback from students is an indicator that the	The descriptors should be discussed and adapted to fit
Evaluator is looking for as part of the observation,	student modes of communication prior to the observation.
how will the Special Educator be evaluated if the	
students are unable to respond orally or in writing?	Chariel Educator develope lesson plans that devets and sific
What might instructional planning look like for a secondary inclusion teacher?	Special Educator develops lesson plans that denote specific
secondary metasion teacher:	groups based on subject, specific skill develop and/or the
	ability to maximize the learning for all students.
	Lesson plans may include grouping instruction for
	remediation, maintenance and enrichment of skills.
	Lesson objectives are clearly scaffolded to build on a significant levels of
	prior knowledge and provide different levels of
	learning to specific student need.
What should an Evaluator expect to see in an	Special Educator follows up with individual students
inclusion classroom with regards to questioning of students?	or small groups of students to ask additional clarifying
students.	questions and scaffold student thinking.
	Special Educator structures questions for individuals
	or groups to engage in appropriate levels of rigorous
	problem solving.
	The Special Educator knows his/her students so well
	that there is an exchange that gets at what the
	student knows to a greater degree. Students are able
	to generate questions that lead to further inquiry and
	self-directed learning.
	Questioning may be within the parameters of the
	curriculum and all questions will depend on the

	objective of the lessons.
What might an Evaluator expect of the Special	Teacher questions are varied and high quality, providing a
Educator as s/he actively works to develop higher	mix of question types such as:
order thinking skills in students?	What is another way you might?
	What would it look like if?
	What was different from?
	Students ask questions such as:
	Is this problem correct?
	 Could you show me the correct way?
	How else could I do this?
	What does this mean?
New! RETIREMEN	TS & EXTENDED ABSENCES
Will teachers who are retiring receive a final	The evaluation process for any PPSD teacher who has
effectiveness rating (FER) at the end of that school	formally notified Human Resources in writing, of a pending
year?	retirement, will end once the evaluator has been notified by
year:	HR. Thus, no FER will be available for that teacher at the end
	of that school year.
	of that school year.
Will teachers who are on extended leave and who	Evaluations for PPSD teachers, who are on extended leave at
will not be in school for 135 days, receive a final	some point during the school year, and who will not work at
effectiveness rating (FER) at the end of that school	least 135 days (RIDE), may not be completed. Thus, no FER
year?	may be available for that teacher at the end of that school
	year.
Will teachers who are on extended leave and who	Evaluations for teachers who are on extended leave and who
will not return in time to complete the evaluation	will not return in time to complete the evaluation process,
process, receive a final effectiveness rating (FER) at	will not be completed. Thus no FER will be available for that
the end of that school year?	teacher at the end of that school year.
How will RIDE receive information regarding those	At the end of the school year, each Principal will report this
who will not receive an FER and the reason?	information to the Office of Performance Management on a
	RIDE-generated spreadsheet. Once all schools have reported,
	this spreadsheet will be forwarded to RIDE.
Will teachers who do not receive an FER at the end	Yes, they will be evaluated fully the year they return.
of the school year be evaluated in the year of their	103, they will be evaluated fully the year they return.
return?	
Will teachers who change their roles and/or certs	Yes, they will be evaluated fully in the subsequent year.
be evaluated in the subsequent year?	
LONG TERM SUBSTITUTE IN PO	UL (LTSP) /LONG TERM SUBSTITUTE (LTS)
Will LTS/LTSP's be evaluated using the teacher	No, only full time regular teachers "R" will be evaluated using
evaluation process?	the teacher evaluation process.
evaluation process.	9]
What are the performance level descriptors?	The descriptors are Highly effective, Effective, Developing
	and Ineffective.

2014-2015 Building Administrators

New! THE BUILDING ADMINISTRATOR WORKFLOW		
ACTIVITY	MINIMAL REQUIREMENTS	
MILESTONE/EVALUATION CONFERENCES	1-Beginning of Year (BOY) AND 1-Mid Year (MOY)	
	AND 1-End of Year (EOY)	
OBSERVATIONS/IN-PERSON ASSESSMENTS/ SITE VISITS	1 Announced Site Visit	
&	At least 2 Unannounced Site Visits Feedback after each Visit	
FEEDBACK	At least 1 Post Conference	
PROFESSIONAL GROWTH GOAL	At least 1	
STUDENT LEARNING (or OUTCOME) OBJECTIVE	At least 2	
STUDENT GROWTH RATING	Determined by RIDE	
FINAL EFFECTIVENESS RATING (FER)	Professional Practice +Professional Responsibilities +SLO Rating =Final Effectiveness Rating (FER)	
BUILDING ADM	INISTRATOR TIMELINE	
ADMINISTRATOR EVALUATION ACTIVITY	DEADLINE	
 Prepare for BOY- Participate in RIDE SLO Eval Training Participate in PPSD Evaluation Training Participate in 5-Day Consortium Training (new admins) Begin 20 Hour FFTPS evaluation certification training (new admins) Develop draft SLO/PGG 	Aug 1-Sep 30 (suggested)	
o Close Calibration #1 Window	August 31	
 Evaluators begin to Schedule Announced Visits BAs submit 2 SLO's to Evaluators Evaluators begin BOY's 	Sept 2 Sept 19 Sept 25	
Evaluators ensure teachers complete assessments for baseline data needed for SLO	Sept 26-Oct 1	
 Evaluators begin approval of PGG/SLO Announced Visits Scheduled Evaluators begin Site Visits (New, Non-tenured, I/D first) 	Oct 1	
All SLO/PGG ApprovedEvaluators begin Announced Site Visits	Oct 30 Nov 3	
(tenured)Evaluators begin Unannounced Visits	Page 1	

Announced/Unannounced Visits continue	Nov-Jan	
Announced Visits complete	Jan 12	
 Evaluators begin MOY & Schedule EOY 		
MOY completed (All EOY scheduled)	Jan 30	
 All Administrators (who will serve as Evaluators) 		
are FFTPS Certified	Jan 31	
Calibration Window #2 opens	Feb 2	
Complete MOY & EOY Scheduled	Feb 14	
Calibration #2 Closed	March 31	
Continue announced Visits & Collection of	April 13	
Additional Evidence		
 Evaluators begin to Gather/Review /Analyze 		
PGG/ SLO Data in prep for EOY		
Evaluators begin EOY	May 1	
EOY Completed-Final Ratings	June 8	
Evaluators Review/ Finalize Professional Growth	firm	
Plan and PD/Planning		
BUILDING ADMINISTRATO	R IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES	
Which Evaluation Model is used to evaluate PPSD	Building administrators are being evaluated using the Rhode	
building administrators?	Island Model. The handbook, Edition III, is available at	
	www.ride.ri.gov. The rubric/process used for the evaluation	
	of administrators differs from the rubric/process used to	
	evaluate teachers and support professionals.	
	The state of the s	
Does the BA Model include student learning	Yes, all guidelines regarding PGG's and SLO's/SOO's as well as	
(SLO's/SOO's)?	deadlines related to relevant activities are the same as those	
	for teachers and support professionals. The guidebooks and	
	online.	
What are the evaluation criteria?	The criteria are: (1) Professional Practice, (2) New!	
	Professional Responsibilities and (3) Student Learning.	
What are the performance level descriptors?	The descriptors are Highly effective, Effective, Developing,	
Think are the performance level descriptors.	and Ineffective.	
What is the overall process for BA's?	The process includes three conferences: Beginning of Year	
What is the overall process for Bives.	Conference, Middle of Year Conference, and End of Year	
	Conference.	
	Multiple site visits (at least three) and professional	
	development must occur in-between the BOY and	
	MOY. Of the site-visits, the first one must be	
	announced and the Evaluator must provide written	
	feedback after each visit.	
	Each BA must complete one Professional Growth Plan (PGP) and two Student Learning Objectives (SLO)	
How long will the conference last?	(PGP) and two Student Learning Objectives (SLO). Conferences should last no less than 15 minutes.	
How long will the conference last:	Contentities should last no less than 13 iniliates.	
Who will serve as BA Evaluators?	In most cases, the Zone Executive Director will serve as the	
	Evaluator of the Principal and the Principal will serve as th	
	Pag	

	Evaluator of the Assistant Principal.	
What is the difference between the Professional Growth Plan and the Performance Improvement Plan?	At least one PG Plan is required of each BA as part of the evaluation process. The PI Plan is designed to help administrators improve and can begin at any time during the school year but it must be established for any BA who has received an "I" or "D" on the previous year's evaluation.	
How does the Evaluator assess Professional Practice and Responsibilities?	The Evaluator will review evidence s/he has collected throughout the school year to assess PPPR. Evidence may be gathered from site visits, staff meetings, student/faculty professional development sessions, etc.	
How is the Final Effectiveness Rating derived?	To gain a full understanding of how ratings are determined, please read and review pages 27-35 of the BA Evaluation Model Guidebook-Edition III.	
TEACHSCAPE OBSERVER TRAININ	NG/CERTIFICATION/CALIBRATION PROCESS	
Which trainings are required of Evaluators so that they are eligible to evaluate Educators during this SYR?	 All administrators who will evaluate teachers and/or building administrators this year must complete the following: Attend the RIIC/RIDE Five Day Evaluation Training (New Administrators) Attend the RIIC SLO Module Complete the Teachscape 20 hour Training and pass both Stage I and Stage II Certification Exams (New Administrators) Attend RIDE Training -Personnel Responsible for Evaluating Building Administrators Complete Calibration in summer and winter (Certified Administrators) one year after passing the FFTPS. 	
When will the FFTPS be given?	Administrators will take the exam on line. All administrators, who are not currently FFTPS certified, must be certified no later than January 31, 2015. See Teachscape FAQ for more information.	
How should I study/prepare for the FFTPS?	A suggested study guide is available on the PPSD Educator Evaluation website at www.providenceschools.org .	
May I bring materials (rubric, etc.) with me when I take the exam?	Yes, you may bring whichever materials you feel will be helpful when you take the exam.	
Who do I contact for help with the Teachscape Focus, Reflect and/or Learn technical issues?	Contact Teachscape Support at support@teachscape.com . In the subject line write the following: Attn: Genaro for technical issues.	
When will Calibration occur?	Calibration will occur twice a year in Winter and Summer. Those who do not receive a proficient score will be required to complete further practice and will be required to recalibrate shortly after the original calibration window closes.	
New! PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT		
What role does professional development play in	Professional development is vital for growth and	

evaluation?	dayalanment for ayany professional. The best apportunities
evaluation:	development for every professional. The best opportunities are those in which there is opportunity for collaboration.
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Administrators are encouraged to seek opportunities to work
	with colleagues to share, learn, plan, and reflect and to
What to a conferminal development and	provide these same opportunities for their faculty.
What types of professional development are	In addition to district professional development, the
available to me?	Teachscape LEARN platform offers a suite of online courses
	geared towards increasing the teacher and evaluator's
	knowledge of the Standards and Domains:
	Teachscape Professional Learning Suite
	Teachscape Framework for Effective Teaching Series
Does Teachscape offer any other online courses	Yes, Teachscape Learning Resources located in LEARN, has
that I can benefit from as a learner and as an	consists of ten Content Libraries organized into 40 topics
instructional leader?	representing more than 160 online courses. The Content
	Libraries are as follows:
	 The Common Core Series,
	 The Competency-Based Learning Series
	The Data-Driven Instruction Series
	The Effective Instructional Strategies Series
	The Elementary Science Series
	The English Language Learner Series
	The Literacy Series
	The Mathematics Series
	The New Teacher Support Series
	• •
	The Early Childhood Series

Evaluation Supports

DISTRICT LEVEL EDUCATOR EVALUATION SUPPORT

- Comprehensive electronic evaluation tool-Teachscape Reflect
- Comprehensive online Professional Development-Teachscape Learn
- District wide validated assessments
- Online Professional Development Courses
- Voluntary afterschool, district-wide and school-based professional learning opportunities
- Dedicated evaluation mailbox-DI Evaluation or Evaluation@ppsd.org
- Teachscape Technical Support dedicated to PPSD-Send an email to-<u>Support@teachscpae.com</u>; In the subject line write- ATTN: Genaro
- PPSD Educator Evaluation Website- http://www.providenceschools.org/employees/educatorevaluation
- Educator Evaluation Handbook -http://www.providenceschools.org/employees/educatorevaluation
- Teacher Induction
- Principal Induction
- Peer Assistance and Review

BUILDING LEVEL SUPPORTS

Suggestions for Building Principals:

- Create a professional learning community that provides teachers opportunities to share, learn, plan, and reflect
- Encourage teachers to work by department or content area, but never alone
- Forward all Evaluation Bulletins to faculty, or inform them when a new bulletin is available on the website
- Create an in-house evaluation support team. Encourage the union delegate and other teacher leaders to join the team. Communicate often to the team regarding evaluation updates, etc.
- Create a workshop designed to review the Educator Evaluation website offerings (forms, resources, templates, etc.) as well as the Evaluation Handbook (timeline, FAQ, resources, etc.)
- Conduct a Teachscape "tech clinic" for teachers who simply need assistance navigating REFLECT, LEARN, and/or FOCUS
- Conduct workshops for teachers to help them understand the criteria by which the SLO or SOO will be approved
- Attend all Evaluation PD offerings and encourage teachers to do the same

Evaluation Process at a Glance

Attention All Educators and Evaluators: Although similarities exist between the evaluation processes in the RIIC Teacher Evaluation Model, RI BA Model, and the RIIC Support Professionals Model, there are subtle differences. The 'Evaluation Process at a Glance' largely reflects the teacher evaluation process. However, these Educators must continue to refer to the appropriate evaluation guidebook for specifics regarding the evaluation process.

EDUCATOR	EVALUATOR	
1. Attend BOY with draft PGG & SLO/SOO.	2. Schedule and conduct BOY. Schedule formal	
(ALL)	observation (in person assessment/site visit).	
3. Submit PGG & SLO/SOO.	4. Approve PGG & SLO/SOO.	
5. Complete and submit lesson plan.	6. Review lesson plan only. Do not submit.	
7. Prepare short summary of lesson that will be	8. Review short summary and conduct formal	
presented during formal (if the lesson is other than	observation (in person assessment/site visit).	
the one which has been submitted for scoring.)		
9. After formal observation, complete self-reflection	10. Score Standard 1, 2, 3, 4.1 and submit/share with	
and submit within 24 hours.	Educator.	
11. Using the rubric as the reference, gather, align and self-score and submit.	12. Review the Educator's self-scores.	
13. Compare Evaluator's scores and evidence against	14. Conduct post conference. Together, determine	
Educator's. Prepare for the post conference.	what the focus will be for the informal observations	
	(in person assessments/site visits) at this time.	
15. Work towards continuous improvement based on	16. Conduct informal 1 (in person assessment/site	
feedback from Evaluator. Continue to	visit). Align and score and share with Educator.	
review/monitor progress towards attainment of		
PGG and SLO/SOO. (ALL except HE/E in off cycle)		
17. Prepare to discuss SLO/PGG progress at MOY.	18. Conduct MOY and schedule EOY at this time.	
Gather data.		
19. Continue to move towards continuous improvement	20. Conduct informal 2 (in person assessment/site	
based on feedback from informal 1(in person	visit). Conduct additional informal observation in	
assessment/site visit) and MOY. Continue to upload	person assessment/site visit)s if required to gather	
relevant evidence.	sufficient evidence.	
21. Prepare for EOY. Gather results of PGG, SLO, and	22. Gather SLO, PGG, Standard 4 data and provide final	
evidence for Standard 4 (Teachers only) and be	ratings for each element/component and SLO/SOO.	
prepared to submit 48 hours before the EOY.	Submit and share final ratings with Educator. Process for FOY foodback and a second control of the secon	
22 De la Carladana de la Carlada	Prepare for EOY-feedback, etc.	
23. Review final ratings and prepare questions for EOY.	24. Conduct EOY-discuss final ratings, make	
	adjustments (if required), discuss strengths and	
	challenges, and provide PD recommendations.	

Glossary of Terms

TERM	EXPLANATION
RIIC	Rhode Island Innovation Consortium-consists of the following districts: Central Falls,
	Cranston, Pawtucket, Providence, West Warwick, Woonsocket, Rode Island Federation of
	Teachers and Health Professionals
SLO	Student Learning Objective
SOO	Student Outcomes Objective
PGG	Professional Growth Goal
PGP	Professional Growth Plan
ВОҮ	Beginning of Year Conference
MOY	Middle of Year Conference
EOY	End of Year Conference
Teachscape REFLECT	REFLECT is an online educator evaluation management tool
Teachscape FOCUS	FOCUS is an online platform which houses the evaluator training and certification tool
Teachscape LEARN	LEARN is an online educator professional development management tool
FFTPS	Framework for Teaching Proficiency System is the online evaluator training and
	certification tool
Rubric	A rubric is a scoring tool used to evaluate and assess performance against a set list of
	criteria and objectives. Rubrics can also be used to teach.
SP	Support Professionals-guidance counselors, school psychologists, speech pathologists,
	school social workers, librarians.
TRAIN	Teacher Retention and Induction Network -Includes PAR and TIP. These programs are
	designed to retain highly effective teachers in PPSD by providing supports to new &
	beginning teachers as well as teachers in need of evaluation support.
PAR	Peer Assistance and Review is designed to support teachers who are in need of support
	tailored to improve their performance as measured by the evaluation process.
TIP	Teacher Induction Program is designed to help new and beginning teachers become
	highly skilled and effective professionals in the classroom.
СТ	Consulting Teachers serve as coaches and mentors to veteran teachers in PAR and to new
	and beginning teachers in TIP.
ВА	Building Administrator

Resources

RESOURCE	LOCATION
PPSD Educator	http://www.providenceschools.org/employees/educator-evaluation
Evaluation Website	
Peer Assistance and	www.providencepar.com
Review (PAR)	
RI Department of	http://www.ride.ri.gov/TeachersAdministrators/EducatorEvaluation/GuidebooksForms
Education Evaluation	<u>.aspx</u>
Guidebooks for	
Administrators	
RI Department of	Live hyperlinks. Right click to open.
Education Measures of	Measures of Student Learning – TEACHER [PDF, 1MB]
Student Learning	Measures of Student Learning – SUPPORT PROFESSIONAL [PDF, 1MB]
(SLO/SOO) Guidebooks	Measures of Student Learning – BUILDING ADMINISTRATOR [PDF, 1MB]
Online	http://www.ride.ri.gov/TeachersAdministrators/EducatorEvaluation/OnlineModules.as
Modules/Resources	<u>px</u>
Can be used by individuals, by	
small/large groups, and for whole faculty professional	
development.	
Revised Bloom's	http://www.utar.edu.my/fegt/file/Revised Blooms Info.pdf
Taxonomy	
Providence Schools	http://issuu.com/providenceschools/docs/providence_framework_final?e=4382911/2
Framework for Effective	<u>597020</u>
Teaching	