Teacher Pension Policy in **Rhode Island**

A report card on the sustainability, flexibility and fairness of state teacher pension systems

Rhode Island's pension system ratings

Sustainability

Pension system is stable and well-funded.

Flexibility

Pension system is flexible and fair to all teachers.

Neutrality

Retiree benefits to teachers accrue uniformly with each additional year of work.

fully meets goal
nearly meets goal
meets a small part of goal
does not meet goal

Snapshot of Rhode Island's pension system

Teacher pension system is well-funded (at least 90%).	NO	
Teachers have the option of a fully portable primary pension plan.	NO	
Teachers vest in three years or less.	NO	
Teachers leaving early can take at least a partial employer contribution with them.	NO	
Teacher and employer contribution rates are reasonable.	NO	
Retirement eligibility is based on age only.	YES	
Pension benefits accrue in a way that treats each year of work uniformly.	YES	

Rhode Island's pension system characteristics

Type of plan	Hybrid
Unfunded liabilities (percent of system funded)*	\$1,439,612,019 (58.1%)
Vesting period	5 years
Teacher contribution rate (percent of salary)	3.8%
Employer contribution rate (percent of salary)	23.1%
Basis for retirement eligibility	Age only
Cost of living adjustments	Tied to funding
Participation in Social Security	No
Contributions teachers may withdraw from plans if they leave after 5 years	Own, without interest
Policy for purchasing time for prior teaching or approved leave	Limited
Cost per teacher of allowing retirement before age 65	\$0

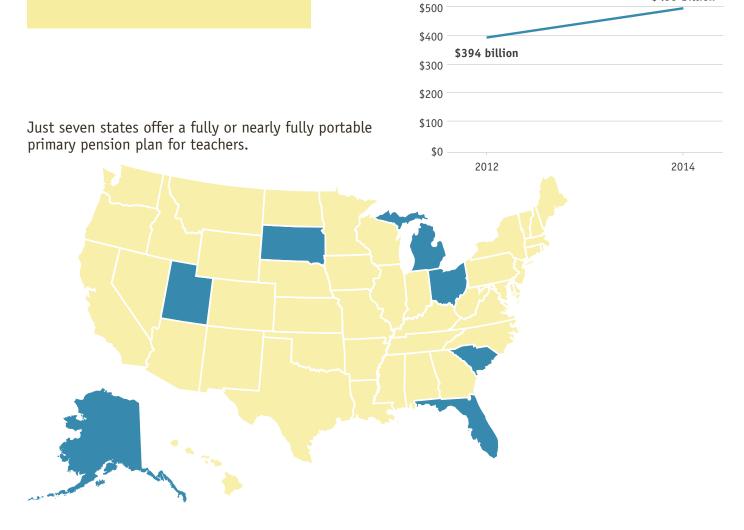
* For states in which teachers are part of a larger public employee system, the liabilities were adjusted to reflect an estimate of the percentage of teachers in the system.

For more information about Rhode Island and other states' teacher retirement policies, including full narrative analyses, recommendations and state responses, see www.nctq.org/statePolicy

Teacher pension trends in the U.S.

Teacher pension system debt has reached a half trillion dollars.

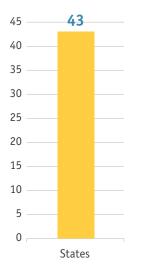
\$499 billion



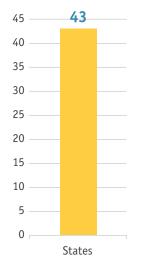
\$600

Other indicators also reflect worrisome trends.

Number of states where pension funding ratios have decreased since 2008



Number of states that require excessive contributions of teachers, employers or both



Number of states that have increased teacher contribution rates since 2008

45

40

35

30

25

20

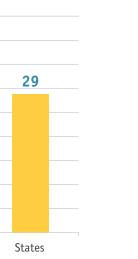
15

10

5

0

Number of states that have ten-year teacher vesting periods



45 ______ 40 ______ 35 ______ 30 _____ 25 _____ 20 _____ 15 _____ 10 _____ 5 _____ 0 _____

States